

Cortés, J. et al. *Science* (1991) 2523:675-679), which stated that the origins of the starter units for DEBS can include methylmalonate units which are loaded onto module 1 and are decarboxylated by the KS of module 1 (Pieper, R. et al. *Biochemistry* (1997) 36:1846-1851). It has now been found that when the DEBS1-TE protein is fully purified from extracts of recombinant *Sacch. erythraea* it contains no such specific decarboxylase activity (Weissmann, K. et al. (1998) *Biochemistry*, 37, 11012-11017), further confirming that starter units do not in fact arise from decarboxylation of extension units mediated by the KS of extension module 1 .

It is known that the DEBS loading module has a slightly broader specificity than propionate only, and in particular acetate starter units are used both in vitro and in vivo, when the PKS containing this loading module is part of a PKS that is expressed either in *Sacch. erythraea* the natural host for erythromycin production (see for example Cortés, J. et al. *Science* (1995) 268:1487-1489), or in an heterologous host such as *S. coelicolor* (Kao, C. M. et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* (1994) 116:11612-11613; Brown, M. J. B. et al. *J. Chem. Soc. Chem. Commun.* (1995) 1517-1519). In vitro experiments using purified DEBS1-TE have demonstrated that propionyl-CoA and acetyl-CoA are alternative substrates that efficiently supply propionate and acetate units respectively to the loading module (Wiessmann, K. E. H. et al. *Chemistry and Biology* (1995)

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2:583-589; Pieper, R. et al. J. Am. Chem. Soc. (1995)

117:11373-11374). The outcome of the competition between acetate and propionate starter units is influenced by the respective intracellular concentrations of propionyl-CoA

5 and acetyl-CoA prevailing in the host cell used (see for example Kao, C. M. et al. Science (1994) 265:509-512;

Pereda, A. et al. Microbiology (1995) 144:543-553). It is also determined by the level of expression of the host PKS, so that as disclosed for example in Pending International

10 Patent Application number PCT/GB97/01819, when recombinant DEBS or another hybrid PKS containing the DEBS loading module is over-expressed in *Sacch. erythraea*, the products are generally mixtures whose components differ only in the presence of either an acetate or a propionate starter unit.

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There is a need to develop reliable methods for avoiding the formation of mixtures of polyketides with both acetate and propionate starter units, and to allow the specific incorporation of unusual starter units. It has now 20 been found, surprisingly, that the role of the loading domains in the PKSs for the 16-membered macrolides tylosin, niddamycin and spiramycin is different from that of the loading domains of the avermectin PKS and of DEBS. It has been realised that the KSq domain of the tylosin PKS and 25 the associated AT domain, which is named here ATq, together are responsible for the highly specific production of propionate starter units because the ATq is specific for the loading of methylmalonyl-CoA and not propionyl-CoA as previously thought; and the KSq is responsible for the

highly specific decarboxylation of the enzyme-bound methylmalonate unit to form propionate unit attached to the ACP domain of the loading module and appropriately placed to be transferred to the KS of extension module 1 for the initiation of chain extension. In a like manner the ATq of the spiramycin and niddamycin PKSs, and the adjacent KSq, are responsible for the specific loading of malonate units rather than acetate units as previously believed, and for their subsequent specific decarboxylation to provide acetate starter units for polyketide chain extension.

It has also now been found here that not only the PKSs for the above-mentioned 16-membered macrolides, but also the PKSs for certain 14-membered macrolides particularly the oleandomycin PKS from *Streptomyces antibioticus* (Figure 4) and also the PKSs for certain polyether ionophore polyketides particularly the putative monensin PKS from *Streptomyces cinnamonensis* (Figure 4), possess a loading domain comprising a KSq domain, an ATq domain, and an ACP. In Figure 4 is shown a sequence alignment of the KSq domains and of the adjacent linked ATq domains that have been identified, showing the conserved active site glutamine (Q) residue in the KSq domains, and an arginine residue which is conserved in all extension AT domains and is also completely conserved in ATq domains. This residue is characteristically not arginine in the AT domains of either DEBS or of the avermectin PKS loading modules, where the substrate for the AT is a non-carboxylated acyl-CoA ester (Haydock, S. F. et al. FEBS Letters (1995) 374:246-248). The abbreviation ATq is used here to simply to

distinguish the AT domains found immediately C-terminal of Ksq from extension ATs, and the label has no other significance.

In one aspect this invention provides a PKS multienzyme or part thereof, or nucleic acid (generally DNA) encoding it, said multienzyme or part comprising a loading module and a plurality of extension modules for the generation of novel, 14-membered macrolides wherein

(a) the loading module is adapted to load a malonyl residue and then to effect decarboxylation of the loaded residue to provide an acetyl residue for transfer to an extension module; and

(b) the extension modules, or at least one thereof (preferably at least the one adjacent the loading module), are not naturally associated with a loading module that effects decarboxylation of an optionally substituted malonyl residue.

Generally the loading module will also include an ACP (acyl carrier protein) domain.

Preferably the decarboxylating functionality of the loading module is provided by a KS (ketosynthase)-type domain. Suitably this differs from a KS of a conventional extension module by possessing a glutamine residue in place of the essential cysteine residue in the active site. It is termed Ksq. It may be "natural" or genetically engineered, e.g. resulting from site-directed mutagenesis of nucleic acid encoding a different KS such as a KS of an extension module.

Alternatively the decarboxylating functionality can be provided by a CLF-type domain of the general type occurring in Type II PKS systems.

Preferably the loading functionality is provided by an AT (acyltransferase)-type domain which resembles an AT domain of a conventional extension module in having an arginine residue in the active site, which is not the case with the AT domains of loader modules which load acetate or propionate, e.g. in DEBS or avermectin PKS systems. It may be termed Atq. Once again, it may be "natural" or genetically engineered, e.g. by mutagenesis of an AT of an extension module.

Usually the loading module will be of the form:

Ksq-ATq-ACP

where ACP is acyl carrier protein.

In another aspect the invention provides a method of synthesising novel, 14-membered polyketides having substantially exclusively a desired acetate starter unit by providing a PKS multienzyme incorporating a loading module as defined above which specifically provides the desired acetate starter unit. This may comprise providing nucleic acid encoding the multienzyme and introducing it into an organism where it can be expressed.

In further aspects the invention provides vectors and transformant organisms and cultures containing nucleic acid encoding the multienzyme. A preferred embodiment is a culture which produces a 14-membered polyketide having a desired acetate starter unit characterised by the substantial absence of polyketides with different starter units. Thus, for example, C13-methyl-erythromycin can be

produced substantially free from natural analogues resulting from the incorporation of propionate starter units.

It is particularly useful to provide a loading module of the type KSq - ATq-ACP for a PKS gene assembly which produces a 14-membered macrolide in order to prepare a 14-membered macrolide which contains exclusively or almost exclusively an acetate starter unit, even when such PKS gene assembly is expressed at high levels in an actinomycete host cell. Particularly suitable PKSs for this purpose are the components of PKSs for the biosynthesis of erythromycin, methymycin, oleandomycin, tylosin, spiramycin, midecamycin, and niddamycin for all of which the gene and modular organisation is known at least in part. Particularly suitable sources of the genes encoding a loading module of the type KSq - ATq-ACP are the loading modules of oleandomycin, spiramycin, niddamycin, methymycin and monensin which are specific for the loading of malonate units which are then decarboxylated to acetate starter units.

In the loading module of the type KSq - ATq-ACP the domains or portions of them may be derived from the same or from different sources, and comprise either natural or engineered domains. For example the ATq domain can be replaced by an AT domain derived from any extension module of a Type I PKS, having specificity for loading of malonate units, so long as the KSq domain is chosen to have a matching specificity towards malonate units.

Alternatively, the KSq domain in the loading module provided of the type KSq - ATq-ACP may be substituted by

the CLF polypeptide of a Type II PKS. It is now apparent that in contrast to its previous identification as a factor uniquely determining chain length, the CLF, in addition to any other activities that it may possess, is the analogue 5 of the KS<sub>Q</sub> domain and can act as a decarboxylase towards bound malonate units.

The appreciation that the CLF domain of Type II PKS's has decarboxylating activity has led us to devise useful interventions in Type II systems, e.g. to enhance the 10 yields obtainable in some fermentations. Many high-yielding industrial fermentations tend to give mixtures, owing to the incorporation of undesired starters. This is particularly the case in systems which have auxiliary genes for generating unusual starters. CLF genes may act to 15 produce undesired acyl species, leading to products incorporating the undesired acyl units.

For example the production of oxytetracycline involves an unusual malonamido starter. However the undesired activity of a CLF domain causes some decarboxylation, 20 leading to the incorporation of acetyl instead. Daunomycin synthesis likewise involves an unusual starter which is liable to the "parasitic" activity of a CLF domain.

The active site (for decarboxylation) of a CLF domain generally includes a glutamine residue. We find that the 25 decarboxylating activity of the domain can be removed by a mutation by which the Gln residue is converted into (for example) Ala.

Thus in a further aspect the invention provides a

system and process for synthesis of a type II (aromatic) polyketide, in which a gln residue of a CLF domain of the type II PKS is mutated to suppress decarboxylation activity. Techniques of site-specific mutagenesis by which 5 this can be achieved are by now well known to those skilled in the art.

The loading module of the type KSq - ATq-ACP may be linked to a hybrid PKS produced for example as in PCT/GB97/01819 and PCT/GB97/01810. It is particularly 10 useful to link such a loading module to gene assemblies that encode hybrid PKSs that produce novel derivatives of 14-membered macrolides as described for example in PCT/GB97/01819 and PCT/GB97/01810.

The invention further provides such PKS assemblies 15 furnished with a loading module of the type KSq - ATq-ACP, vectors containing such assemblies, and transformant organisms that can express them. Transformant organisms may harbour recombinant plasmids, or the plasmids may integrate. A plasmid with an *int* sequence will integrate 20 into a specific attachment site (*att*) of the host's chromosome. Transformant organisms may be capable of modifying the initial products, eg by carrying out all or some of the biosynthetic modifications normal in the production of erythromycins (as shown in Figure 5) and for 25 other polyketides. Use may be made of mutant organisms such that some of the normal pathways are blocked, e.g. to produce products without one or more "natural" hydroxy-groups or sugar groups. The invention further provides novel polyketides as producible, directly or indirectly, by

transformant organisms. This includes polyketides which have undergone enzymatic modification.

In a further aspect the invention provides both previously-obtained 14-membered ring macrolides and novel 5 14-membered ring macrolides in a purer form with respect to the nature of the acetate starter unit, than was hitherto possible. These include 14-membered ring macrolides which are either "natural" or may differ from the corresponding "natural" compound:

10

a) in the oxidation state of one or more of the ketide units (ie selection of alternatives from the group: -CO-, -CH(OH)-, alkene -CH-, and -CH<sub>2</sub>- ) where the stereochemistry of any -CH(OH)- is also independently selectable;

15

b) in the absence of a "natural" methyl side-chain; or

c) in the stereochemistry of "natural" methyl; and/or ring substituents other than methyl.

20

It is also possible to prepare derivatives of 14-membered ring macrolides having the differences from the natural product identified in two or more of items a) to c) above.

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Derivatives of any of the afore-mentioned polyketides which have undergone further processing by non-PKS enzymes, eg one or more of hydroxylation, epoxidation, glycosylation and methylation may also be prepared.

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The present invention provides a novel method of obtaining both known and novel complex 14-membered macrolides having an acetate starter unit substantively

free of products differing only in having a propionate starter unit.

Suitable plasmid vectors and genetically engineered cells suitable for expression of PKS genes incorporating an altered loading module are those described in

PCT/GB97/01819 as being suitable for expression of hybrid PKS genes of Type I. Examples of effective hosts are

*Saccharopolyspora erythraea*, *Streptomyces coelicolor*,

*Streptomyces avermitilis*, *Streptomyces griseofuscus*,

10 *Streptomyces cinnamonensis*, *Streptomyces fradiae*,

*Streptomyces longisporoflavus*, *Streptomyces hygroscopicus*,

*Micromonospora griseorubida*, *Streptomyces lasaliensis*,

*Streptomyces venezuelae*, *Streptomyces antibioticus*,

*Streptomyces lividans*, *Streptomyces rimosus*, *Streptomyces*

15 *albus*, *Amycolatopsis mediterranei*, and *Streptomyces tsukubaensis*. These include hosts in which SCP2\*-derived

plasmids are known to replicate autonomously, such as for example *S. coelicolor*, *S. avermitilis* and *S. griseofuscus*; and other hosts such as *Saccharopolyspora erythraea* in

20 which SCP2\*-derived plasmids become integrated into the chromosome through homologous recombination between

sequences on the plasmid insert and on the chromosome; and all such vectors which are integratively transformed by

suicide plasmid vectors.

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Although some 13-methyl erythromycins (also known as 15-norerythromycins) have been reported previously (Kibwage et

al., J. Antibiotics, 40, 1-6, 1987; Weber & McAlpine, U.S. Patent 5,141,926), these have been confined to 15-norerythromycin C, and 6-deoxy-15-norerythromycins B and D. Moreover, not only have these 15-norerythromycins been found as extremely minor components co-expressed with high levels of "natural" erythromycins (13-ethyl erythromycins), but the 13-methyl counterparts (15-norerythromycins A and B) to the most desirable and biologically-active "natural" erythromycins (erythromycin A and B) have never been previously isolated. Chemical modification of "natural" erythromycins has proven to be an extremely effective means for enhancing the bioefficacy of the "natural" molecules. Thus, it would be envisaged that chemical modification of novel erythromycins would similarly produce compounds with desirable and enhanced bioefficacies. PCT/GB97/01819 describes in general terms the production of novel polyketides through recombinant DNA technologies, and the use of these technologies to generate novel erythromycins, many of which have different starter units to the propionate starter unit characteristic of the "natural" erythromycins, are described in pending International Patent Application PCT/GB97/01810. Some chemical modification of these novel erythromycins are also described in co-pending International Patent Applications PCT/IB98/02100 and PCT/IB98/02099. However, it is clear that the ability to produce novel erythromycins at good expression levels and in the substantial absence of novel or natural

erythromycins with different starter units is essential to facilitate the ability to achieve a wide range of chemical modifications to such novel erythromycins. The enhanced ability to produce polyketides at good expression levels 5 and in the substantial absence of polyketides with different starter units has been described in this application are family members, and we now describe the ability to produce 13-methyl erythromycins at good expression levels and in the substantial absence of 10 erythromycins with different starter units. The use of this technology has now permitted the preparation of large amounts of 13-methyl erythromycins which for the first time has permitted us to carry out a wide range of chemical modifications which had only been previously possible 15 starting from the "natural" erythromycins.

Some embodiments of the invention will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

20 Fig 1 is a diagram showing the functioning of 6-deoxyerythronolide B synthase (DEBS), a modular PKS producing 6-deoxyerythronolide B (6-DEB) a precursor of erythromycin A.

Fig 2 gives the amino acid sequence comparison of the 25 KS domains and the CLF domains of representative Type II PKS gene clusters. The active site Cysteine (C) of the KS domains is arrowed in the Figure and aligns with the Glutamine (Q) or glutamic acid (E) of the CLF domains. The

abbreviations used, and the relevant Genbank/EMBL accession numbers are: GRA: granaticin from *Streptomyces*

*violaceoruber* (X63449); HIR: unknown polyketide from

*Saccharopolyspora hirsuta* (M98258); ACT, actinorhodin from

5 *Streptomyces coelicolor* (X63449); CIN: unknown polyketide

from *Streptomyces cinnamonensis* (Z11511); VNZ: jadomycin

from *Streptomyces venezuelae* (L33245); NOG: anthracyclines

from *Streptomyces nogalater* (Z48262); TCM: tetracenomycin

from *S. glaucescens* (M80674); DAU: daunomycin from

10 *Streptomyces* sp. C5 (L34880); PEU, doxorubicin from

*Streptomyces peucetius* (L35560); WHI: WhiE spore pigment

from *Streptomyces coelicolor* (X55942).

Fig 3 shows the gene organisation of the PKSs for three 16-membered ring macrolides, tylosin, spiramycin and niddamycin.

Fig 4 shows the amino acid sequence alignment of KSq-ATq loading didomains of the PKSs for niddamycin, platenolide(spiramycin), monensin, oleandomycin and tylosin. The sequences for the monensin and oleandomycin loading didomains have not been previously disclosed.

Fig. 5 The enzymatic steps that convert 6-deoxyerythronolide B into erythromycin A in *Saccharopolyspora erythraea*

Fig. 6 is a diagram showing the construction of

25 plasmid pJLK117.

Fig. 7 shows the structures of two oligonucleotides.

The present invention will now be illustrated, but is

not intended to be limited, by means of some examples.

All NMR spectra were measured in CDCl<sub>3</sub> using a Bruker 500MHz  
5 DMX spectrometer unless otherwise indicated and peak positions  
are expressed in parts per million (ppm) downfield from  
tetramethylsilane. The atom number shown in the NMR structure  
is not representative of standard nomenclature, but correlates  
NMR data to that particular example.

10 HPLC methods

Method A

Column Waters Symmetry 5\_ C18 2.1mm X 150 mm  
Flow 0.29 ml/min  
15 Mobile phase Gradient: A:B (22:78) to A:B (38:62)  
over 12 minutes, then to A:B (80:20)  
by minute 15. Maintain for 1 minute.  
Re-equilibrate before next sample.  
Where A = acetonitrile and B = 0.01M  
20 ammonium acetate in 10% acetonitrile  
and 0.02% TFA  
Instrument Acquired with Hewlett-Packard 1050  
liquid chromatograph interfaced to  
a VG Platform II mass spectrometer  
25 equipped with an APCI source

Method B

Column Waters Symmetry 5\_ C18 2.1mm X 150 mm  
Flow 0.29 ml/min  
30 Mobile phase Gradient: 28:72 acetonitrile:10mM NH<sub>4</sub>OAc to  
50:50 in 18 minutes. 50:50 until 25 minutes. Back to 28:72,  
re-equilibrate for 7 minutes  
Instrument Acquired with Hewlett Packard 1100 LC/MS with  
APCI source  
35

Tap Water medium

glucose 5g/liter  
tryptone 5g/liter  
yeast extract 2.5g/liter  
40 EDTA 36mg/liter  
Tap water to 1L total volume

ERY - P medium

dextrose 50g/liter  
Nutrisoy™ flour 30g/liter  
(NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> 3g/liter  
NaCl 5g/liter  
CaCO<sub>3</sub> 6g/liter  
50 Tap water to 1L total volume  
pH adjusted to 7.0

Example 1Construction of the Recombinant Vector pPFL43

5 Plasmid pCJR24 was prepared as described in PCT/GB97/01819. pPFL43 is a pCJR24-based plasmid containing the gene encoding a hybrid polyketide synthase that contains the putative monensin PKS loading module (isolated from *S. cinnamomensis*) the DEBS extension  
10 modules 1 and 2 and the chain-terminating thioesterase. Plasmid pPFL43 was constructed as follows:

The following synthetic oligonucleotides: 5'-  
CCATATGGCCGCATCCGCGTCAGCGT-3' and 5'-  
15 GGCTAGCGGGTCCTCGTCCGTGCCGAGGTCA-3'  
are used to amplify the DNA encoding the putative monensin-producing loading module using a cosmid that contains the 5' end of the putative monensin-producing PKS genes from *S. cinnamomensis* or chromosomal DNA of *S. cinnamomensis* as template. The PCR product of 3.3 kbp is purified by gel electrophoresis, treated with T4 polynucleotide kinase and ligated to plasmid pUC18, which has been linearised by digestion with *Sma* I and then treated with alkaline phosphatase. The ligation mixture  
20 was used to transform electrocompetent *E.coli* DH10B cells and individual clones were checked for the desired plasmid pPFL40. Plasmid pPFL40 was identified by restriction pattern and sequence analysis.

Plasmid pHD30His is a derivative of pNEWAVETE (PCT/GB97/01810) which contains the avermectin loading module, erythromycin extension modules 1 and 2 and the ery thioesterase domain. Plasmid pNEWAVETE was cut with 5 EcoRI and HindIII and a synthetic oligonucleotide linker was inserted that encodes the addition of a C-terminal polyhistidine tail to the polypeptide. The following oligonucleotides:

10 5'-AATTCACATCACCACCATCACTAGTAGGAGGTCTGGCCATCTAGA-3'

and

15 5'-AGCTTCTAGATGCCAGACCTCCTACTAGTGATGGTATGGTATGTG-3'

were annealed together and the duplex was ligated to EcoRI-and HindIII-cut pNEWAVETE. The resulting plasmid was cut with NdeI and XbaI and ligated into plasmid 20 PCJR24 that had been previously cut with same two enzymes, to produce plasmid pND30His.

Plasmid pPFL40 was digested with Nde I and Nhe I and the 3.3 kbp fragment was purified by gel electrophoresis and ligated to pND30-His previously digested with Nde I 25 and Nhe I and treated with alkaline phosphatase. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent *E.coli* DH10B cells and individual clones were checked for the desired plasmid pPFL43. Plasmid pPFL43 was identified by restriction analysis.

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Example 2

Construction of *S. erythraea* NRRL2338/pPFL43

Plasmid pPFL43 was used to transform *S. erythraea* NRRL2338 protoplasts. Thiostrepton resistant colonies were selected in R2T20 medium containing 10 µg/ml of thiostrepton. Several clones were tested for the presence of pPFL43 integrated into the chromosome by Southern blot hybridisation of their genomic DNA with DIG-labelled DNA containing the *mon* PKS fragment encoding for the loading module. A clone with an integrated copy of pPFL43 was selected in this way.

10 Example 3

Production of 13-methyl-erythromycin A and B using Sacch. erythraea NRRL 2338/pPFL43

The culture *Saccharopolyspora erythraea* NRRL2338 (pPFL43), constructed with the wild-type loading domain displaced by a monensin loader-D1TE DNA insert, produced as described in Example 2, was inoculated into 30ml Tap Water medium with 50 µg/ml thiostrepton in a 300ml Erlenmeyer flask. After three days incubation at 29°C, this flask was used to inoculate 300 ml of ERY-P medium in a 300 ml flask. The broth was incubated at 29°C at 200 rpm for 6 days. After this time, the whole broth was adjusted to pH 8.5 with NaOH, then extracted with equal volume of ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate extract was evaporated to dryness at 45°C under a nitrogen stream using a Zymark TurboVap LV Evaporator, then reconstituted in 0.0625 volumes methanol to concentrate the extract 16-fold. The structures of the products were confirmed by LC/MS, Method A. A 4.0 min retention time peak was observed as the major component, with *m/z* value of 720 ( $M+H$ )<sup>+</sup>, required for 13-methyl-erythromycin A. A second peak was observed with a retention time of 6.4 min and with *m/z* value of 704 ( $M+H$ )<sup>+</sup>, required for 13-methyl-erythromycin B.

35 Example 4

Production and Recovery of 13-methyl-erythromycin A and B using Sacch. erythraea NRRL-2338 (pPFL43) at 8L scale

*Saccharopolyspora erythraea* NRRL2338 (pPFL43) was inoculated into 1000mls Tap Water medium with 50 µg/ml

thiostrepton in a 2.8l Fernbach flask. After three days incubation at 29°C, this flask was used to inoculate 8l of ERY-P medium in a 14l Microferm fermentor jar (New Brunswick Scientific Co., Inc., Edison, NJ). The broth was 5 incubated at 28°C with an aeration rate of 8l/min, stirring at 800 rpm and with pH maintained between 6.9 and 7.3 with NaOH or H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (15%). Water was added to maintain volume at the 24 hour volume level. The fermentation was continued 10 for 167 hours. After this time, presence of 13-methyl-erythromycin A and B were confirmed by adjusting a broth sample from the fermentor to pH 8.5 with NaOH, then extracting with equal volume of ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate extract was evaporated to dryness at 45°C under a nitrogen stream using a Zymark TurboVap LV Evaporator, then 15 reconstituted in 0.25 volumes methanol to concentrate the extract 4-fold. The structures of the products were confirmed by LC/MS, Method A. A 4.1 min retention time peak was observed as the major component, with m/z value of 20 720 (M+H)<sup>+</sup>, required for 13-methyl-erythromycin A. A second peak was observed with a retention time of 6.6 min and with m/z value of 704 (M+H)<sup>+</sup>, required for 13-methyl-erythromycin B.

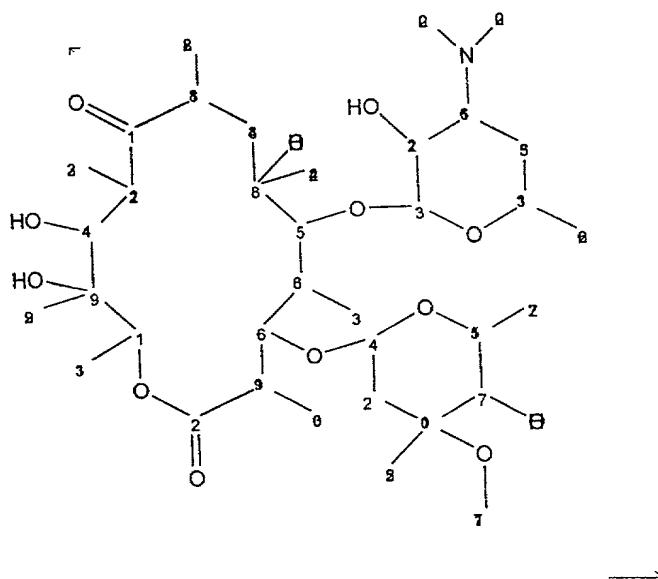
About 35 liters of broth containing approximately 2.8 grams of 13-methyl- erythromycin A were processed for recovery 25 of product. Broth was filtered through a pilot sized Ceraflo ceramic unit and loaded onto a 500ml XAD-16 resin column. The product was eluted using 100% methanol. A 175ml CG-161 adsorption column was prepared and equilibrated with 20% methanol/water. A portion of the product solution was adjusted 30 to 20% methanol and loaded onto the column, no breakthrough of product was observed. Washing of the column with up to 40% methanol/water failed at removing any significant level of impurities. Elution with 50% methanol/water achieved chromatographic separation of the product from the two major 35 impurities, 13-methyl-erythromycin B and a degradation product, 13-methyl-dehydroerythromycin A. The purest cuts were combined and reduced in volume by approximately 75% using evaporation to achieve <10% methanol concentration. To enhance 13-methyl-erythromycin A extraction, solid sodium bicarbonate 40 was added until a total concentration of 250mM was obtained. The aqueous product layer was extracted 2x with methylene chloride, using one-half the total volume each time. The volume was reduced to light yellow solids by evaporation. The 13-methyl-erythromycin A was purified by dissolving the crude 45 crystals into methylene chloride at ambient temperature and diluting to 15% methylene chloride with hexane. The cloudy solution is placed at -10°C for ~30 minutes when the liquid is decanted to a 2<sup>nd</sup> flask, leaving the majority of impurities behind as an oil. The flask is left overnight at -10°C, followed by filtration of off-white 13-methyl-erythromycin A 50 crystals the next day. Approximately 300 milligrams of 13-methyl-erythromycin A were isolated from the partial work-up of the 35l broth volume.

Approximately 100 grams of evaporated mother liquor were utilized further to isolate 13-methyl-erythromycin B. Residual 13-methyl-erythromycin A was removed with repetitive extraction of the initial sample with aqueous acetic acid (pH 5). The subsequent methylene chloride layer was chromatographed on 700 g of silica gel using 20% methanol in methylene chloride. The 13-methyl-erythromycin B enriched fractions, as determined by LC/MS, were combined and evaporated to yield ~11.0 grams of dark oil. The oil was dissolved in a minimal amount of methanol and loaded onto 500 ml of Amberchrom CG-161 resin. The 13-methyl-erythromycin B was eluted at 2 bed volumes per hour with 40% methanol in deionized water. One bed volume fractions were collected and assayed by LC/MS. Fractions 42 through 62 were combined, diluted to ~20% methanol with deionized water, and neutralized to pH 7.5 with sodium bicarbonate. The resulting solution was extracted once with 4l of methylene chloride, concentrated to ~500 ml, and dried over anhydrous magnesium

sulfate. After removal of the MgSO<sub>4</sub> by filtration the filtrate was evaporated to give ~110 mg of light brown solids. The 110 mg of crude 13-methyl-erythromycin B was dissolved in ~ 3.0 milliliters of HPLC grade acetonitrile and loaded onto a 20cm x 20cm, 2mm thick, silica gel preparative thin layer chromatography (PTLC) plate. The plate was developed with 60:40 methanol:acetonitrile. The desired portion of silica from the PTLC plate (iodine visualisation) was removed and extracted with HPLC grade acetone. The acetone extract was evaporated to give 12.1 mg of clear solid.

Identification of the 13-methyl-erythromycin A and 13-methyl-erythromycin B samples were confirmed by mass spectroscopy (LC/MS Method B) and NMR spectroscopy. The 13-methyl-erythromycin A sample peak had a 4.7 min retention time, with *m/z* value of 720 (M+H)<sup>+</sup>, required for 13-methyl-erythromycin A. The 13-methyl-erythromycin B sample peak had a 7.6 min retention time, with *m/z* value of 704 (M+H)<sup>+</sup>, required for 13-methyl-erythromycin B.

NMR, 13-methyl-erythromycin A:

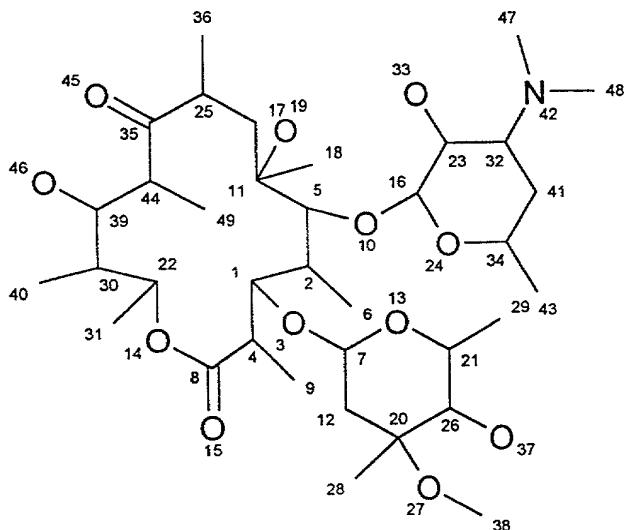


	#	<sup>13</sup> C - ppm	#H	<sup>1H</sup> - ppm
5	1	221.91	0	
	2	175.99	0	
	3	103.63	1	4.45
	4	96.81	1	4.88
10	5	83.76	1	3.60
	6	79.86	1	4.10
	7	78.36	1	3.05
	8	75.50	0	
	9	74.87	0	
15	10	73.07	0	
	11	72.25	1	5.19
	12	71.25	1	3.26
	13	69.53	1	3.53
	14	69.24	1	3.97
20	15	66.16	1	4.06
	16	65.96	1	2.48
	17	49.96	3	3.36
	18	45.36	1	2.79
	19	45.07	1	2.81
25	20	40.73	3	2.32
	21	39.00	1	3.15
	22	35.30	2	2.42/1.61
	24	27.20	3	1.50
	25	21.92	3	1.28
30	26	21.82	3	1.27
	27	18.99	3	1.32
	28	18.60	3	1.22
	29	16.07	3	1.19
	30	15.08	3	1.19
35	31	14.23	3	1.26
	32	12.12	3	1.19

33	9.60	3	1.15
34	39.00	2	1.98/1.75
35	28.90	2	1.72/1.27
36	40.94	1	2.05

5

NMR, 13-methyl-erythromycin B:



	26	78.29	1	3.06
	28	21.91	3	1.28
	29	19.03	3	1.33
	30	41.61	1	1.65
5	31	18.73	3	1.29
	32	65.94	1	2.53
	34	69.52	1	3.55
	35	219.92	0	
10	36	19.03	3	1.21
	38	49.97	3	3.36
	39	70.17	1	3.88
	40	9.27	3	0.95
	41	29.12	2	1.73/1.28
	43	21.80	3	1.27
15	44	39.87	1	3.07
	47	40.74	3	2.35
	48	40.74	3	2.35
	49	9.62	3	1.04

Example 5  
Construction of plasmid pPFL35

Plasmid pPFL35 is a pCJR24-based plasmid containing a PKS gene comprising a loading module, the first and second extension modules of DEBS and the chain terminating thioesterase. The loading module comprises the KS<sub>Q</sub> domain DNA from the loading module of the oleandomycin PKS fused to the malonyl-CoA-specific AT of module 2 of the rapamycin PKS, in turn linked to the DEBS loading domain ACP. Plasmid pPFL35 was constructed via several intermediate plasmids as follows:

A 411 bp DNA segment of the eryAI gene from *S. erythraea* extending from nucleotide 1279 to nucleotide 1690 (Donadio, S. et al., Science (1991) 2523:675-679) was amplified by PCR using the following synthetic oligonucleotide primers:-

5'-TGGACCGCCGCCATTGCCTAGGCGGGCCGAACCCGGCT-3' and

5'-CCTGCAGGCCATCGCGACGACCGCGACC GGTTCGCC-3'

The DNA from a plasmid designated pKSW, derived from pT7-7 and DEBS1-TE in which new *Pst* I and *Hind*III sites had been introduced to flank the KS1 of the first extension module, was used as a template. The 441 bp PCR product was treated with T4 polynucleotide kinase and ligated to plasmid pUC18, which had been linearised by digestion with *Sma* I and then treated with alkaline phosphatase. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent *E.coli* DH10B cells and individual clones were checked for the desired plasmid, pPFL26. The new *Mfe* I/*Avr* II sites

bordering the insert are adjacent to the *Eco* RI site in the polylinker of pUC18. Plasmid pPFL26 was identified by restriction pattern and sequence analysis.

An *Mfe* I restriction site is located 112 bp from the 5' end of the DNA encoding the propionyl-CoA:ACP transferase of the loading module of DEBS. Plasmid pKSW was digested with *Mfe* I and *Pst* I and ligated with the 411 bp insert obtained by digesting plasmid pPFL26 with *Mfe* I and *Pst* I. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent *E.coli* DH10B cells and individual clones were checked for the desired plasmid, pPFL27. Plasmid pPFL27 contains a PKS gene comprising the DEBS loading module, the first and second extension modules of DEBS and the DEBS chain terminating thioesterase. Plasmid pPFL27 was identified by its restriction pattern.

Plasmid pPFL27 was digested with *Nde* I and *Avr* II and ligated to a 4.6kbp insert derived from digesting plasmid pMO6 (PCT/GB97/01819) with *Nde* I and *Avr* II. Plasmid pMO6 contains a PKS gene comprising the DEBS loading module, the first and second extension modules of DEBS and the DEBS chain terminating thioesterase, except that the DNA segment encoding the methylmalonate-specific AT within the first extension module has been specifically substituted by the DNA encoding the malonate-specific AT of module 2 of the *rap* PKS. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent *E. coli* DH10B cells and individual clones were checked for the desired plasmid, pPFL28. Plasmid pPFL28 contains a hybrid PKS gene comprising the DEBS

loading module, the malonate-specific AT of module 2 of the *rap* PKS, the ACP of the DEBS loading module, followed by the first and second extension modules of DEBS and the DEBS chain terminating thioesterase. Plasmid pPFL28 was  
5 identified by restriction analysis.

A DNA segment encoding the KS<sub>q</sub> domain from the *oleAI* gene of *S. antibioticus* extending from nucleotide 1671 to nucleotide 3385 was amplified by PCR using the following synthetic oligonucleotide primers:-

10 5'-CCACATATGCATGTCCCCGGCGAGGAA-3' and  
5'-CCCTGTCCGGAGAAGAGGAAGGGCGAGGCCG-3'  
and chromosomal DNA from *Streptomyces antibioticus* as a template. The PCR product was treated with T4 polynucleotide kinase and ligated to plasmid pUC18, which  
15 had been linearised by digestion with *Sma* I and then treated with alkaline phosphatase. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent *E. coli* DH10B cells and individual clones were checked for the desired plasmid, pPFL31. The new *Nde* I site bordering the insert is adjacent  
20 to the *Eco* RI site of the pUC18 polylinker while the new *Bsp* EI site borders the *Hin* dIII site of the linker region. Plasmid pPFL31 was identified by restriction and sequence analysis.

Plasmid pPFL31 was digested with *Nde* I and *Avr* II and  
25 the insert was ligated with plasmid pPFL28 that had been digested with *Nde* I and *Avr* II. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent *E. coli* DH10B cells and

individual clones were checked for the desired plasmid, pPFL32. Plasmid pPFL32 was identified by restriction analysis.

Plasmid pPFL32 was digested with *Nde* I and *Xba* I and  
5 the insert was ligated to plasmid pCJR24, which had been  
digested with *Nde* I and *Xba* I and purified by gel  
electrophoresis. The ligation mixture was used to transform  
electrocompetent *E.coli* DH10B cells and individual clones  
were checked for the desired plasmid, pPFL35. Plasmid  
10 pPFL35 was identified by restriction analysis.

#### Example 6

##### Construction of *S. erythraea* NRRL2338/pPFL35

Plasmid pPFL35 was used to transform *S.erythraea*  
15 NRRL2338 protoplasts. Thiostrepton resistant colonies  
were selected in R2T20 medium (Yamamoto et al.)  
containing 10 µg/ml of thiostrepton. Several clones were  
tested for the presence of pPFL35 integrated into the  
chromosome by Southern blot hybridisation of their  
20 genomic DNA with DIG-labelled DNA containing the rap PKS  
fragment encoding for module 2 AT. A clone with an  
integrated copy of pPFL35 was identified in this way.

#### Example 7

##### Production of 13-methyl-erythromycin A and B using *Sacch.* *erythraea* NRRL-2338 (pPFL35)

The culture *Saccharopolyspora erythraea*  
30 NRRL2338(pPFL35), constructed with the wild-type loading

domain displaced by an oleandomycin KSQ-rapamycin AT2-D1TE DNA insert, prepared as described in Example 6, was inoculated into 30ml Tap Water medium with 50 ug/ml thiostrepton in a 300ml Erlenmeyer flask. After two days 5 incubation at 29°C, this flask was used to inoculate 300 ml of ERY-P medium in a 300 ml flask. The broth was incubated at 29°C at 200 rpm for 6 days. After this time, the whole broth was adjusted to pH 8.5 with NaOH, then extracted with an equal volume of ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate extract 10 was evaporated to dryness at 45°C under a nitrogen stream using a Zymark TurboVap LV Evaporator, then reconstituted in 0.25 volumes methanol to concentrate the extract 4-fold. The structures of the products were confirmed by LC/MS, 15 Method A. A peak was observed with a retention time of 4.0 min and with an *m/z* value of 720 ( $M+H$ )<sup>+</sup>, required for 13-methyl-erythromycin A ( $C_{36}H_{65}NO_{13}$ ). A second peak was observed with a retention time of 6.4 min and with *m/z* value of 704 ( $M+H$ )<sup>+</sup>, required for 13-methyl-erythromycin B ( $C_{36}H_{65}NO_{12}$ ).

20 **Example 8**

**Construction of Recombinant Vector pPFL44**

Plasmid pPFL44 is a pCJR24- based plasmid containing the gene encoding a hybrid polyketide synthase that contains the spiramycin PKS loading module, the 25 erythromycin extension modules 1 and 2 and the chain-terminating thioesterase. Plasmid pPFL44 was constructed as follows:

The following synthetic oligonucleotides:

30 5'-CCATATGTCGGAGAACTCGCGATTCCCGCAGT-3' and  
5'-GGCTAGCGGGTCGTCGTCCGGCTG-3'  
were used to amplify the DNA encoding the spiramycin-producing loading module using chromosomal DNA from the spiramycin producer *S. ambofaciens* prepared according to 35 the method described by Hopwood et al. (1985). The PCR product of 3.3 kbp was purified by gel electrophoresis, treated with T4 polynucleotide kinase and ligated to

plasmid pUC18, which had been linearised by digestion with *Sma* I and then treated with alkaline phosphatase.

The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent *E.coli* DH10B cells and individual clones

5 were checked for the desired plasmid pPFL41. Plasmid pPFL41 was identified by restriction pattern and sequence analysis.

Plasmid pPFL41 was digested with *Nde* I and *Nhe* I and the

10 3.3 kbp fragment was purified by gel electrophoresis and ligated to pND30 ( a plasmid derived from plasmid pCJR24 having as insert the ave PKS loading module and extension modules 1 and 2 or DEBS and the DEBS thioesterase)

(PCTGB97/01810) previously digested with *Nde* I and *Nhe* I

15 and treated with alkaline phosphatase. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent *E.coli* DH10B cells and individual clones checked for the desired plasmid pPFL44. Plasmid pPFL44 was identified by restriction analysis.

20

Example 9

Construction of *Sacch. erythraea* NRRL2338/pPFL44

Plasmid pPFL44 was used to transform *S.erythraea* NRRL2338 protoplasts. Thiostrepton resistant colonies 25 were selected in R2T20 medium containing 10 µg/ml of thiostrepton. Several clones were tested for the presence of pPFL44 integrated into the chromosome by Southern blot hybridisation of their genomic DNA with DIG-labelled DNA

containing the spiramycin PKS fragment encoding for the loading module. A clone with an integrated copy of pPFL44 was identified in this way.

5       **Example 10**

**Production of 13-methyl-erythromycin A and B using *Sacch. erythraea* NRRL-2338 (pPFL44)**

The culture *Saccharopolyspora erythraea* NRRL2338 (pPFL44), constructed with the wild-type loading domain displaced by spiramycin loader-D1TE DNA insert, was inoculated into 30ml Tap Water medium with 50 ug/ml thiomstrepton in a 300ml Erlenmeyer flask. After three days incubation at 29°C, this flask was used to inoculate 300 ml of ERY-P medium in a 300 ml flask. The broth was incubated at 29°C at 200 rpm for 6 days. After this time, the whole broth was adjusted to pH 8.5 with NaOH, then extracted with equal volume of ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate extract was evaporated to dryness at 45°C under a nitrogen stream using a Zymark TurboVap LV Evaporator, then reconstituted in 0.0625 volumes methanol to concentrate the extract 16-fold. The structures of the products were confirmed by LC/MS, Method A. A 4.0 min retention time peak was observed as the major component, with *m/z* value of 720 ( $M+H$ )<sup>+</sup>, required for 13-methyl-erythromycin A ( $C_{36}H_{65}NO_{13}$ ). A second peak was observed with a retention time of 6.4 min and with *m/z* value of 704 ( $M+H$ )<sup>+</sup>, required for 13-methyl-erythromycin B ( $C_{36}H_{65}NO_{12}$ ).

30      **Example 21**

Construction of plasmid pJLK114

Plasmid pJLK114 is a pCJR24 based plasmid containing a PKS gene comprising the ery loading module, the first and the second extension modules of the ery PKS and the ery chain-terminating thioesterase except that the DNA segment between the end of the acyltransferase and the beginning of the ACP of the second ery extension module

has been substituted by a synthetic oligonucleotide linker containing the recognition sites of the following restriction enzymes: AvrII, BglIII, SnaBI, PstI, SpeI, NsiI, Bsu36I and HpaI. It was constructed via several intermediate plasmids as follows (Figure 6).

#### Construction of plasmid pJLK02

The approximately 1.47 kbp DNA fragment of the eryAI gene of *S. erythraea* was amplified by PCR using as primers the synthetic oligonucleotides:

5' -TACCTAGGCCGGCCGGACTGGTCGACCTGCCGGTT-3' and  
5' -ATGTTAACCGGTGCAGGCTCTCCGTCT-3' and plasmid pNTEP2  
(Oliynyk, M. *et al.*, Chemistry and Biology (1996) 3:833-  
15 839; WO98/01546) as template. The PCR product was treated  
with T4 polynucleotide kinase and then ligated with  
plasmid pUC18, which had been linearised by digestion  
with SmaI and then treated with alkaline phosphatase. The  
ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent  
20 *E. coli* DH10B cells and individual colonies were checked  
for their plasmid content. The desired plasmid pJLK02 was  
identified by its restriction pattern and DNA sequencing.

#### Construction of plasmid pJLK03

The approximately 1.12 kbp DNA fragment of the eryAI gene of *S. erythraea* was amplified by PCR using as primers the synthetic oligonucleotides:

5' -ATGTTAACGGGTCTGCCGCGTGCCGAGCGGAC-3' and

5' -CTTCTAGACTATGAATTCCCTCCGCCAGC-3' and plasmid pNTEPH as template. The PCR product was treated with T4 polynucleotide kinase and then ligated with plasmid pUC18, which had been linearised by digestion with SmaI 5 and then treated with alkaline phosphatase. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent E. coli DH10B cells and individual colonies were checked for their plasmid content. The desired plasmid pJLK03 was identified by its restriction pattern and DNA sequencing.

10

#### Construction of plasmid pJLK04

Plasmid pJLK02 was digested with PstI and HpaI and the 1.47 kbp insert was ligated with plasmid pJLK03 which had 15 been digested with PstI and HpaI. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent E. coli DH10B cells and individual colonies were checked for their plasmid content. The desired plasmid pJLK04 was identified by its restriction pattern.

20

#### Construction of plasmid pJLK05

Plasmid pJLK01 (PCT/GB97/01819) was digested with PstI and AvrII and the 460 bp insert was ligated with plasmid 25 pJLK04 which had been digested with PstI and AvrII. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent E. coli DH10B cells and individual colonies were checked for their plasmid content. The desired plasmid pJLK05 was identified by its restriction pattern.

30

DRAFT PCT/GB99/02042

### Construction of plasmid pJLK07

Plasmid pJLK05 was digested with ScaI and XbaI and plasmid pNTEPH was digested with NdeI and ScaI and these  
5 two fragments were ligated with plasmid pCJR24 which had been digested with NdeI and XbaI. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent E. coli DH10B cells and individual colonies were checked for their plasmid content. The desired plasmid pJLK07 was  
10 identified by its restriction pattern.

### Construction of plasmid pJLK114

The two synthetic oligonucleotides Plf and Plb (Figure 7) were each dissolved in TE-buffer. 10  $\mu$ l of each solution (0.5nmol/ $\mu$ l) were mixed and heated for 2 minutes to 65C and then slowly cooled down to room temperature. Plasmid pJLK07 was digested with AvrII and HpaI and ligated with the annealed oligonucleotides. The ligation mixture was  
15 used to transform electrocompetent E. coli DH10B cells and individual colonies were checked for their plasmid content. The desired plasmid pJLK114 was identified by  
20 its restriction pattern.

25 Plasmid pJLK117 is a pCJR24 based plasmid containing a PKS gene comprising the ery loading module, the first and the second extension modules of the ery PKS and the ery chain-terminating thioesterase except that the DNA segment between the end of the acyltransferase and the

beginning of the ACP of the second ery extension module has been substituted by a synthetic oligonucleotide linker containing the recognition sites of the following restriction enzymes. AvrII, BglII, SnaBI, PstI, SpeI,  
5 NsiI, Bsu36I and NheI.

It was constructed via several intermediate plasmids as follows (Figure 6).

10 Construction of plasmid pJLK115

Plasmid pJLK114 was digested with NdeI and XbaI and the approximately 9.9 kbp insert was ligated with plasmid pUC18 which had been digested with NdeI and XbaI. The  
15 ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent E. coli DH10B cells and individual colonies were checked for their plasmid content. The desired plasmid pJLK115 was identified by its restriction pattern.

20 Construction of plasmid pJLK116

Plasmid pJLK13 (PCT/GB97/01819) was digested with Bsu36I and XbaI and the 1.1 kbp fragment was ligated with plasmid pJLK115 which had been digested with Bsu36I and  
25 XbaI. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent E. coli DH10B cells and individual colonies were checked for their plasmid content. The desired plasmid pJLK116 was identified by its restriction pattern.

### Construction of plasmid pJLK117

Plasmid pJLK116 was digested with NdeI and XbaI and the 9.9 kbp fragment was ligated with plasmid pCJR24 which had been digested with NdeI and XbaI. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent E. coli DH10B cells and individual colonies were checked for their plasmid content. The desired plasmid pJLK117 was identified by its restriction pattern.

10

### Example 11

#### Construction of plasmid pJLK29

15 Plasmid pJLK29 is a pJLK117 based plasmid except that the DNA fragment encoding the reductive loop of module 10 of the rap PKS has been inserted into the mcs. It was constructed via several intermediate plasmids as follows. (Figure 5)

20

#### Construction of plasmid pJLK121.1

The approximately 2.2 kbp DNA segment of the rapB gene of S. hygroscopicus encoding the reductive loop of module 10 was amplified by PCR using as primers the synthetic oligonucleotides:

5' -TAAGATCTTCCGACGTACGGTCCAGC-3' and

5' -ATGCTAGCCACTGCGCCGACGAATCACCGGTGG-3' and as template an approximately 7 kbp fragment, which has been obtained

by digestion of cosmid cos 26 (Schwecke, T. et al. (1995) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 92:7839-7843) with ScaI and SphI. The PCR product was treated with T4 polynucleotide kinase and then ligated with plasmid pUC18, which had  
5 been linearised by digestion with SmaI and then treated with alkaline phosphatase. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent E. coli DH10B cells and individual colonies were checked for their plasmid content. The desired plasmid pJLK121.1 was identified by  
10 its restriction pattern and DNA sequencing.

#### Construction of plasmid pJLK29

Plasmid pJLK121.1 was digested with BglII and NheI and  
15 the 2.2 kbp fragment was ligated with plasmid pJLK117 which had been digested with BglII and NheI. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent E. coli DH10B cells and individual colonies were checked for their plasmid content. The desired plasmid pJLK29 was  
20 identified by its restriction pattern.

#### Example 24

##### Construction of Plasmid pJLK50

25 The approximately 6.1 kbp DNA segment of the erythromycin PKS gene cluster of *S. erythraea* encoding the DNA fragment from the beginning of the ACP of module 2 to the beginning of the ACP of module 3 was amplified by PCR

using as primers the synthetic oligonucleotides:

5'-TACCTGAGGGACCGGCTAGCAGGTCTGCCGCGTG-3' and

5'-ATGCTAGCCGTTGTGCCGGCTGCCGGTCGGTCC-3' and plasmid

pBAM25 (published pBK25 by Best, D J et al. Eur J Biochem

5 (1992) 204: 39-49) as template. The PCR product was  
treated with T4 polynucleotide kinase and then ligated  
with plasmid pUC18, which had been linearised by  
digestion with SmaI and then treated with alkaline  
phosphatase. The ligation mixture was used to transform  
10 electrocompetent E. coli DH10B cells and individual  
colonies were checked for their plasmid content. The  
desired plasmid pJLK50 was identified by its restriction  
pattern and DNA sequencing.

15 **Example 25**

Construction of *S. erythraea* strain JLK10

Strain JLK10 is a variant of strain NRRL2338 in which the  
reductive loop of ery module 2 (i.e. the KR domain) is  
20 replaced by the reductive loop of the rapamycin module  
10. It was constructed using plasmid pJLK54 which was  
constructed as follows.

Construction of plasmid pJLK54

25

Plasmid pJLK54 is a pJLK29 based plasmid containing a PKS  
gene comprising the ery loading module, the first, the  
second and the third extension modules of the ery cluster  
and the ery chain-terminating thioesterase except that

the DNA segment between the end of the acyltransferase and the beginning of the ACP of the second ery extension module has been substituted by the equivalent segment of module 10 of the rapamycin PKS.

5 It was constructed as follows.

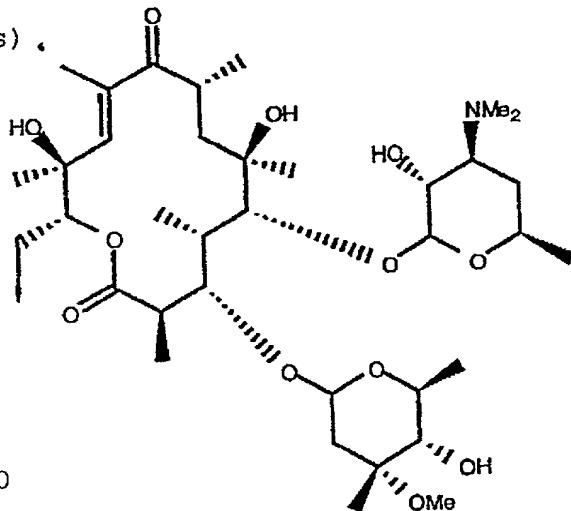
Plasmid pJLK50 was digested with NheI and the 6.1 kbp insert was ligated with plasmid pJLK29 which had been digested with NheI. The ligation mixture was used to  
10 transform electrocompetent E. coli DH10B cells and individual colonies were checked for their plasmid content. The desired plasmid pJLK54 was identified by its restriction pattern.

15 Use of plasmid pJLK54 for construction of S. erythraea NRRL2338/pJLK54 and the production of TKL derivatives

Approximately 5 µg plasmid pJLK54 were used to transform protoplasts of S. erythraea NRRL2338 and stable  
20 thiostrepton resistant colonies were isolated. From several colonies total DNA is obtained and analysed by Southern blot hybridisation, to confirm that the plasmid has integrated into the TE.

25 Construction of S. erythraea strain JLK10 and its use in production of 13-methyl-10,11-dehydro-erythromycin A  
S. erythraea strain JLK10 is a mutant of S. erythraea NRRL2338 in which the 'reductive loop' of ery module 2 i.e. the ketoreductase domain is substituted by the

'reductive loop' of rapamycin module 10. It was constructed starting from *S. erythraea* NRRL2338 into which plasmid pJLK54 had been integrated. *S. erythraea* NRRL2338/pJLK54 was subjected to several rounds of non-selective growth which resulted in second crossover concomitant with the loss of the integrated plasmid. Clones in which replacement of the erythromycin gene coding for DEBS1 with the mutant version had occurred, were identified by Southern blot hybridisation. One of these was named *S. erythraea* strain JLK10 and was used to inoculate SM3 medium (eryP medium gave similar results), and allowed to grow for seven to ten days at 28-30°C. After this time the broth was centrifuged and the pH of the supernatant adjusted to pH 9. The supernatant was then extracted three times with an equal volume of ethyl acetate and the solvent was removed by evaporation. Products were analysed by HPLC/MS, MS/MS and <sup>1</sup>H-NMR. The following macrolide C-13 methyl erythromycin A was identified (accompanied by products of incomplete processing by post-PKS enzymes).



**Example 26**

Construction of plasmid pPFL50

Plasmid pPFL50 is a pPFL43-based plasmid from which a DNA

fragment encoding KR1 (in part), ACP1 and module 2 of the erythromycin PKS and the erythromycin TE, has been removed. It was constructed as follows. Plasmid pPFL43 was digested with SfuI and XbaI to remove a 6.5 kb fragment. The 5' overhangs were filled in with Klenow fragment DNA Polymerase I and the plasmid was recircularised. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent E. coli DH10B cells and individual colonies were checked for their plasmid content. The desired plasmid pPFL50 was identified by its restriction pattern.

#### **Construction of *S. erythraea* JLK10/pPFL50**

Approximately 5 µg plasmid pPFL50 were used to transform 15 protoplasts of *S. erythraea* strain JLK10 and stable thiostrepton resistant colonies were isolated. From several colonies total DNA was obtained and analysed by Southern blot hybridisation, to confirm that the plasmid had integrated into the homologous chromosomal DNA region. *S. erythraea* strain JLK10/pPFL50 was used to inoculate SM3 medium containing 5 µg/ml thiostrepton 20 (eryP medium containing 5 µg/ml thiostrepton gave similar results) and allowed to grow for seven to ten days at 28-30°C. After this time the broth was centrifuged and the pH of the supernatant adjusted to pH 9. The supernatant was then extracted three times with an equal volume of ethyl acetate and the solvent was removed by evaporation. Products were analysed by HPLC/MS, MS/MS and 1H-NMR. The macrolide C-13 methyl 10,11-dehydro-erythromycin A was

identified (accompanied by products of incomplete processing by post-PKS enzymes)

**Construction of *S. erythraea* NRRL2338/pPFL50**

5     Approximately 5 µg plasmid pPFL50 were used to transform protoplasts of *S. erythraea* NRRL2338 and stable thiostrepton resistant colonies were isolated. From several colonies total DNA was obtained and analysed by Southern blot hybridisation, to confirm that the plasmid  
10    had integrated into the homologous region of the chromosomal DNA. *S. erythraea* NRRL2338/pPFL50 was used to inoculate SM3 medium containing 5 µg/ml thiostrepton (eryP medium containing 5 µg/ml thiostrepton gives similar results) and allowed to grow for seven to ten  
15    days at 28-30oC. After this time the broth was centrifuged and the pH of the supernatant adjusted to pH 9.5. The supernatant was then extracted three times with an equal volume of ethyl acetate and the solvent was removed by evaporation. Products were analysed by  
20    HPLC/MS, MS/MS and 1H-NMR. The macrolide C-13 methyl erythromycin A was identified (accompanied by products of incomplete processing by post-PKS enzymes).

**Construction of plasmid pCB121**

25    Plasmid pCB121 is a plasmid containing the monensin loading module and KS of monensin module 1 followed by the erythromycin module 1 AT and part of the erythromycin module1 KR. It was constructed via several intermediate plasmids as follows.

**Construction of plasmid pPFL45**

The approximately 1.8 kbp DNA segment of the monensin PKS gene cluster of *Streptomyces cinnamonensis* encoding part of the ACP of the loading module and KS of module 1 was 5 amplified by PCR using as primers the synthetic oligonucleotides:

5' -CGTTCCTGAGGTGCGCTGGCCCAGGCGTA-3'  
5' -CGAAGCTTGACACCGCGGCGCGCGCGGG-5'

and a cosmid containing the 5' end of the monensin PKS 10 genes from *S. cinnamonensis* or alternatively chromosomal DNA of *S. cinnamonensis* as template. The PCR product was treated with T4 polynucleotide kinase and then ligated with plasmid pUC18, which had been linearised by digestion with SmaI and then treated with alkaline 15 phosphatase. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent *E. coli* DH10B cells and individual colonies were checked for their plasmid content. The desired plasmid pPFL45 was identified by its restriction pattern.

**Construction of plasmid pPFL47**

Plasmid pPFL45 was digested with NdeI and Bsu36I and the approximately 2.6 kbp fragment was ligated into plasmid pPFL43 which had been digested with NdeI and Bsu36I. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent *E. coli* DH10B cells and individual colonies were checked for their plasmid content. The desired plasmid pPFL47 was identified by its restriction pattern.

**Construction of plasmid pCB135**

Plasmid pCJR24 was digested with HindIII, the 5' overhang was filled in with Klenow fragment DNA Polymerase I and 25 religated. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent *E. coli* DH10B cells and individual colonies were checked for their plasmid content. The

53

desired plasmid pCB135 was identified by its restriction pattern, lacking the recognition site for HindIII.

**Construction of plasmid pKSW1**

Plasmid pKSW1 is a pNTEP2 (GB97/01810)-derived vector containing a DEBS1TE-derived triketide synthase with the unique restriction sites introduced at the limits of KS1.

5 Plasmid pKSW1 is obtained via several intermediate plasmids as follows.

**Construction of plasmids pMO09, pMO10 and pMO13**

For the PCR amplification for plasmid pMO09, the

10 following synthetic oligonucleotides were used as mutagenic primers, one containing a MunI site and the other a PstI site:

5' -GCGCGCCAATTGCGTGCACATCTCGAT- 3'

and 5' -CCTGCAGGCCATCGCGACGACCGCGACCGGTTCGCCG- 3'

15 For the PCR amplification for plasmid pMO10, the following synthetic oligonucleotides were used as mutagenic primers, one containing a HindIII site and the other an EcoRV site:

20 5' -GTCTCAAGCTTCGGCATCAGCGGCACCAA- 3'

and 5' -CGTGCATATCCCTGCTCGCGAGCGCA-3'

25 For the PCR amplification for plasmid pMO13, the following synthetic oligonucleotides were used as mutagenic primers, one containing a PstI site and the other a HindIII site:

5' -GATGGCCTGCAGGCTGCCCGGCGGTGTGAGCA- 3'

and 5' -GCCGAAGCTTGAGACCCCCGCCGGCGCGGTCGC- 3'

PCR was carried out on pNTEP2 (GB97/01810) as template using Pwo DNA polymerase and one cycle of: 96°C (1min) ; annealing at 50°C (3min) ; and extension at 72°C (1min) , and 25 cycles of: 96°C (1min) ; annealing at 50°C (1min) ;  
5 and extension at 72°C (1min) in the presence of 10% (vol/vol) dimethylsulphoxide. The products were end-repaired and cloned into pUC18 digested with SmaI and the ligation mixture was transformed into E. coli DH 10B. Plasmid DNA was prepared from individual colonies. The  
10 desired plasmids for pMO09 (3.8kbp) , pMO10 (3.9 kbp) and pMO13 (4.3 kbp) were identified by their restriction pattern and DNA sequencing.

#### **Construction of plasmid pMO11**

15 Plasmid pMO13 was digested with HindIII, and the 1.2 kbp insert was cloned into pMO10 which had been digested with HindIII. The ligation mixture was transformed into E. coli DH 10B. The desired plasmid (5.0 kbp) was identified by its restriction pattern and designated  
20 pMO11.

#### **Construction of plasmid pMO12**

Plasmid pMO09 was digested with PstI, and the 1.6 kbp insert was cloned into pMO11 which had been digested with  
25 PstI. The ligation mixture was transformed into E. coli DH 10B. The desired plasmid (6.6 kbp) was identified by its restriction pattern and designated pMO12.

#### **Construction of pKS1W**

Plasmid pMO12 was digested with MunI and EcoRV, and the 3.9 kbp fragment was cloned into pNTEPH (see below) which had been digested with MunI and EcoRV. The ligation mixture was transformed into E. coli DH 10B. The desired 5 plasmid (13. kbp) was identified by its restriction pattern and designated pKS1W.

#### **Construction of pNTEPH**

Plasmid pNTEPH was obtained from pNTEP2 by removing the 10 HindIII site. pNTEP2 was digested with HindIII, the 5' overhang was filled in with Klenow Fragment DNA Polymerase I and religated. The desired plasmid (13.6 kbp) was identified by its restriction pattern.

#### **15 Construction of plasmid pCB136**

Plasmid pKSW1 was digested with NdeI and XbaI and the approximately 11.2 kbp fragment was ligated with plasmid pCB135 which had been digested with NdeI and XbaI. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent 20 E. coli DH10B cells and individual colonies were checked for their plasmid content. The desired plasmid pCB136 was identified by its restriction pattern.

#### **Construction of plasmid pCB137**

25 Plasmid pCB136 was digested with SfuI and XbaI to remove a 6.5 kb fragment,. the 5' overhangs were filled in with Klenow Fragment DNA Polymerase I and religated. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent E. coli DH10B cells and individual colonies were checked

for their plasmid content. The desired plasmid pCB137 was identified by its restriction pattern.

#### **Construction of plasmid pCB121**

5 Plasmid pPFL47 was digested with NdeI and HindIII and the approximately 4.4 kbp insert was ligated with plasmid pCB137 which had been digested with NdeI and HindIII. The ligation mixture was used to transform electrocompetent E. coli DH10B cells and individual colonies were checked  
10 for their plasmid content. The desired plasmid pCB121 was identified by its restriction pattern.

#### **Example**

##### **Construction of *S. erythraea* JLK10/pCB121**

15 Approximately 5 µg plasmid pCB121 were used to transform protoplasts of *S. erythraea* JLK10 and stable thiostrepton resistant colonies were isolated. From several colonies total DNA was obtained and analysed by Southern blot hybridisation, to confirm that the plasmid had integrated  
20 into the homologous chromosomal DNA region. *S. erythraea* strain JLK10/pCB121 was used to inoculate SM3 medium containing 5 µg/ml thiostrepton (eryP medium containing 5 µg/ml thiostrepton gave similar results) and allowed to grow for seven to ten days at 28-30°C. After this time  
25 the broth was centrifuged and the pH of the supernatant adjusted to pH 9. The supernatant was then extracted three times with an equal volume of ethyl acetate and the solvent was removed by evaporation. Products were

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analysed by HPLC/MS, MS/MS and  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR. The macrolide C13-methyl-10,11-dehydro-erythromycin A was identified (accompanied by products of incomplete processing by post-PKS enzymes) :

5

**Example**

**Construction of *S. erythraea* NRRL2338/pCB121**

Approximately 5  $\mu\text{g}$  plasmid pCB121 were used to transform protoplasts of *S. erythraea* NRRL2338 and stable

10 thiostrepton resistant colonies were isolated. From several colonies total DNA was obtained and analysed by Southern blot hybridisation, to confirm that the plasmid had integrated into the homologous chromosomal DNA region. *S. erythraea* NRRL2338/pPFL50 was used to  
15 inoculate SM3 medium containing 5  $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$  thiostrepton (eryP medium containing 5  $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$  thiostrepton gave similar results) and allowed to grow for seven to ten days at 28-30°C. After this time the broth was centrifuged and the pH of the supernatant adjusted to pH=9.. The supernatant  
20 was then extracted three times with an equal volume of ethyl acetate and the solvent was removed by evaporation. Products were analysed by HPLC/MS, MS/MS and  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR. The macrolide C13-erythromycin A was identified (accompanied by products of incomplete processing by post-PKS  
25 enzymes) :

Although the present invention is illustrated by the examples listed above, they should not be regarded as limiting the scope of the invention. The above

descriptions illustrate for the first time the construction of a Type I PKS gene assembly containing a wholly or partly heterologous KSq-containing loading module and its use to obtain polyketide products of

5 utility as synthetic intermediates or as bioactive materials such as antibiotics. It will readily occur to the person skilled in the art that a wholly or partly heterologous KSq-containing loading module from other PKS gene sets could be used to replace the loading module of

10 DEBS, or indeed into a quite different PKS gene assembly. It will also readily occur to the person skilled in the art that that the additional specificity provided by the more efficient discrimination made between methylmalonyl-CoA and malonyl-CoA by an ATq, followed by specific

15 decarboxylation by a KSq, is preferable to the imperfect discrimination between propionyl-CoA and acetyl-CoA that is a feature of the DEBS loading module and of many other PKS loading modules, in that it maximises the production of a single product rather than a mixture differing from

20 each other in the nature of the starter unit. The avoidance of such mixtures increases yields and avoids the need for tedious and difficult separation procedures.

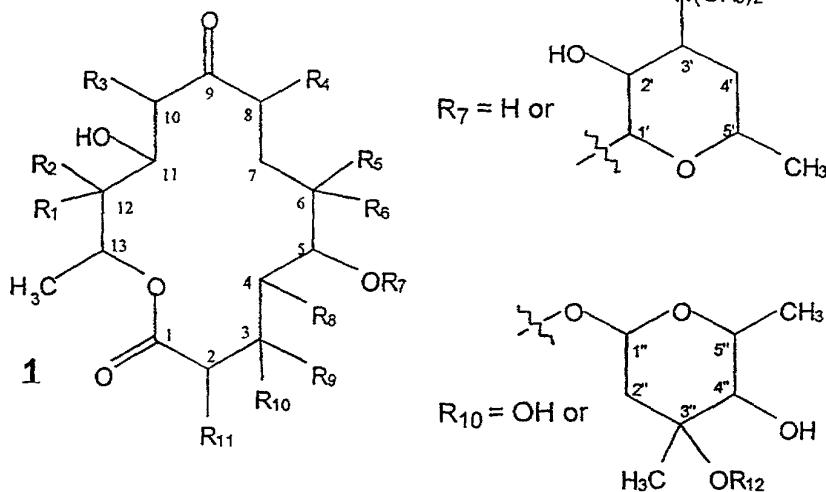
Claims

1. A 14-member macrolide which incorporates an acetate starter unit so that it has a 13-methyl substituent, with the proviso that it is not norerythromycin C, 6-deoxy-15-norerythromycin B or 6-deoxy-15-norerythromycin D.

2. 15-norerythromycin A.

10 3. 15-norerythromycin B.

4. A compound of the formula 1:



15 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

R<sub>1</sub> is H or OH; R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> are each independently H, CH<sub>3</sub>, or CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>; R<sub>5</sub> is H or OH; and R<sub>6</sub> is H, CH<sub>3</sub>, or CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>; R<sub>7</sub> is H or desosamine; R<sub>8</sub> is H, CH<sub>3</sub>, or CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>; R<sub>9</sub> is OH, mycarose (R<sub>12</sub> is H), or cladinose (R<sub>12</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>); R<sub>10</sub> is H; or R<sub>9</sub> = R<sub>10</sub>

60

= O; and R<sub>11</sub> is H, CH<sub>3</sub>, or CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, with the proviso that when R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> are CH<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>6</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>8</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>, and R<sub>11</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>, then R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are not H and R<sub>12</sub> is not H; or also when R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> are CH<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>6</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>8</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>, and R<sub>11</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>, then R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are not OH and R<sub>12</sub> is not H.

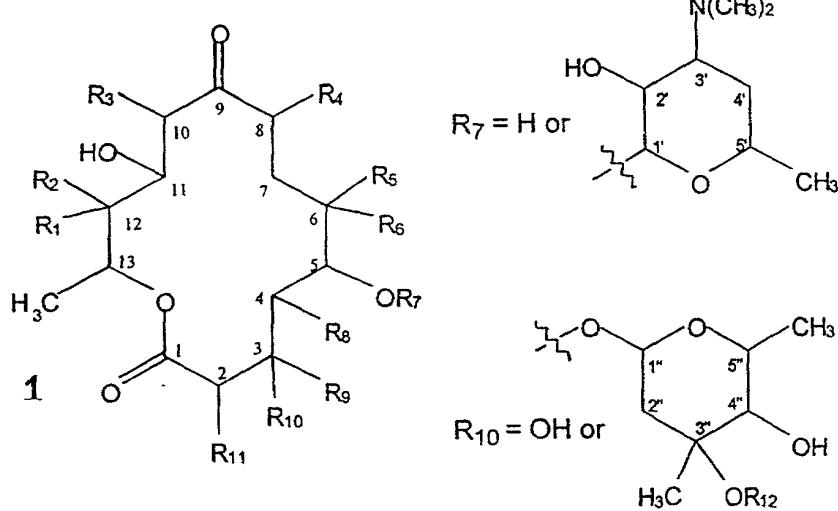
5

5. A compound according to claim 4 wherein R<sub>1</sub> is OH; R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> are CH<sub>3</sub>; R<sub>5</sub> is OH; R<sub>6</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>7</sub> is desosamine; R<sub>8</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>; R<sub>9</sub> is cladinose (R<sub>12</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>); and R<sub>11</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>

10

6. A compound according to claim 4 wherein R<sub>1</sub> is H; R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> are CH<sub>3</sub>; R<sub>5</sub> is OH; R<sub>6</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>7</sub> is desosamine; R<sub>8</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>; R<sub>9</sub> is cladinose (R<sub>12</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>); and R<sub>11</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>.

7. A process for making compounds of the formula 1:



15

wherein:

R<sub>1</sub> is H or OH; R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> are each independently H, CH<sub>3</sub>, or CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>; R<sub>5</sub> is H or OH; and R<sub>6</sub> is H, CH<sub>3</sub>, or CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>; R<sub>7</sub> is H or desosamine; R<sub>8</sub> is H, CH<sub>3</sub>, or CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>; R<sub>9</sub> is OH, mycarose

(R<sub>12</sub> is H), or cladinose (R<sub>12</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>), R<sub>10</sub> is H; or R<sub>9</sub> = R<sub>10</sub> = O; and R<sub>11</sub> is H, CH<sub>3</sub>, or CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>

8. A process for making compound of the formula 1 as set out in claim 7 wherein R<sub>1</sub> is OH; R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> are CH<sub>3</sub>; R<sub>5</sub> is OH; R<sub>6</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>7</sub> is desosamine; R<sub>8</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>; R<sub>9</sub> is cladinose (R<sub>12</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>); and R<sub>11</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>

9. A process for making compound of the formula 1 as set out in claim 7 wherein R<sub>1</sub> is H; R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> are CH<sub>3</sub>; R<sub>5</sub> is OH; R<sub>6</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>7</sub> is desosamine; R<sub>8</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>; R<sub>9</sub> is cladinose (R<sub>12</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>); and R<sub>11</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>

10. A system for producing a 14-membered macrolide incorporating an acetate starter unit, said system comprising DNA encoding and arranged to express a PKS multienzyme which comprises a loading module and a plurality of extension modules; wherein in the expressed multienzyme, said loading module is adapted to load a malonyl residue and then to effect a decarboxylation of the loaded residue to provide an acetate starter unit which is transferred to an adjacent one of said extension modules; and wherein the extension modules, or at least one thereof, are not naturally associated with a loading module that effects decarboxylation.

11. A system according to claim 10 wherein the macrolide is a compound of formula 1 as defined in any of claims 4-9.

12. A system according to claim 10 or 11 wherein said adjacent extension module to which the acetate starter is transferred is not naturally associated with a loading module that effects decarboxylation.

13. A system according to claim 10, 11 or 12 wherein the decarboxylating functionality of the loading module is provided by a ketosynthase-type domain having a glutamine residue in the active site.

14. A system according to claim 10, 11 or 12 wherein the decarboxylating functionality of the loading module is provided by a CLF-type domain.

15. A system according to claim 14 wherein the CLF-type domain is substantially as any shown in Fig 2.

16. A system according to any of claims 10-15 wherein the loading module's loading functionality is provided by an acyltransferase-type domain having an arginine residue in the active site.

17. A system according to any of claims 10-16 wherein the loading module includes an acyl carrier protein.

18. A system according to any of claims 10-13, 16 or 17 wherein at least the KS<sub>0</sub> domain of said loading module corresponds to the loading module of the PKS multienzyme of oleandomycin, spiramycin, niddamycin, methymycin, or monensin.

5

19. A PKS multienzyme as expressible by the DNA of the system of any of claims 10-18 or a variant having the ability to synthesise a compound of formula 1.

10

20. Nucleic acid encoding the PKS multienzyme of claim 19.

15

21. A vector containing nucleic acid as defined in claim 20.

22. A transformant organism comprising a system according to any of claims 10-18.

20

23. A process according to claim 7, 8, or 9 which comprises culturing an organism according to claim 22 and recovering a compound of formula 1.

25

24. A process according to claim 23 wherein said macrolide is a compound of formula 1 as defined in any of claims 4-9.

25. A system, organism or process according to any of claims 10-24 wherein the plurality of extension modules corresponds to the extension modules of a PKS selected from erythromycin, narbomycin, pikromycin, lankamycin, kujimycin or megalomycin or a mutant or variant thereof able to direct synthesis of a macrolide.

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## The erythromycin PKS

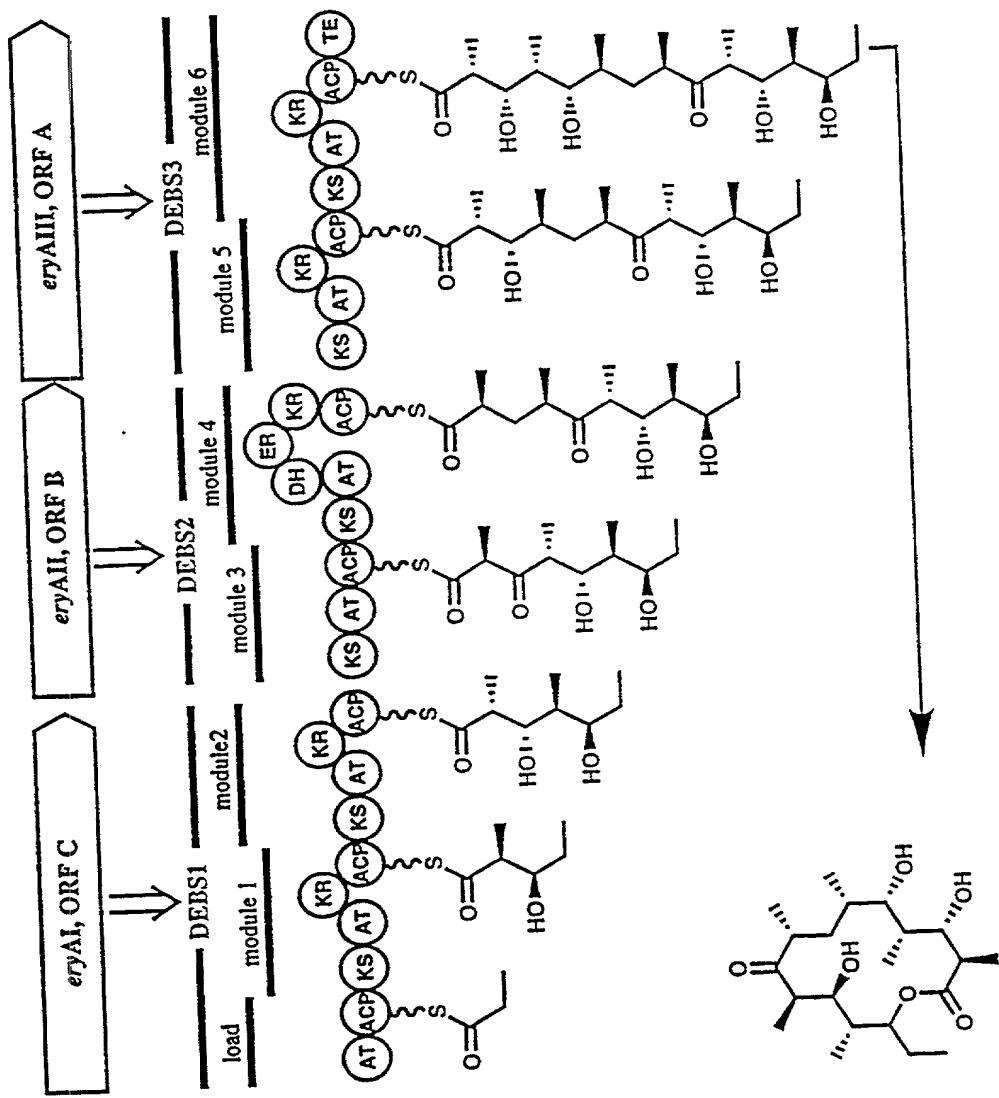


Fig. 1

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KCLFDAU	MVTGLGIVAPNGLGVGAIWDAVLNGRNGIGPLR
KCLFPEU	MTGTAARTASSQLHASPAGRRGLRGRAVVTGLGIVAPNGLGVGAYWDAVLNGRNGIGPLR
KCLFACT	-----MSVLITGVGVVAPNGLGLAPYWSAVLDGRHGLGPVT
KCLFHIR	-----MSTWVTGMGVVAPNGLGADDHWAAATLKGRHGISRLS
KCLFGRA	-----MSTPDERRRAAVTGLSVAAPGGLGTERYWKSLITGENGLAELS
KCLFNOG	-----MTAAVVVTGLGVVAPTGLGVREHWSSTVRGASAIGPVT
KCLFTCM	-----MSAAPVVVTGLGIVAPNGTGTEEYWAATLAGKSGIDVIQ
KCLFCIN	-----MTP-VAVTGMIAAPNGLGRPTTGRPPWAPRAASAAST
KCLFVNZ	-----MSASVUVTGLGVAAPNGLGREDFWASTLGGKSGIGPLT
KCLFWHIE	-----MSGPQRTGTGGGSRRAVVTGLGVLSPHGTGVEAHWAKADGTSSLGPVT
KSGRA	-----MTRRRVITGVGVRAPOGGSGTKEFWDLLTAGRTATRPI
KSHIR	-----MTRRRVITGVGVRAPOGGLGAKNF WELLTSGRATATTRIS
KSACT	-----MKRRRVITGVGVRAPOGGNGTRQFWELLTSGRATATTRIS
KSCIN	-----MTQRRVAITGIEVLAPOGGLGRKEFWOLLSEGRTATRGIT
KSVNZ	-----MTARRRVITGIEVLAPOGGIGSKAFWNLLSEGRTATRGIT
KSNOG	-----MKESINRRRVITGIGIVAPDAGVVKPFWDLLTAGRTATRTIT
KSTCM	-----MTRHAEKRVVITGIGIVRAPOGGAGTAAFWDLLTAGRTATRPI
KSDAU	-----MNRRRVITGMGVVAPGAIGIKSF WELLLSGTATRAIT
KSPEU	-----MNRRRIVITGIGVVAPGAIGVTKPF WELLLSGTATRAIS
KSWHI	-----MTRRRVAVTIGIGVVAPGGIGTPQFWRLLSEGRTATRPI

\*: \* : \* : \*

KCLFDAU	RFADDGRLGLAGEVSDFVP-EDHLPKRLLVQTDPMTQMTALAAAEWALREAGCAPSS--
KCLFPEU	RFTGDGRLGLAGEVSDFVP-EDHLPKRLLAQTDPMTOY-ALAAAEWALRESGCSPSS--
KCLFACT	RFDVSRYPATLAGQIDDFA-PDHIPGRLLPQTDPSTR-ALTAADWALQDAKADPES-L
KCLFHIR	RFDPTGYPAELAGQVLDFDA-TEHLPKRLLPQTDPVSTRF-ALAAAAWALADAEVDPAE-L
KCLFGRA	RFDASRYPSSLAGQIDDFEA-SEHLPSSLRQPQTDPVSTRY-ALAAADWALADAGVGPESGL
KCLFNOG	RFDAGRYPSSLAGEVPGFVP-EDHLPSSLMPQTDMTR-ALVAADWAFQDAAVDPSK-L
KCLFTCM	RFDPHGYPVRVGGEVLAFDA-AAHLPGRLLPQTDRMTQH-ALVAAEWALADAGLEPEK-Q
KCLFCIN	RFDPSGYPAQLAGEIPGFRA-AEILPGRLVPQTDRVTRL-SLAAADWALADAGVEVAA-F
KCLFVNZ	RFDPTGYPARLAGEVPGFAA-EEILPSRLLPQTDRMTR-ALVAADWALADAGVRPEE-Q
KCLFWHIE	REGCAHLPLRVAGEVHGFDAA-EETVEDRFLVQTDRFTHF-ALSATQHALADARFGRADVD
KSGRA	FFDASPFRSRRIAGEI-DFDAVAEGFSPREVRRMDRATQF-AVACTRDALADSGLDITGA-L
KSHIR	FFDPTPNRSQIAAEC-DFDPEHEGLSPREIRRMdraaqf-AVVCIRDAVADSGLEFEQ-V
KSACT	FFDPSPYRSQVAAEA-DFDPVAEGFGPRELDRMDRASQF-AVACAREAFAASGLDPDT-L
KSCIN	FFDPAPFRSKVAAEA-DFCGLENLSPQEVRMDRAAQF-AVVTAR-AVEDSGAELAA-H
KSVNZ	FFDPTPFRSRVAAEI-DFDPEAHGLSPQEIRRMdraaqf-AVVAAR-AVADSGIDLAA-H
KSNOG	AFDPSPFRSRRIAAEC-DFDPLAEGLTPQQIRRMdraqf-AVVSARESLEDSGLDLGA-L
KSTCM	LFDAAPYRSRRIAGEI-DFDPVAAGLSEAQARRLDragQf-ALVAGQEAULTSGLRIGE-D
KSDAU	TFDATPFRSRRIAAEC-DFDPVAAGLSEAQARRLDragQf-ALVAGQEAULTSGLRIGE-D
KSPEU	TFDATPFRSRRIAAEC-DFDPVAAGLSEAQARRLDragQf-ALVAGQEAALADSGLRIDE-D
KSWHI	LFDPSGLRSQIAAEC-DFEPSDHGLGLATAQRCDRYVQf-ALVAASEAVRDANLDMNR-E

\*: \* : \* : \* : \* : \* :

Fig 2A

KCLFDAU  
 KCLFPEU  
 KCLFACT  
 KCLFHIR  
 KCLFGRA  
 KCLFN0G  
 KCLFTCM  
 KCLFCIN  
 KCLFVNZ  
 KCLFWHIE  
 KSGRA  
 KSHIR  
 KSACT  
 KSCIN  
 KSVNZ  
 KSN0G  
 KSTCM  
 KSDAU  
 KSPEU  
 KSWHI

-PLEAGVITASASGGFASQREQLQNLWSKG-----PAHVSAYMSFAWFY-AVNTGQIAIR  
 -PLEAGVITASASGGFAGQREIQLQNLWSKG-----PAHVSAYMSFAWFY-AVNTGQIAIR  
 TDYDMGVVTANACGGFDFTIREFRKLWSEG-----PKSVSVYESFAWFY-AVNTGQISIR  
 PEYGTGVITSNATGGFEFTHREFRKLWAQG-----PEFVSVYESFAWFY-AVNTGQISIR  
 DDYDLGVVTSTAQGGFDFTIREFHKLWSQG-----PAYVSYESFAWFY-AVNTGQISIR  
 PEYGVGVVTASSAGGFEGFCHRELQNLWSLG-----PQYVSAYQSFAWFY-AVNTGQVSIR  
 DEYGLGVLTAAAGAGGFEGFQREMQKLWGTG-----PERVSAYQSFAWFY-AVNTGQISIR  
 DPLDMGVVTASHAGGFEGFODELQKL LGQG-----QPVL SAYQSFAWFY-AVNSGOISIR  
 DDFDMGVVTASASGGFEEFGQGELQKL WSQG-----SQYVSAYQSFAWFY-AVNSGOISIR  
 SPYSVGVVTAAGSGGGEEFGQREQLQNLWGHG-----SRHVGPyQSI AWFY-AASTGOVSIR  
 DPSRIGVALGS AVASATSLENEYLVMDSGREGWLVDPAHLSPPMF DYLSPGVMPAEVAWA  
 PPERIGVSLGS AVAAATSLDQEYLVLSDGGRREWQDPAYLSAHMF DYLSPGVMPAEVAWT  
 DPARVGVS LGS AVAAATSLEREYLLS DSGRDWEVDAWL SRHMFDYLVP SVM PAEVWA  
 PPHRIGVVVGSAVGATMGLDNEYR VSDGGRLDLVDHRYAVPHLYNLYLPVSSFAEVWA  
 DPYRVGVTVGSAVGATMGLDDEYR VSDGGRLDLVDHRYAVPHLYDYMVPSSFAEVWA  
 DASRTGVVVGSAVGCTTSLEEEYAVS DSGRNWLVDGGYAVPHLF D YFV PSSIAAEVHD  
 NPERIGV SIGHTAVGCTTGLDREYARVSEGGSPWLVDHTLAVEQLFDYFV PSSICREVAWE  
 SAHRVGVCVGTAVGCTQKLESEYVALSAGGANWV DPHRGAPELYD YFV PSSLAEEVWL  
 SAHRVGVCVGTAVGCTQKLESEYVALSAGGAHWV DPGRSPELYD YFV PSSLAEEVWL  
 DPWRAGATLGTAVGGTTRLEHDYVLV SERGS RWD DRRSEPHLERAFTPATLSSAVAEE

\* : \* : \* : \*

↓

KCLFDAU  
 KCLFPEU  
 KCLFACT  
 KCLFHIR  
 KCLFGRA  
 KCLFN0G  
 KCLFTCM  
 KCLFCIN  
 KCLFVNZ  
 KCLFWHIE  
 KSGRA  
 KSHIR  
 KSACT  
 KSCIN  
 KSVNZ  
 KSN0G  
 KSTCM  
 KSDAU  
 KSPEU  
 KSWHI

-HDLRGPVGVVVAEQAGGLDALAHAR-RKVRGGAE-LIVSGAMDSSLCP-YGMAAQVRSG  
 -HDLRGPVGVVVAEQAGGLDALAHAR-RKVRGGAE-LIVSGAVDSSLCP-YGMAAQVKSG  
 -HGMRGPSALVAEQAGGLDALGHAR-RTIRRGTB-LVSGGGVDSALDP-WGVWSQI ASG  
 -HGLRGPGSVLVAEQAGGLDAVGHG--AVRNGTP-MVVTGGVDSSFP-WGVWSHVSSG  
 -NTMRGPSSAALVGEQAGGLDAIGHAR-RTVRRGPG-WCSAVASTR RSTR-GASSSQLSGG  
 -HGLRGPGGVLVTEQAGGLDALQAR-RQLRRGLP-MVVA GAVDGSPCP-WGVVAQQLSSG  
 -HGMRGHSSVFVTEQAGGLDAAA HAA-RLLRKGTLNTALTGGCEASLCP-WGLVAQI P SG  
 -HGMKGPSGVVVSQAGGLDALA QAR-RLVRKGTP-LIVCGA VEPRSA PGAGSPSSPAGG  
 -NGMKGPSGVVVSQAGGLDAVAQAR-RQIRKGTR-LIVSGGV DASLCP-WGVVAHVASD  
 -NDFKGPGCVVAADAEAGGLDALAHAA-LAVRNGTD-TV VCGATEAPLAP-Y SIVCQLGY P  
 -AGAEGPVTMVSDGCTSGLDSVGYAV-QTREGSADWV VAGADTPVSPVPI VACFDA IKA  
 -VGAEGPVAMVSDGCTSGLDSL SHAC-SLIAEGTTDV M VAGADTPITP IVVSCFDA IKA  
 -VGAEGPVTMVSTGCTSGLDSVGNAV-RAIEEGSADM FAGADTPITP IVVACFDA IKA  
 -VGAEGPSTVSTGCTSGLDSVGYARGELIREGSADVM IAGSSDAPISPITMACFDA IKA  
 -VGAEGPNTVSTGCTSGLDSVGYARGELIREGSADVM IAGSSDAPISPITMACFDA IKA  
 -RIGAEGPVSLVSTGCTSGLDAVGRAA-DLIAEGAADM LAGATEAPI PISPI TVACFDA IKA  
 -AGAEGPVTVVSTGCTSGLDAVGYGT-ELIRDGRADVV VCGATDAPISPITVACFDA IKA  
 -AGAEGPVNIVSAGCTSGIDSIGYAC-ELIREGTDVMLAGGV DAPI API T VACFDA I RV  
 -AGAEGPVNIVSAGCTSGIDSIGYAC-ELIREGTDVMA VAGGV DAPI API T VACFDA I RA  
 -FGVRGBPQTVSTGCTSGLDAVGYAY-HAVAEGRV DVCLAGAADSPISPITMACFDA I KA

\* : \* : \* : \*

↑

KCLFDAU  
 KCLFPEU  
 KCLFACT  
 KCLFHIR  
 KCLFGRA  
 KCLFN0G  
 KCLFTCM  
 KCLFCIN  
 KCLFVNZ  
 KCLFWHIE

RLSGSDDPTAGYLPFDRAAGHVPGE G-GAILAVEDAERVAERG-GKVYGSIA GT-ASFD  
 RLSGSDNPTAGYLPFDRAAGHVPGE G-GAILTVEDAERA AERG-AKVYGSIA GTY GAS FD  
 RISTATDPDRAYLPFDERAAGYVPGE G-GAILVLEDAAA EAR GRHDAYGELAC CAST FD  
 RVS R ATDPDRAYLPFDVAANGYVPGE G-GAILLLED A EASAK ARG-ATGYGEIAGYAA TFD  
 LVSTVADPERAYLPFDVADSGYVPGE G-GAVLIVEDADSARARG--AERIYVRSPL RRD  
 GLSTSDDP RRAYLPFDAAAGGHVPGE G-GALLVLESDESARAR GVT RWYGRIDGYAATFD  
 FLSEATDPDRAYLPFDARAAGYVPGE G-GAVLVAERADSARERDAATVYGRIGA STFD  
 -MSDSDEPNRAYLPFD RDGRYVPGGGGRGVVPLERAEAPARG-AEVYGE-AGPLARL-  
 RLSTSEEPARGYLPFDREAQGHVPGE G-GAILVMEA AEAARERG-ARIYGEIAGYGSTFD  
 ELSRAT EDPDRAYRPFT EAACGFAPAEG-GAVLVVEEAAARERG-ADVRATVAGHAATFT

Fig 2B

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KSGRA  
KSHIR  
KSACT  
KSCIN  
KSVNZ  
KSNOG  
KSTCM  
KSDAU  
KSPEU  
KSWHI  
  
KCLFDAU  
KCLFPEU  
KCLFACT  
KCLFHIR  
KCLFGRA  
KCLFNOG  
KCLFTCM  
KCLFCIN  
KCLFVNZ  
KCLFWHIE  
KSGRA  
KSHIR  
KSACT  
KSCIN  
KSVNZ  
KSNOG  
KSTCM  
KSDAU  
KSPEU  
KSWHI  
  
TPPRNDDPAHASRPFDGTRNGFVLAEGLAEG-AAMFVLEEEYAAQRRG-AHIYAEVGGYATRSQ  
TPPRNDDPEHASRPFDNSRNGFVLAEGLAEG-AALFVLEELEHARARG-AHVYAEISGCATRLN  
TTARNDPPEHASRPFDGTRDGFVLAEGLAEG-AAMFVLEDYDSALARG-ARIHAEISGYATRCN  
TPPRHDAPATASRPFDSTRNGFVLGEGLAEG-AAFFVLEELHSARRG-AHIYAEIAGYATRSN  
TINRYDDPAHASRPFDGTRNGFVLGEGLAAVFVLEELESARARG-AHIYAEIAGYATRSN  
TPPRNDTPAEASRPFDRTRNGFVLGEGLAAVFVLEEFHARRG-ALVYAEIAGFATRCN  
TSANNDPAHASRPFDRNRDGFVLGEGLSAVFVLEELSAARRG-AHAYAEVRGFATRSN  
TSDHNDTPETLA-PFSRSRNGFVLGEGLGAIVVLEEAAVRGG-ARIYAEIGGYASRN  
TSDHNDTPETASRPFSSRNGFVLGEGLGAIVVLEEAAVRGG-ARIYAEIGGYASRN  
TSPNNDPAHASRPFADRNNGFVMGEGLAAVLVLEDLEHARARG-ADVCEVSGYATFGN  
  
\* \* \* \* \*

-PPPGSGRP---SALARAVETALADAGLDRSDIAVVFADGAA-VGELDVAAEAEALASVFG  
-PPPGSGRP---SALARAVETALADAGLDGSIDAVVFADGAA-VPELDAEAEALASVFG  
-PAPGSGRP---AGLERAIRALNDAGTGPEDVVVFADGAG-VPELDAEAEARAIGRVFG  
-PAPGSERP---PALRAIELALADAELRPEQDVVFADAGG-VAELDAJAAAIRELFG  
-PAPGSGRP---PALGRAEELALAEAGLTPADISUVVFADGAG-VPELDRAEADTLARLFG  
-PPPGSGRP---PNLLRAAAQALDDAEVGPEDVVVFADASG-TPDDEAAEADAVRRLFG  
-ARPGRGP---TGPARPAIRLALEEARVAPEDVVVFADASG-VPALDRAEAEALAEVFG  
-PAPHSGRG---STRAHAIRTALDDAGTAGPDIRRNFADGGGRYPN-DRAEAEAISEVFG  
-PRPGSGRE---PGLRKAJELALADAGAAPGDIDVVVFADAAA-VPELDRVEAEALNAVFG  
GAGRWAESR---EGLARAIQGALAEAGCRPEEVVVVFADALG-VPEADRAEALALADALG  
-AYHMTGLKTDGREMAESIRALDEARLDRTAVDYVNAHGSG-TKQNDRHTAAFKRSLG  
-AYHMTGLKTDGREMAEAIRVALDLARIIDPTIDYVNAHGSG-TKQNDRHTAAFKRSLG  
-AYHMTGLKADGREMAETIRVALDESRTDATDIDYVNAHGSG-TRQNDRHTAAAYKRALG  
-AYHMTGLR-DGAEMAEAIRALDEARLNPEQVDYVNAHGSG-TKQNDRHTAAFKKALG  
-AYHMTGLRPDGAEEMAIRVALDEARMNPTIEDYVNAHGSG-TKQNDRHTAAFKKSLG  
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-AYHMTGLRADGAEMAAITAALDEARRDPDVDYVNAHGTA-TKQNDRHTSAFKRSLG  
-AYHMTGLTKEGLEMARAITALDMAELDGSAYDYVNAHGSG-TQQNDRHTAAVFKRSLG

Fig 2c

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KCLFDAU  
KCLFPEU  
KCLFACT  
KCLFHIR  
KCLFGRA  
KCLFNOC  
KCLFTCM  
KCLFCIN  
KCLFVNZ  
KCLFWHIE  
KSGRA  
KSHIR  
KSACT  
KSCIN  
KSVNZ  
KSNOG  
KSTCM  
KSDAU  
KSPEU  
KSWHI

P--HRVPVTPKTLTGRLYSGAGPLDVATGLLALRDEVVPATGHVH-PDPDLPLDVTGR  
P--RRVPVTPKTLTGRLYSGAGPLDVATALLALRDEVVPATAVD-PDPDLPLDVTGR  
R--EGVPVTPKTTGRLYSGGGPLDVATMSLREGVIAPTAGTSPREYGIDLVLGE  
P--SGVPVTPAKTMGRLYSGGPLDLVAALLAIRGVIPPTVHTAEPVPEHQLDLVTGD  
P--RGVPVTPAKTMGRLCAGGGPADLAAALLALRDQVIPATGRHRAVPDAYALDLVTGR  
P--YGVPVTPAKTMGRLSAGGAALDVATALLALREGVPPTVNSRPRPEYELDLVLA-  
P--GAVPVTPAKTMGRLYAGGAALDVATALLSIRDCCVPPVTGTGAPAPGLGIDLVLHQ  
P--GRPVTCPRMTGRLHSGAAPLDLVACALLAMRAGVPPTVHD-PCPEYDLDLVLYQ  
T--GAVPVTPAKTMGRLYSGAAPLDLAAFLAMDEGVIPPTVNE-PDAAYGLDLVVGG  
PHAARVPVTPAKTGTGRAYCAAPVLDVATAVLAMEHGLIPPTPHVL--DVCHDLDLVLTGR  
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EHAYRTPVSSIKSMVGHSLGAIGSIEVAACALAIIEHGVVPPPTANLHEPDPECDLDYVPLT  
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DHAYRTPVSSIKSMVGHSLGAIGSIEIAASALAMEHNVPPPTGNLHTPDPECDLDYVR-S  
DHAYRVPVSSIKSMIGHSLGAIGSLEIAASVLAITHDGVVPPPTANLHEPDPECDLDYVPLR  
QRAYDVPVSSIKSMIGHSLGAIGSLELAACALAIIEHGVIPPTANYEEDPDPECDLDYVPLV  
DHAYRVPVSSVKSMIGHSLGAAGSLEVAATALAVEYGAIPPTANLHDPDPELDLDYVPLT  
EHAYRVPVSSIKSMIGHSLGAAGSLEVAATALAVEYGVIPPTANLHDPDPELDLDYVPLT  
EHAYATPMSSIKSMVGHSLGAIGSIELAACVLAHQVPPPTANYTTPDPECDLDYVPRE

\* : \* : . : . : : \* : \* : \* : \* :

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KCLFPEU  
KCLFACT  
KCLFHIR  
KCLFGRA  
KCLFNOC  
KCLFTCM  
KCLFCIN  
KCLFVNZ  
KCLFWHIE  
KSGRA  
KSHIR  
KSACT  
KSCIN  
KSVNZ  
KSNOG  
KSTCM  
KSDAU  
KSPEU  
KSWHI

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PRSLADARAALLVARGYGGFNSALVVRGAA-----  
PRSTAPRTA-LVLARGRWGFNSAAVLRRFAPTP-----  
PRHQQLGTA-LVLARGKWGFNSAVVVRGVIG-----  
PREAALSAA-LVLARGRHGFNSAVVTLRGSDHRRPT  
PRRTPLARA-LVLARGRGFFNAAMVAVGPRAETR---  
PRELRVDTA-LVVARGMGGFNSALVVRHG-----  
VRPAALRTA-LGGARGHGGFNSALVVRAGQ-----  
PRTAEVNTA-LVIARGHGGFNSAMVRSAN-----  
ARPAEPTA-LVLARGLMGSNSALVRRGAVPPEGR-  
AREQRVDTV-LTVGSGFGGFQSAMVLHRPEEEAA---  
AREQRVDTV-LSVGSGFGGFQSAMVLRLGGANS---  
ARERKLRSV-LTVGSGFGGFQSAMVLRDAETAGAAA-  
ARDQRVDSV-LTVGSGFGGFQSAMVLTSAQ---RSTV  
CREQLTDSV-LTVGSGFGGFQSAMVLARPE---RKIA  
ARACPVDIV-LTVGSGFGGFQSAMVLCPGPSRGRSAA  
AREQRVDTV-LSVGSGFGGFQSAAVLARPKETRS---  
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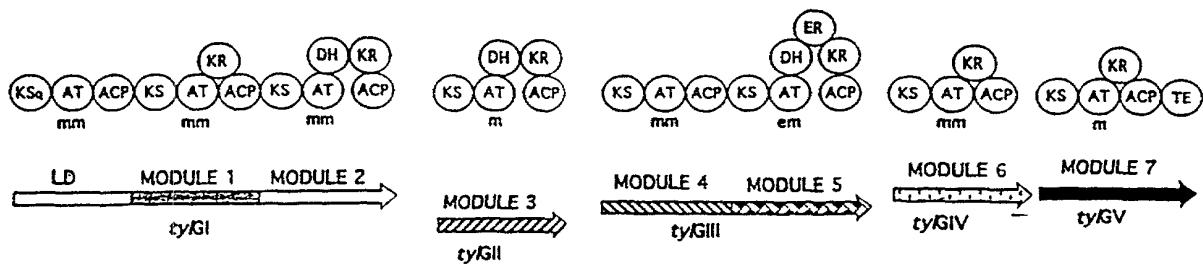
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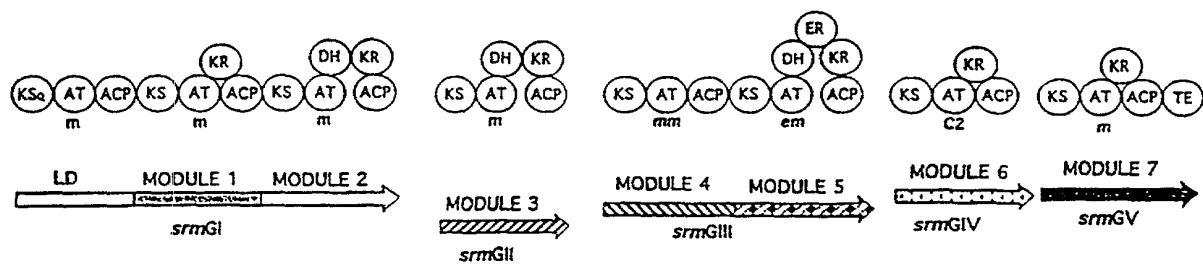
Fig 2D

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## ORGANISATION OF THE TYLOSIN-PRODUCING POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE



## ORGANISATION OF THE SPIRAMYCIN-PRODUCING POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE



## ORGANISATION OF THE NIDAMYCIN-PRODUCING POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE

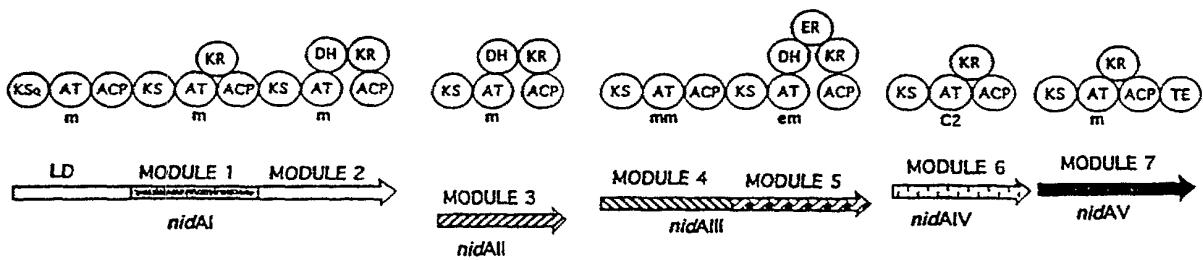


Fig 3

m: malonyl transferase  
mm: methylmalonyl transferase  
em: ethylmalonyl transferase  
C2: unknown C2 unit transferase

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Fig. 4A

	1	50
niddamycin	-----	MAGHGDATAQ KAQDAEKSED GSDAIAVIGM
platenolide	-----	-----MS GELAISRSDD RSDAVAVVGM
monensin	-----	-----MAAS ASASPSGPSA GPDPIAVVGM
oleandomycin	-----	-----MHVPGEE NGHSIAIVGI
tylosin	MSSALRRAVQ SNCGYGDLMT SNTAAQNTGD	QEDVDGPDST HGGEIAVVGM
	51	100
niddam...	SCRFPGAPGT AEFWQLLSSG ADAVVTAAADG RRR.....	.....GTIDA
platenol.	ACRFPGAPGI AEFWKLLTDG RDAIGRDAAG RRR.....	.....GMIEA
monensin	ACRLPGAPDP DAFWRLLSEG RSAVSTAPPE RRRADSGLHG P...GGYLDL	R
oleandom	ACRLPGSATP QEFWRLLADS ADALDEPPAG RFPTGSLSSP PAPRGGLDS	
tylosin	SCRLPGAAGV EEFWELLRSG RGMPTRQDDG TWRAA.....	.....LED
	101	150
niddam...	PADFDAAFFG MSPREAAATD PQQRQLVLELG WEALEDAGIV PESLRGEAAS	
platenol.	PGDFDAAFFG MSPREAAETD PQQRLMLELG WEALEDAGIV PGSLRGEAVG	
monensin	IDGFDADFFH ISPRAEVAMD PQQRLLLELS WEALEDAGIR PTTLARSRTG	
oleandom	IDTFDADFFN ISPRAEVAMD PQQRLLLELS WEALEDAGIR PRHLRGTRTS	
tylosin	HAGFDAGFFG MNARQAAATD PQHRLMLELG WEALEDAGIV PGDLTGDTG	
	151	200
niddam...	VFGAMNDDY ATLLH.RAGA PTDTYTATGL QHSMIANRLS YFLGLRGPSL	
platenol.	VFGAMHDDY ATLLH.RAGA PVGPHTATGL QRMLANRLS YVLGTRGPSL	
monensin	VFGAFWDDY TDVNLNRAPG AVTRHTMTGV HRSILANRIS YAYLAGPSL	
oleandom	VFMGAMWDDY AHLAHARGEA ALTRHSLTGT HRGMIANRLS YALGLQGPSL	
tylosin	VFAGVASDDY A.VLTRRSAV SAGGYTATGL HRALAAANRLS HFLGLRGPSL	
	201	250
niddam...	VVDTGQSSSL VAVALAVESL RGGTSGIALA GGVNLVLAEE GS.AAMERVG	
platenol.	AVDTAQSSSL VAVALAVESL RAGTSRVAVA GGVNLVLADE GT.AAMERLG	
monensin	TVDTAQSSSL VAVHLACESI RSGDSDIAFA GGVNLICSPR TTELAAARFG	
oleandom	TVDTGQSSSL AAVHMACESL ARGESDLALV GGVNLVLDPA GT.TGVERFG	
tylosin	VVDSAQSASL VAVQLACESL RRGETSLAVA GGVNLILTEE ST.TVMERMG	
	251	300
niddam...	ALSPDGRCHT FDARANGYVR GEGGAIVVLK PLADALADGD RVYCVVRGVA	
platenol.	ALSPDGRCHT FDARANGYVR GEGGAIVVLK PLADALADGD PVYCVVRGVA	
monensin	GLSAAGRCHT FDARADGFVR GEGGGLVVLK PLAAARRDGD TVYCVIRGSA	
oleandom	ALSPDGRCYT FDSRANGYAR GEGGVVVVLK PTHRALADGD TVYCEILGSA	
tylosin	ALSPDGRCHT FDARANGYVR GEGGGAVVLK PLDAALADGD RVYCVIKGGA	
	301	350
niddam...	TGNDGGGPGL TVPDRAQQEA VLRAACDQAG VRPADVRFVE LHGTGTPAGD	
platenol.	VGNDGGGPGL TAPDREGQEA VLRAACAQAR VDPAEVRFVE LHGTGTPVGD	
monensin	VNSDGTDTDGI TLPSGQAQQD VVRLACRRAR ITPDQVQYVE LHGTGTPVGD	
oleandom	LNNDCATEGL TVPSARAQAD VLROAWERAR VAPTDVQYVE LHGTGTPAGD	
tylosin	VNNNDGGGASL TTPDREAQEA VLROAYRRAG VSTGAVRYVE LHGTGTRAGD	

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Fig 4B

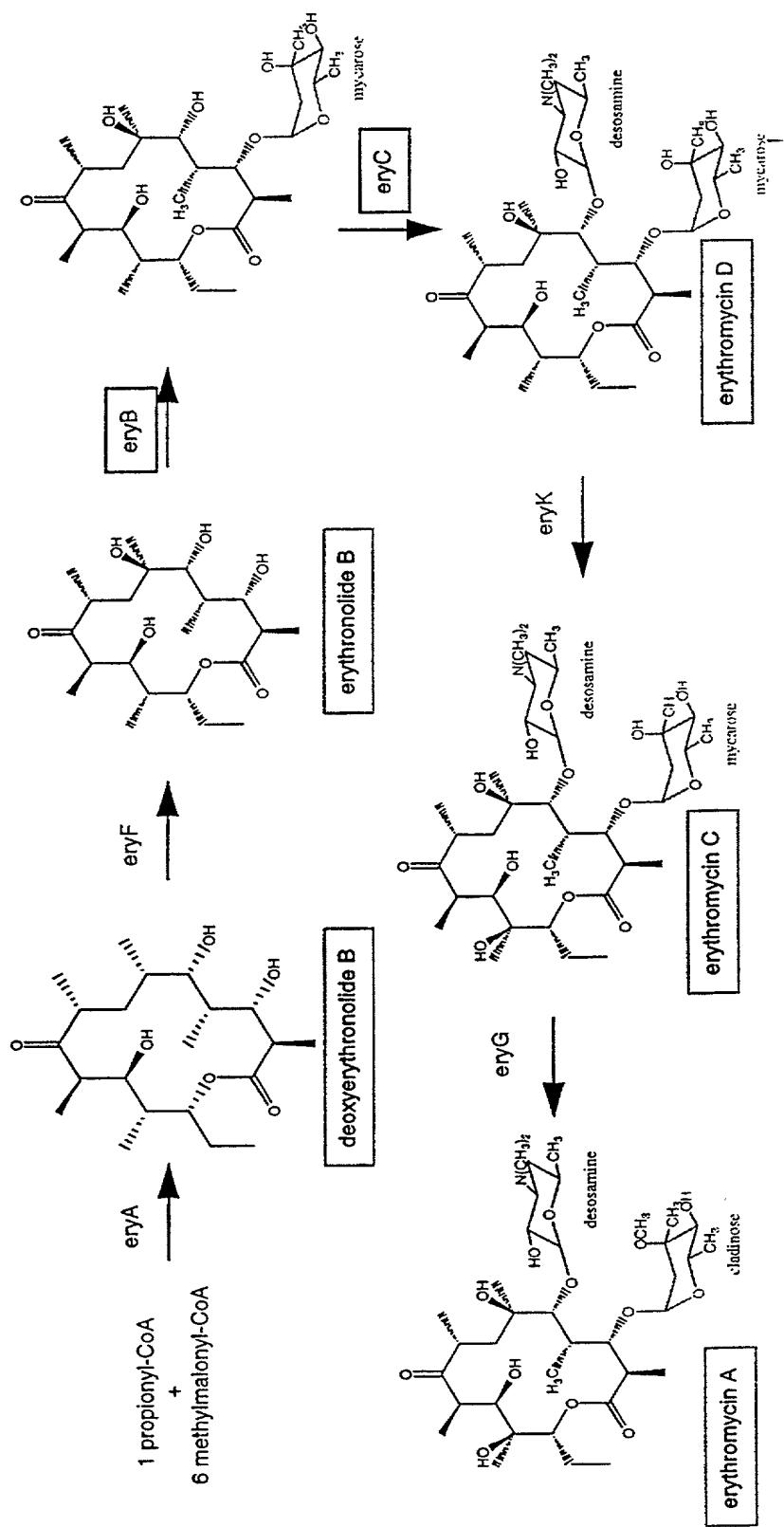
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	800
751	
niddam...	HG.GAMLSVQ AAEHLDOLA HTHG..VEIA AVNGPTHCVL SGPRTALEET
platenol.	VG.GGMWSVG ASESVVRGVV EGLGEWVSVA AVNGPRSVVL SGDVGVLESV
monensin	AP.GAMAAWQ ATADEAAEQL AGHERHVTVA AVNGPDSVVV SGDRATVDEL
oleandom	GG.GVMLSVQ APESEVAPLL LGREAHVGLA AVNGPDAVVV SGERGHVAAI
tylosin	AGRGAAMAVP LPAGEVEAGL AKWPGVVEA AVNGPASTVV SGDRRAVAGY
	850
801	
niddam...	AQHLREQNVR HTWLKVSHAF HSALMDPMLG AFRDTLN TLY..QPPTIPL
platenol.	VASLMGDGVE YRRLDVSHGF HSVLMEPVLG EFRGVVESLE FGRVRPGVVV
monensin	TAAWRGRGRK AHHLKVSHAF HSPHMDPILD ELRAVAAGLT FHE..PVIPV
oleandom	EQILRDRGRK SRYLRVSHAF HSPLMEPVLE EFAEAVALT FRA..PTTPL
tylosin	VAVCQAEVQ ARLIPVDYAS HSRHVEDLKG ELERVLSGI. .RPRSPRVPV
	900
851	
niddam...	ISNLTGQIA. ....DPNHL CTPDYWIDHA RHTVRFADAV QTAHHQGTTT
platenol.	VSGVSGGVV. ....GSGEL GDPGYWVRHA REAVRFADGV GVVRGLGVGT
monensin	VSNVTGELVT ATATGSGAGQ ADPEYWARHA REPVRFLSGV RGLCERGVTT
oleandom	VSNLTG.... APVDDRTM ATPAYWVRHV REAVRGDG1 RALGKLGTGS
tylosin	CSTVAGEQPG EPVF..... DAGYWFRNL RNRVEFSAVV GGLLEEGHRR
	950
901	
niddam...	YLEIGPHPTL TTLLHHTL.. DNP..... T TIPTLHRERP
platenol.	LVEVGPHGVL TGMAGECLGA GDDV..... V VVPAMRRGRA
monensin	FVELGPDAPL SAMARDCFPA P..... ADRSRPRPA AIATCRRGRD
oleandom	FLEVGPDGVL TAMARACVTA APEPGHRGEQ GADADAHTAL LLPALRRGRD
tylosin	FIEVSAHPVL V..... HAIEQ TAEAADRSVH ATGTLRRQDD
	951
951	
niddam...	EPETLTQAIA AVGVRTDGID WAVLCGASRP RRVELPTYAF
platenol.	EREVFEAALA TVFTRDAGLD ATALHTGSTG RRIDLPTTF
monensin	EVATFLRSLA QAYVRGADVD FTRAYGATAT RRFPLPTYPF
oleandom	EARSLTEAVA RLHLHGVPMD WTSVLGGDVS .RVPLPTYAF
tylosin	SPHRLLTSTA EAWAHGATLT WDPAL..PPG HLTLPLTYPF

niddam: niddamycin; platenol: platenolide I (spiramycin); oleandom: oleandomycin.

FIG. 4C

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**Fig. 5**

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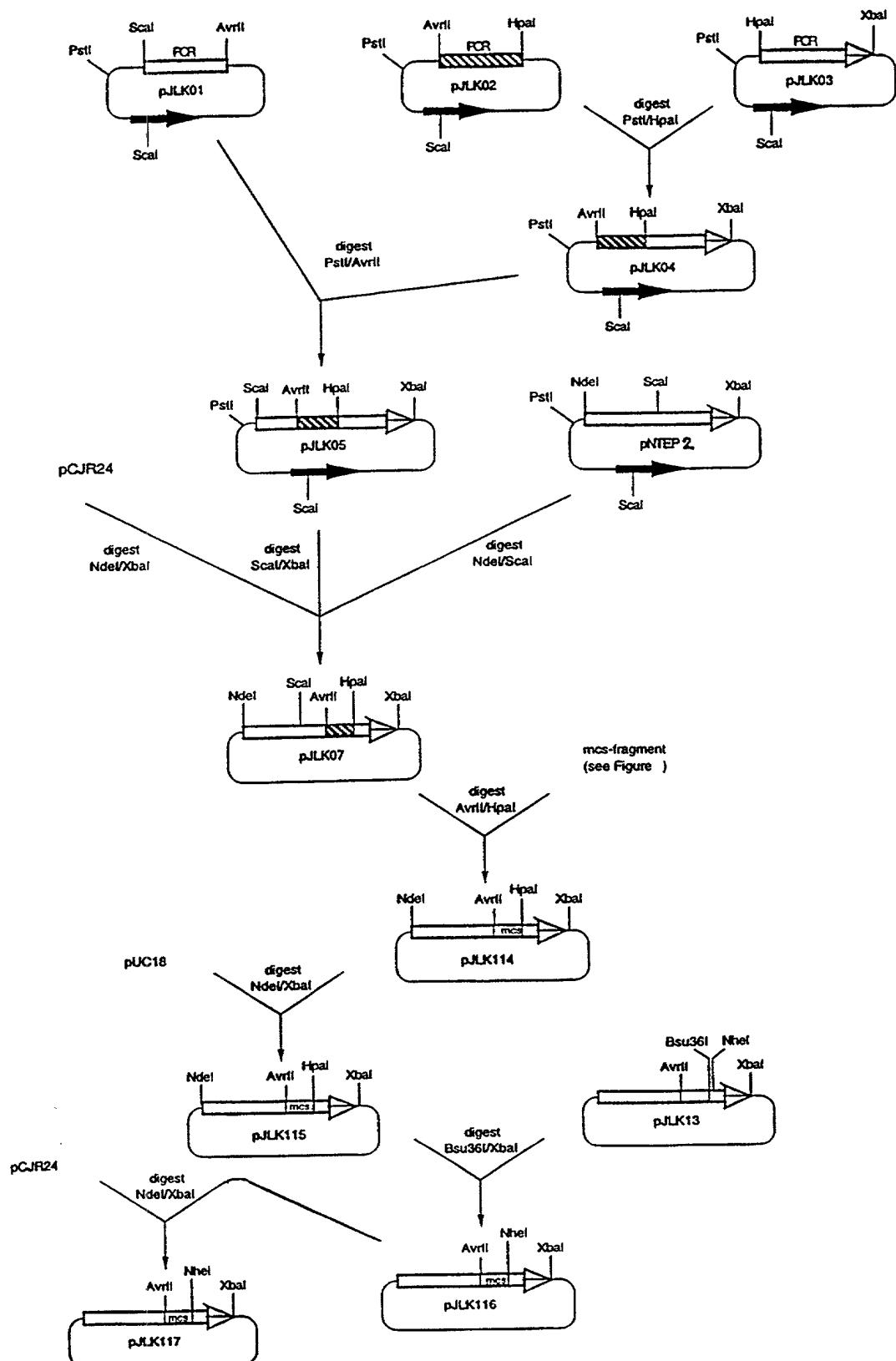


Fig 6

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Figure 7

forward (P1f) :

5'-CTA CGG GCC GGA CTG GAT CTG CCT ACG TAT CCT TTC CAG GGC AAG CGG TTC TGG CTG CAG CCG GAC CGC ACT AGT CCT CGT GAC GAG

GGA GAT GCA TCG AGC C<sub>AG</sub> GAC CGG TT-3'

backward (P1b) :

5'-AAC CGG TCC CTC AGG CTC GAT GCA TCT CCC TCG TCA CGA GGA CTA GTG CGG TCC GGC TGC AGC CAG AAC CGC TTG CCC TGG AAA GGA TAC GTA  
GGC AGA TCT ACC AGT CCG GCC CGG C-3'

oligos annealed:

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare:

that my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name:

that I verily believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural inventors are named below) of the invention entitled: POLY(AMIDES AND THEIR SYNTHESIS, the specification of which [check one(s) applicable]

was filed 29 June 1999 as International Patent Application Serial No. PCT/GB99/02042, on which U.S. National Stage Application Serial No. 09/720,841 is based; and/or  
 was amended by Amendment filed \_\_\_\_\_ (if applicable); and/or  
 is attached to this Declaration, Power of Attorney and Power to Inspect;

that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above; and

that I acknowledge my duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Rule 56(a) [37 C.F.R. §1.56(a)].

**CLAIM UNDER 35 U.S.C. §119:** I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application of which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s) Appln. No.	Country	Filing Date Day-Month-Year	Priority Claimed Yes - No
9814006.4	Great Britain	29 June 1998	Yes

**POWER OF ATTORNEY:** As inventor, I hereby appoint DANN, DORFMAN, HERRELL AND SKILLMAN, P.C. of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and the following individual(s) as my attorneys or agents with full power of substitution to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the United States Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: Patrick J. Hagan, Reg. No. 27,643 and Kathleen D. Rignaut, Ph.D., Reg. 43,047.

**POWER TO INSPECT:** I hereby give DANN, DORFMAN, HERRELL AND SKILLMAN, P.C. of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania or its duly accredited representatives power to inspect and obtain copies of the papers on file relating to this application.

SEND CORRESPONDENCE TO: CUSTOMER NUMBER 000110

DIRECT INQUIRIES TO: Telephone: (215) 563-4100  
Facsimile: (215) 563-4044

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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## SECOND JOINT INVENTOR (IF ANY)

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First Middle Last

Signature P.J. Hagan

Signature James

Date 17 July 2001

Date 17/07/2001

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09/720841

526 Rec'd PCT/PTO 29 DEC 2000

1

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McArthur, Hamish AI

<120> Polyketides and their synthesis

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Phe Ala Asp Gly Ala Ala Val Gly Glu Leu Asp Val Ala Glu Ala Glu  
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Ala Leu Ala Ser Val Phe Gly Pro His Arg Val Pro Val Thr Val Pro  
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Lys Thr Leu Thr Gly Arg Leu Tyr Ser Gly Ala Gly Pro Leu Asp Val  
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Gly Val Val Val Ala Glu Gln Ala Gly Gly Leu Asp Ala Leu Ala His  
180 185 190

Ala Arg Arg Lys Val Arg Gly Gly Ala Glu Leu Ile Val Ser Gly Ala  
195 200 205

Val Asp Ser Ser Leu Cys Pro Tyr Gly Met Ala Ala Gln Val Lys Ser  
210 215 220

Gly Arg Leu Ser Gly Ser Asp Asn Pro Thr Ala Gly Tyr Leu Pro Phe  
225 230 235 240

Asp Arg Arg Ala Ala Gly His Val Pro Gly Glu Gly Gly Ala Ile Leu  
245 250 255

Thr Val Glu Asp Ala Glu Arg Ala Ala Glu Arg Gly Ala Lys Val Tyr  
260 265 270

Gly Ser Ile Ala Gly Tyr Gly Ala Ser Phe Asp Pro Pro Pro Gly Ser  
275 280 285

Gly Arg Pro Ser Ala Leu Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Thr Ala Leu Ala Asp  
290 295 300

Ala Gly Leu Asp Gly Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Val Val Phe Ala Asp Gly Ala  
305 310 315 320

Ala Val Pro Glu Leu Asp Ala Ala Glu Ala Glu Ala Leu Ala Ser Val  
325 330 335

Phe Gly Pro Arg Arg Val Pro Val Thr Val Pro Lys Thr Leu Thr Gly  
340 345 350

Arg Leu Tyr Ser Gly Ala Gly Pro Leu Asp Val Ala Thr Ala Leu Leu  
355 360 365

Ala Leu Arg Asp Glu Val Val Pro Ala Thr Ala His Val Asp Pro Asp  
370 375 380

Pro Asp Leu Pro Leu Asp Val Val Thr Gly Arg Pro Arg Ser Leu Ala  
385 390 395 400

Asp Ala Arg Ala Ala Leu Leu Val Ala Arg Gly Tyr Gly Gly Phe Asn  
405 410 415

Ser Ala Leu Val Val Arg Gly Ala Ala  
420 425

<210> 3

<211> 407

<212> PRT

<213> Streptomyces coelicolor

<400> 3

Met Ser Val Leu Ile Thr Gly Val Gly Val Val Ala Pro Asn Gly Leu  
1 5 10 15

Gly Leu Ala Pro Tyr Trp Ser Ala Val Leu Asp Gly Arg His Gly Leu  
20 25 30

Gly Pro Val Thr Arg Phe Asp Val Ser Arg Tyr Pro Ala Thr Leu Ala  
35 40 45

Gly Gln Ile Asp Asp Phe His Ala Pro Asp His Ile Pro Gly Arg Leu  
50 55 60

Leu Pro Gln Thr Asp Pro Ser Thr Arg Leu Ala Leu Thr Ala Ala Asp  
65 70 75 80

Trp Ala Leu Gln Asp Ala Lys Ala Asp Pro Glu Ser Leu Thr Asp Tyr  
85 90 95

Asp Met Gly Val Val Thr Ala Asn Ala Cys Gly Gly Phe Asp Phe Thr  
100 105 110

His Arg Glu Phe Arg Lys Leu Trp Ser Glu Gly Pro Lys Ser Val Ser  
115 120 125

Val Tyr Glu Ser Phe Ala Trp Phe Tyr Ala Val Asn Thr Gly Gln Ile  
130 135 140

Ser Ile Arg His Gly Met Arg Gly Pro Ser Ser Ala Leu Val Ala Glu  
145 150 155 160

Gln Ala Gly Gly Leu Asp Ala Leu Gly His Ala Arg Arg Thr Ile Arg  
165 170 175

Arg Gly Thr Pro Leu Val Val Ser Gly Gly Val Asp Ser Ala Leu Asp  
180 185 190

Pro Trp Gly Trp Val Ser Gln Ile Ala Ser Gly Arg Ile Ser Thr Ala  
195 200 205

Thr Asp Pro Asp Arg Ala Tyr Leu Pro Phe Asp Glu Arg Ala Ala Gly  
210 215 220

Tyr Val Pro Gly Glu Gly Ala Ile Leu Val Leu Glu Asp Ser Ala  
225 230 235 240

Ala Ala Glu Ala Arg Gly Arg His Asp Ala Tyr Gly Glu Leu Ala Gly  
245 250 255

Cys Ala Ser Thr Phe Asp Pro Ala Pro Gly Ser Gly Arg Pro Ala Gly  
260 265 270

Leu Glu Arg Ala Ile Arg Leu Ala Leu Asn Asp Ala Gly Thr Gly Pro  
275 280 285

Glu Asp Val Asp Val Val Phe Ala Asp Gly Ala Gly Val Pro Glu Leu  
290 295 300

Asp Ala Ala Glu Ala Arg Ala Ile Gly Arg Val Phe Gly Arg Glu Gly  
305 310 315 320

Val Pro Val Thr Val Pro Lys Thr Thr Gly Arg Leu Tyr Ser Gly  
325 330 335

Gly Gly Pro Leu Asp Val Val Thr Ala Leu Met Ser Leu Arg Glu Gly  
340 345 350

Val Ile Ala Pro Thr Ala Gly Val Thr Ser Val Pro Arg Glu Tyr Gly  
355 360 365

Ile Asp Leu Val Leu Gly Glu Pro Arg Ser Thr Ala Pro Arg Thr Ala  
 370                   375                   380

Leu Val Leu Ala Arg Gly Arg Trp Gly Phe Asn Ser Ala Ala Val Leu  
 385                   390                   395                   400

Arg Arg Phe Ala Pro Thr Pro  
 405

<210> 4

<211> 403

<212> PRT

<213> Saccharopolyspora hirsuta

<400> 4

Met Ser Thr Trp Val Thr Gly Met Gly Val Val Ala Pro Asn Gly Leu  
 1                   5                   10                   15

Gly Ala Asp Asp His Trp Ala Ala Thr Leu Lys Gly Arg His Gly Ile  
 20                   25                   30

Ser Arg Leu Ser Arg Phe Asp Pro Thr Gly Tyr Pro Ala Glu Leu Ala  
 35                   40                   45

Gly Gln Val Leu Asp Phe Asp Ala Thr Glu His Leu Pro Lys Arg Leu  
 50                   55                   60

Leu Pro Gln Thr Asp Val Ser Thr Arg Phe Ala Leu Ala Ala Ala Ala  
 65                   70                   75                   80

Trp Ala Leu Ala Asp Ala Glu Val Asp Pro Ala Glu Leu Pro Glu Tyr  
 85                   90                   95

Gly Thr Gly Val Ile Thr Ser Asn Ala Thr Gly Gly Phe Glu Phe Thr  
 100                  105                  110

His Arg Glu Phe Arg Lys Leu Trp Ala Gln Gly Pro Glu Phe Val Ser  
115 120 125

Val Tyr Glu Ser Phe Ala Trp Phe Tyr Ala Val Asn Thr Gly Gln Ile  
130 135 140

Ser Ile Arg His Gly Leu Arg Gly Pro Gly Ser Val Leu Val Ala Glu  
145 150 155 160

Gln Ala Gly Gly Leu Asp Ala Val Gly His Gly Ala Val Arg Asn  
165 170 175

Gly Thr Pro Met Val Val Thr Gly Gly Val Asp Ser Ser Phe Asp Pro  
180 185 190

Trp Gly Trp Val Ser His Val Ser Ser Gly Arg Val Ser Arg Ala Thr  
195 200 205

Asp Pro Gly Arg Ala Tyr Leu Pro Phe Asp Val Ala Ala Asn Gly Tyr  
210 215 220

Val Pro Gly Glu Gly Gly Ala Ile Leu Leu Leu Glu Asp Ala Glu Ser  
225 230 235 240

Ala Lys Ala Arg Gly Ala Thr Gly Tyr Gly Glu Ile Ala Gly Tyr Ala  
245 250 255

Ala Thr Phe Asp Pro Ala Pro Gly Ser Glu Arg Pro Pro Ala Leu Arg  
260 265 270

Arg Ala Ile Glu Leu Ala Leu Ala Asp Ala Glu Leu Arg Pro Glu Gln  
275 280 285

Val Asp Val Val Phe Ala Asp Ala Ala Gly Val Ala Glu Leu Asp Ala  
290 295 300

Ile Glu Ala Ala Ala Ile Arg Glu Leu Phe Gly Pro Ser Gly Val Pro  
305 310 315 320

Val Thr Ala Pro Lys Thr Met Thr Gly Arg Leu Tyr Ser Gly Gly Gly  
325 330 335

Pro Leu Asp Leu Val Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Ile Arg Asp Gly Val Ile  
340 345 350

Pro Pro Thr Val His Thr Ala Glu Pro Val Pro Glu His Gln Leu Asp  
355 360 365

Leu Val Thr Gly Asp Pro Arg His Gln Gln Leu Gly Thr Ala Leu Val  
370 375 380

Leu Ala Arg Gly Lys Trp Gly Phe Asn Ser Ala Val Val Val Arg Gly  
385 390 395 400

Val Thr Gly

<210> 5

<211> 415

<212> PRT

<213> Streptomyces violaceoruber

<400> 5

Met Ser Thr Pro Asp Arg Arg Arg Ala Val Val Thr Gly Leu Ser Val  
1 5 10 15

Ala Ala Pro Gly Gly Leu Gly Thr Glu Arg Tyr Trp Lys Ser Leu Leu  
20 25 30

Thr Gly Glu Asn Gly Ile Ala Glu Leu Ser Arg Phe Asp Ala Ser Arg  
35 40 45

Tyr Pro Ser Arg Leu Ala Gly Gln Ile Asp Asp Phe Glu Ala Ser Glu  
50 55 60

His Leu Pro Ser Arg Leu Leu Pro Gln Thr Asp Val Ser Thr Arg Tyr  
 65 70 75 80

Ala Leu Ala Ala Ala Asp Trp Ala Leu Ala Asp Ala Gly Val Gly Pro  
 85 90 95

Glu Ser Gly Leu Asp Asp Tyr Asp Leu Gly Val Val Thr Ser Thr Ala  
 100 105 110

Gln Gly Gly Phe Asp Phe Thr His Arg Glu Phe His Lys Leu Trp Ser  
 115 120 125

Gln Gly Pro Ala Tyr Val Ser Val Tyr Glu Ser Phe Ala Trp Phe Tyr  
 130 135 140

Ala Val Asn Thr Gly Gln Ile Ser Ile Arg Asn Thr Met Arg Gly Pro  
 145 150 155 160

Ser Ala Ala Leu Val Gly Glu Gln Ala Gly Gly Leu Asp Ala Ile Gly  
 165 170 175

His Ala Arg Arg Thr Val Arg Arg Gly Pro Gly Trp Cys Ser Ala Val  
 180 185 190

Ala Ser Thr Arg Arg Ser Thr Arg Gly Ala Ser Ser Ser Gln Leu Ser  
 195 200 205

Gly Gly Leu Val Ser Thr Val Ala Asp Pro Glu Arg Ala Tyr Leu Pro  
 210 215 220

Phe Asp Val Asp Ala Ser Gly Tyr Val Pro Gly Glu Gly Ala Val  
 225 230 235 240

Leu Ile Val Glu Asp Ala Asp Ser Ala Arg Ala Arg Gly Ala Glu Arg  
 245 250 255

Ile Tyr Val Arg Ser Pro Leu Arg Arg Asp Pro Ala Pro Gly Ser Gly  
 260 265 270

Arg Pro Pro Ala Leu Gly Arg Ala Ala Glu Leu Ala Leu Ala Glu Ala  
275 280 285

Gly Leu Thr Pro Ala Asp Ile Ser Val Val Phe Ala Asp Gly Ala Gly  
290 295 300

Val Pro Glu Leu Asp Arg Ala Glu Ala Asp Thr Leu Ala Arg Leu Phe  
305 310 315 320

Gly Pro Arg Gly Val Pro Val Thr Ala Pro Lys Ala Leu Thr Gly Arg  
325 330 335

Leu Cys Ala Gly Gly Pro Ala Asp Leu Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala  
340 345 350

Leu Arg Asp Gln Val Ile Pro Ala Thr Gly Arg His Arg Ala Val Pro  
355 360 365

Asp Ala Tyr Ala Leu Asp Leu Val Thr Gly Arg Pro Arg Glu Ala Ala  
370 375 380

Leu Ser Ala Ala Leu Val Leu Ala Arg Gly Arg His Gly Phe Asn Ser  
385 390 395 400

Ala Val Val Val Thr Leu Arg Gly Ser Asp His Arg Arg Pro Thr  
405 410 415

<210> 6

<211> 409

<212> PRT

<213> Streptomyces nogalater

<400> 6

Met Thr Ala Ala Val Val Val Thr Gly Leu Gly Val Val Ala Pro Thr  
1 5 10 15

Gly Leu Gly Val Arg Glu His Trp Ser Ser Thr Val Arg Gly Ala Ser  
 20 25 30

Ala Ile Gly Pro Val Thr Arg Phe Asp Ala Gly Arg Tyr Pro Ser Lys  
 35 40 45

Leu Ala Gly Glu Val Pro Gly Phe Val Pro Glu Asp His Leu Pro Ser  
 50 55 60

Arg Leu Met Pro Gln Thr Asp His Met Thr Arg Leu Ala Leu Val Ala  
 65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Trp Ala Phe Gln Asp Ala Ala Val Asp Pro Ser Lys Leu Pro  
 85 90 95

Glu Tyr Gly Val Gly Val Val Thr Ala Ser Ser Ala Gly Phe Glu  
 100 105 110

Phe Gly His Arg Glu Leu Gln Asn Leu Trp Ser Leu Gly Pro Gln Tyr  
 115 120 125

Val Ser Ala Tyr Gln Ser Phe Ala Trp Phe Tyr Ala Val Asn Thr Gly  
 130 135 140

Gln Val Ser Ile Arg His Gly Leu Arg Gly Pro Gly Gly Val Leu Val  
 145 150 155 160

Thr Glu Gln Ala Gly Gly Leu Asp Ala Leu Gly Gln Ala Arg Arg Gln  
 165 170 175

Leu Arg Arg Gly Leu Pro Met Val Val Ala Gly Ala Val Asp Gly Ser  
 180 185 190

Pro Cys Pro Trp Gly Trp Val Ala Gln Leu Ser Ser Gly Gly Leu Ser  
 195 200 205

Thr Ser Asp Asp Pro Arg Arg Ala Tyr Leu Pro Phe Asp Ala Ala Ala  
 210 215 220

Gly Gly His Val Pro Gly Glu Gly Gly Ala Leu Leu Val Leu Glu Ser  
225 230 235 240

Asp Glu Ser Ala Arg Ala Arg Gly Val Thr Arg Trp Tyr Gly Arg Ile  
245 250 255

Asp Gly Tyr Ala Ala Thr Phe Asp Pro Pro Pro Gly Ser Gly Arg Pro  
260 265 270

Pro Asn Leu Leu Arg Ala Ala Gln Ala Ala Leu Asp Asp Ala Glu Val  
275 280 285

Gly Pro Glu Ala Val Asp Val Val Phe Ala Asp Ala Ser Gly Thr Pro  
290 295 300

Asp Glu Asp Ala Ala Glu Ala Asp Ala Val Arg Arg Leu Phe Gly Pro  
305 310 315 320

Tyr Gly Val Pro Val Thr Ala Pro Lys Thr Met Thr Gly Arg Leu Ser  
325 330 335

Ala Gly Gly Ala Ala Leu Asp Val Ala Thr Ala Leu Leu Ala Leu Arg  
340 345 350

Glu Gly Val Val Pro Pro Thr Val Asn Val Ser Arg Pro Arg Pro Glu  
355 360 365

Tyr Glu Leu Asp Leu Val Leu Ala Pro Arg Arg Thr Pro Leu Ala Arg  
370 375 380

Ala Leu Val Leu Ala Arg Gly Arg Gly Phe Asn Ala Ala Met Val  
385 390 395 400

Val Ala Gly Pro Arg Ala Glu Thr Arg  
405

&lt;210&gt; 7

&lt;211&gt; 409

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Streptomyces glaucescens

&lt;400&gt; 7

Met Ser Ala Pro Ala Pro Val Val Val Thr Gly Leu Gly Ile Val Ala  
 1 5 10 15

Pro Asn Gly Thr Gly Thr Glu Glu Tyr Trp Ala Ala Thr Leu Ala Gly  
 20 25 30

Lys Ser Gly Ile Asp Val Ile Gln Arg Phe Asp Pro His Gly Tyr Pro  
 35 40 45

Val Arg Val Gly Gly Glu Val Leu Ala Phe Asp Ala Ala Ala His Leu  
 50 55 60

Pro Gly Arg Leu Leu Pro Gln Thr Asp Arg Met Thr Gln His Ala Leu  
 65 70 75 80

Val Ala Ala Glu Trp Ala Leu Ala Asp Ala Gly Leu Glu Pro Glu Lys  
 85 90 95

Gln Asp Glu Tyr Gly Leu Gly Val Leu Thr Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly  
 100 105 110

Phe Glu Phe Gly Gln Arg Glu Met Gln Lys Leu Trp Gly Thr Gly Pro  
 115 120 125

Glu Arg Val Ser Ala Tyr Gln Ser Phe Ala Trp Phe Tyr Ala Val Asn  
 130 135 140

Thr Gly Gln Ile Ser Ile Arg His Gly Met Arg Gly His Ser Ser Val  
 145 150 155 160

Phe Val Thr Glu Gln Ala Gly Gly Leu Asp Ala Ala Ala His Ala Ala  
 165 170 175

Arg Leu Leu Arg Lys Gly Thr Leu Asn Thr Ala Leu Thr Gly Gly Cys  
 180                    185                    190

Glu Ala Ser Leu Cys Pro Trp Gly Leu Val Ala Gln Ile Pro Ser Gly  
 195                    200                    205

Phe Leu Ser Glu Ala Thr Asp Pro His Asp Ala Tyr Leu Pro Phe Asp  
 210                    215                    220

Ala Arg Ala Ala Gly Tyr Val Pro Gly Glu Gly Ala Met Leu Val  
 225                    230                    235                    240

Ala Glu Arg Ala Asp Ser Ala Arg Glu Arg Asp Ala Ala Thr Val Tyr  
 245                    250                    255

Gly Arg Ile Ala Gly His Ala Ser Thr Phe Asp Ala Arg Pro Gly Thr  
 260                    265                    270

Gly Arg Pro Thr Gly Pro Ala Arg Ala Ile Arg Leu Ala Leu Glu Glu  
 275                    280                    285

Ala Arg Val Ala Pro Glu Asp Val Asp Val Val Tyr Ala Asp Ala Ala  
 290                    295                    300

Gly Val Pro Ala Leu Asp Arg Ala Glu Ala Leu Ala Glu Val  
 305                    310                    315                    320

Phe Gly Pro Gly Ala Val Pro Val Thr Ala Pro Lys Thr Met Thr Gly  
 325                    330                    335

Arg Leu Tyr Ala Gly Gly Ala Ala Leu Asp Val Ala Thr Ala Leu Leu  
 340                    345                    350

Ser Ile Arg Asp Cys Val Val Pro Pro Thr Val Gly Thr Gly Ala Pro  
 355                    360                    365

Ala Pro Gly Leu Gly Ile Asp Leu Val Leu His Gln Pro Arg Glu Leu  
 370                    375                    380

Arg Val Asp Thr Ala Leu Val Val Ala Arg Gly Met Gly Gly Phe Asn  
 385                   390                   395                   400

Ser Ala Leu Val Val Arg Arg His Gly  
 405

<210> 8  
<211> 402  
<212> PRT  
<213> Streptomyces cinnamonensis

<400> 8  
Met Thr Pro Val Ala Val Thr Gly Met Gly Ile Ala Ala Pro Asn Gly  
 1               5                   10                   15

Leu Gly Arg Pro Thr Thr Gly Arg Pro Pro Trp Ala Pro Arg Ala Ala  
 20               25                   30

Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Arg Phe Asp Pro Ser Gly Tyr Pro Ala Gln Leu  
 35               40                   45

Ala Gly Glu Ile Pro Gly Phe Arg Ala Ala Glu His Leu Pro Gly Arg  
 50               55                   60

Leu Val Pro Gln Thr Asp Arg Val Thr Arg Leu Ser Leu Ala Ala Ala  
 65               70                   75                   80

Asp Trp Ala Leu Ala Asp Ala Gly Val Glu Val Ala Ala Phe Asp Pro  
 85               90                   95

Leu Asp Met Gly Val Val Thr Ala Ser His Ala Gly Gly Phe Glu Phe  
 100               105                   110

Gly Gln Asp Glu Leu Gln Lys Leu Leu Gly Gln Gly Gln Pro Val Leu  
 115               120                   125

Ser Ala Tyr Gln Ser Phe Ala Trp Phe Tyr Ala Val Asn Ser Gly Gln  
130 135 140

Ile Ser Ile Arg His Gly Met Lys Gly Pro Ser Gly Val Val Val Ser  
145 150 155 160

Asp Gln Ala Gly Gly Leu Asp Ala Leu Ala Gln Ala Arg Arg Leu Val  
165 170 175

Arg Lys Gly Thr Pro Leu Ile Val Cys Gly Ala Val Glu Pro Arg Ser  
180 185 190

Ala Pro Gly Ala Gly Ser Pro Ser Ser Pro Ala Gly Gly Met Ser Asp  
195 200 205

Ser Asp Glu Pro Asn Arg Ala Tyr Leu Pro Phe Asp Arg Asp Gly Arg  
210 215 220

Gly Tyr Val Pro Gly Gly Arg Gly Val Val Pro Pro Leu Glu Arg  
225 230 235 240

Ala Glu Ala Ala Pro Ala Arg Gly Ala Glu Val Tyr Gly Glu Ala Gly  
245 250 255

Pro Leu Ala Arg Leu Pro Ala Pro His Ser Gly Arg Gly Ser Thr Arg  
260 265 270

Ala His Ala Ile Arg Thr Ala Leu Asp Asp Ala Gly Thr Ala Pro Gly  
275 280 285

Asp Ile Arg Arg Val Phe Ala Asp Gly Gly Arg Tyr Pro Asn Asp  
290 295 300

Arg Ala Glu Ala Glu Ala Ile Ser Glu Val Phe Gly Pro Gly Arg Val  
305 310 315 320

Pro Val Thr Cys Pro Arg Thr Met Thr Gly Arg Leu His Ser Gly Ala  
325 330 335

Ala Pro Leu Asp Val Ala Cys Ala Leu Leu Ala Met Arg Ala Gly Val  
 340                   345                   350

Ile Pro Pro Thr Val His Ile Asp Pro Cys Pro Glu Tyr Asp Leu Asp  
 355                   360                   365

Leu Val Leu Tyr Gln Val Arg Pro Ala Ala Leu Arg Thr Ala Leu Gly  
 370                   375                   380

Gly Ala Arg Gly His Gly Gly Phe Asn Ser Ala Leu Val Val Arg Ala  
 385                   390                   395                   400

Gly Gln

<210> 9

<211> 404

<212> PRT

<213> Streptomyces venezuelae

<400> 9

Met Ser Ala Ser Val Val Val Thr Gly Leu Gly Val Ala Ala Pro Asn  
 1                   5                   10                   15

Gly Leu Gly Arg Glu Asp Phe Trp Ala Ser Thr Leu Gly Gly Lys Ser  
 20                   25                   30

Gly Ile Gly Pro Leu Thr Arg Phe Asp Pro Thr Gly Tyr Pro Ala Arg  
 35                   40                   45

Leu Ala Gly Glu Val Pro Gly Phe Ala Ala Glu Glu His Leu Pro Ser  
 50                   55                   60

Arg Leu Leu Pro Gln Thr Asp Arg Met Thr Arg Leu Ala Leu Val Ala  
 65                   70                   75                   80

Ala Asp Trp Ala Leu Ala Asp Ala Gly Val Arg Pro Glu Glu Gln Asp  
85 90 95

Asp Phe Asp Met Gly Val Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Ser Gly Gly Phe Glu  
100 105 110

Phe Gly Gln Gly Glu Leu Gln Lys Leu Trp Ser Gln Gly Ser Gln Tyr  
115 120 125

Val Ser Ala Tyr Gln Ser Phe Ala Trp Phe Tyr Ala Val Asn Ser Gly  
130 135 140

Gln Ile Ser Ile Arg Asn Gly Met Lys Gly Pro Ser Gly Val Val Val  
145 150 155 160

Ser Asp Gln Ala Gly Gly Leu Asp Ala Val Ala Gln Ala Arg Arg Gln  
165 170 175

Ile Arg Lys Gly Thr Arg Leu Ile Val Ser Gly Gly Val Asp Ala Ser  
180 185 190

Leu Cys Pro Trp Gly Trp Val Ala His Val Ala Ser Asp Arg Leu Ser  
195 200 205

Thr Ser Glu Glu Pro Ala Arg Gly Tyr Leu Pro Phe Asp Arg Glu Ala  
210 215 220

Gln Gly His Val Pro Gly Glu Gly Gly Ala Ile Leu Val Met Glu Ala  
225 230 235 240

Ala Glu Ala Ala Arg Glu Arg Gly Ala Arg Ile Tyr Gly Glu Ile Ala  
245 250 255

Gly Tyr Gly Ser Thr Phe Asp Pro Arg Pro Gly Ser Gly Arg Glu Pro  
260 265 270

Gly Leu Arg Lys Ala Ile Glu Leu Ala Leu Ala Asp Ala Gly Ala Ala  
275 280 285

Pro Gly Asp Ile Asp Val Val Phe Ala Asp Ala Ala Ala Val Pro Glu  
 290                    295                    300

Leu Asp Arg Val Glu Ala Glu Ala Leu Asn Ala Val Phe Gly Thr Gly  
 305                    310                    315                    320

Ala Val Pro Val Thr Ala Pro Lys Thr Met Thr Gly Arg Leu Tyr Ser  
 325                    330                    335

Gly Ala Ala Pro Leu Asp Leu Ala Ala Ala Phe Leu Ala Met Asp Glu  
 340                    345                    350

Gly Val Ile Pro Pro Thr Val Asn Val Glu Pro Asp Ala Ala Tyr Gly  
 355                    360                    365

Leu Asp Leu Val Val Gly Gly Pro Arg Thr Ala Glu Val Asn Thr Ala  
 370                    375                    380

Leu Val Ile Ala Arg Gly His Gly Gly Phe Asn Ser Ala Met Val Val  
 385                    390                    395                    400

Arg Ser Ala Asn

<210> 10

<211> 424

<212> PRT

<213> Streptomyces coelicolor

<400> 10

Met Ser Gly Pro Gln Arg Thr Gly Thr Gly Gly Ser Arg Arg Ala  
 1                    5                    10                    15

Val Val Thr Gly Leu Gly Val Leu Ser Pro His Gly Thr Gly Val Glu  
 20                    25                    30

Ala His Trp Lys Ala Val Ala Asp Gly Thr Ser Ser Leu Gly Pro Val  
 35                          40                          45

Thr Arg Glu Gly Cys Ala His Leu Pro Leu Arg Val Ala Gly Glu Val  
 50                          55                          60

His Gly Phe Asp Ala Ala Glu Thr Val Glu Asp Arg Phe Leu Val Gln  
 65                          70                          75                          80

Thr Asp Arg Phe Thr His Phe Ala Leu Ser Ala Thr Gln His Ala Leu  
 85                          90                          95

Ala Asp Ala Arg Phe Gly Arg Ala Asp Val Asp Ser Pro Tyr Ser Val  
 100                        105                        110

Gly Val Val Thr Ala Ala Gly Ser Gly Gly Glu Phe Gly Gln Arg  
 115                        120                        125

Glu Leu Gln Asn Leu Trp Gly His Gly Ser Arg His Val Gly Pro Tyr  
 130                        135                        140

Gln Ser Ile Ala Trp Phe Tyr Ala Ala Ser Thr Gly Gln Val Ser Ile  
 145                        150                        155                        160

Arg Asn Asp Phe Lys Gly Pro Cys Gly Val Val Ala Ala Asp Glu Ala  
 165                        170                        175

Gly Gly Leu Asp Ala Leu Ala His Ala Ala Leu Ala Val Arg Asn Gly  
 180                        185                        190

Thr Asp Thr Val Val Cys Gly Ala Thr Glu Ala Pro Leu Ala Pro Tyr  
 195                        200                        205

Ser Ile Val Cys Gln Leu Gly Tyr Pro Glu Leu Ser Arg Ala Thr Glu  
 210                        215                        220

Pro Asp Arg Ala Tyr Arg Pro Phe Thr Glu Ala Ala Cys Gly Phe Ala  
 225                        230                        235                        240

Pro Ala Glu Gly Gly Ala Val Leu Val Val Glu Glu Glu Ala Ala Ala  
245 250 255

Arg Glu Arg Gly Ala Asp Val Arg Ala Thr Val Ala Gly His Ala Ala  
260 265 270

Thr Phe Thr Gly Ala Gly Arg Trp Ala Glu Ser Arg Glu Gly Leu Ala  
275 280 285

Arg Ala Ile Gln Gly Ala Leu Ala Glu Ala Gly Cys Arg Pro Glu Glu  
290 295 300

Val Asp Val Val Phe Ala Asp Ala Leu Gly Val Pro Glu Ala Asp Arg  
305 310 315 320

Ala Glu Ala Leu Ala Leu Ala Asp Ala Leu Gly Pro His Ala Ala Arg  
325 330 335

Val Pro Val Thr Ala Pro Lys Thr Gly Thr Gly Arg Ala Tyr Cys Ala  
340 345 350

Ala Pro Val Leu Asp Val Ala Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Met Glu His Gly  
355 360 365

Leu Ile Pro Pro Thr Pro His Val Leu Asp Val Cys His Asp Leu Asp  
370 375 380

Leu Val Thr Gly Arg Ala Arg Pro Ala Glu Pro Arg Thr Ala Leu Val  
385 390 395 400

Leu Ala Arg Gly Leu Met Gly Ser Asn Ser Ala Leu Val Leu Arg Arg  
405 410 415

Gly Ala Val Pro Pro Glu Gly Arg  
420

&lt;210&gt; 11

&lt;211&gt; 421

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Streptomyces violaceoruber

&lt;400&gt; 11

Met	Thr	Arg	Arg	Val	Val	Ile	Thr	Gly	Val	Gly	Val	Arg	Ala	Pro	Gly
1															
				5					10						15

Gly	Ser	Gly	Thr	Lys	Glu	Phe	Trp	Asp	Leu	Leu	Thr	Ala	Gly	Arg	Thr
				20					25						30

Ala	Thr	Arg	Pro	Ile	Ser	Phe	Phe	Asp	Ala	Ser	Pro	Phe	Arg	Ser	Arg
				35					40						45

Ile	Ala	Gly	Glu	Ile	Asp	Phe	Asp	Ala	Val	Ala	Glu	Gly	Phe	Ser	Pro
				50					55						60

Arg	Glu	Val	Arg	Arg	Met	Asp	Arg	Ala	Thr	Gln	Phe	Ala	Val	Ala	Cys
				65					70						80

Thr	Arg	Asp	Ala	Leu	Ala	Asp	Ser	Gly	Leu	Asp	Thr	Gly	Ala	Leu	Asp
				85					90						95

Pro	Ser	Arg	Ile	Gly	Val	Ala	Leu	Gly	Ser	Ala	Val	Ala	Ser	Ala	Thr
				100					105						110

Ser	Leu	Glu	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Leu	Val	Met	Ser	Asp	Ser	Gly	Arg	Glu	Trp
				115					120						125

Leu	Val	Asp	Pro	Ala	His	Leu	Ser	Pro	Met	Met	Phe	Asp	Tyr	Leu	Ser
				130					135						140

Pro	Gly	Val	Met	Pro	Ala	Glu	Val	Ala	Trp	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala	Glu	Gly
			145						150			155			160

Pro	Val	Thr	Met	Val	Ser	Asp	Gly	Cys	Thr	Ser	Gly	Leu	Asp	Ser	Val
			165						170						175

Gly Tyr Ala Val Gln Gly Thr Arg Glu Gly Ser Ala Asp Val Val Val  
180 185 190

Ala Gly Ala Ala Asp Thr Pro Val Ser Pro Ile Val Val Ala Cys Phe  
195 200 205

Asp Ala Ile Lys Ala Thr Thr Pro Arg Asn Asp Asp Pro Ala His Ala  
210 215 220

Ser Arg Pro Phe Asp Gly Thr Arg Asn Gly Phe Val Leu Ala Glu Gly  
225 230 235 240

Ala Ala Met Phe Val Leu Glu Glu Tyr Glu Ala Ala Gln Arg Arg Gly  
245 250 255

Ala His Ile Tyr Ala Glu Val Gly Gly Tyr Ala Thr Arg Ser Gln Ala  
260 265 270

Tyr His Met Thr Gly Leu Lys Lys Asp Gly Arg Glu Met Ala Glu Ser  
275 280 285

Ile Arg Ala Ala Leu Asp Glu Ala Arg Leu Asp Arg Thr Ala Val Asp  
290 295 300

Tyr Val Asn Ala His Gly Ser Gly Thr Lys Gln Asn Asp Arg His Glu  
305 310 315 320

Thr Ala Ala Phe Lys Arg Ser Leu Gly Glu His Ala Tyr Ala Val Pro  
325 330 335

Val Ser Ser Ile Lys Ser Met Gly Gly His Ser Leu Gly Ala Ile Gly  
340 345 350

Ser Ile Glu Ile Ala Ala Ser Val Leu Ala Ile Glu His Asn Val Val  
355 360 365

Pro Pro Thr Ala Asn Leu His Thr Pro Asp Pro Glu Cys Asp Leu Asp  
370 375 380

Tyr Val Pro Leu Thr Ala Arg Glu Gln Arg Val Asp Thr Val Leu Thr  
 385                    390                    395                    400

Val Gly Ser Gly Phe Gly Gly Phe Gln Ser Ala Met Val Leu His Arg  
405 410 415

Pro Glu Glu Ala Ala  
420

<210> 12  
<211> 422  
<212> PRT  
<213> *Saccharopolyspora hirsuta*

<400> 12  
Met Thr Arg Arg Val Val Ile Thr Gly Val Gly Val Arg Ala Pro Gly  
1 5 10 15

Gly Leu Gly Ala Lys Asn Phe Trp Glu Leu Leu Thr Ser Gly Arg Thr  
20 25 30

Ala Thr Arg Arg Ile Ser Phe Phe Asp Pro Thr Pro Asn Arg Ser Gln  
 35                          40                          45

Ile Ala Ala Glu Cys Asp Phe Asp Pro Glu His Glu Gly Leu Ser Pro  
 50 55 60

Arg Glu Ile Arg Arg Met Asp Arg Ala Ala Gln Phe Ala Val Val Cys  
65 70 75 80

Thr Arg Asp Ala Val Ala Asp Ser Gly Leu Glu Phe Glu Gln Val Pro  
85 90 95

Pro Glu Arg Ile Gly Val Ser Leu Gly Ser Ala Val Ala Ala Thr  
100 105 110

Ser Leu Glu Gln Glu Tyr Leu Val Leu Ser Asp Gly Gly Arg Glu Trp  
 115                    120                    125

Gln Val Asp Pro Ala Tyr Leu Ser Ala His Met Phe Asp Tyr Leu Ser  
 130                    135                    140

Pro Gly Val Met Pro Ala Glu Val Ala Trp Thr Val Gly Ala Glu Gly  
 145                    150                    155                    160

Pro Val Ala Met Val Ser Asp Gly Cys Thr Ser Gly Leu Asp Ser Leu  
 165                    170                    175

Ser His Ala Cys Ser Leu Ile Ala Glu Gly Thr Thr Asp Val Met Val  
 180                    185                    190

Ala Gly Ala Ala Asp Thr Pro Ile Thr Pro Ile Val Val Ser Cys Phe  
 195                    200                    205

Asp Ala Ile Lys Ala Thr Thr Pro Arg Asn Asp Asp Pro Glu His Ala  
 210                    215                    220

Ser Arg Pro Phe Asp Asn Ser Arg Asn Gly Phe Val Leu Ala Glu Gly  
 225                    230                    235                    240

Ala Ala Leu Phe Val Leu Glu Leu Glu His Ala Arg Ala Arg Gly  
 245                    250                    255

Ala His Val Tyr Ala Glu Ile Ser Gly Cys Ala Thr Arg Leu Asn Ala  
 260                    265                    270

Tyr His Met Thr Gly Leu Lys Thr Asp Gly Arg Glu Met Ala Glu Ala  
 275                    280                    285

Ile Arg Val Ala Leu Asp Leu Ala Arg Ile Asp Pro Thr Asp Ile Asp  
 290                    295                    300

Tyr Ile Asn Ala His Gly Ser Gly Thr Lys Gln Asn Asp Arg His Glu  
 305                    310                    315                    320

Thr Ala Ala Phe Lys Arg Ser Leu Gly Glu His Ala Tyr Arg Thr Pro  
 325                   330                   335

Val Ser Ser Ile Lys Ser Met Val Gly His Ser Leu Gly Ala Ile Gly  
 340                   345                   350

Ser Ile Glu Val Ala Ala Cys Ala Leu Ala Ile Glu His Gly Val Val  
 355                   360                   365

Pro Pro Thr Ala Asn Leu His Glu Pro Asp Pro Glu Cys Asp Leu Asp  
 370                   375                   380

Tyr Val Pro Leu Thr Ala Arg Glu Gln Arg Val Asp Thr Val Leu Ser  
 385                   390                   395                   400

Val Gly Ser Gly Phe Gly Gly Phe Gln Ser Ala Met Val Leu Arg Arg  
 405                   410                   415

Leu Gly Gly Ala Asn Ser  
 420

<210> 13  
<211> 424  
<212> PRT  
<213> Streptomyces coelicolor

<400> 13  
Met Lys Arg Arg Val Val Ile Thr Gly Val Gly Val Arg Ala Pro Gly  
 1                   5                   10                   15

Gly Asn Gly Thr Arg Gln Phe Trp Glu Leu Leu Thr Ser Gly Arg Thr  
 20                   25                   30

Ala Thr Arg Arg Ile Ser Phe Phe Asp Pro Ser Pro Tyr Arg Ser Gln  
 35                   40                   45

Val Ala Ala Glu Ala Asp Phe Asp Pro Val Ala Glu Gly Phe Gly Pro		
50	55	60
Arg Glu Leu Asp Arg Met Asp Arg Ala Ser Gln Phe Ala Val Ala Cys		
65	70	75
Ala Arg Glu Ala Phe Ala Ala Ser Gly Leu Asp Pro Asp Thr Leu Asp		
85	90	95
Pro Ala Arg Val Gly Val Ser Leu Gly Ser Ala Val Ala Ala Thr		
100	105	110
Ser Leu Glu Arg Glu Tyr Leu Leu Ser Asp Ser Gly Arg Asp Trp		
115	120	125
Glu Val Asp Ala Ala Trp Leu Ser Arg His Met Phe Asp Tyr Leu Val		
130	135	140
Pro Ser Val Met Pro Ala Glu Val Ala Trp Ala Val Gly Ala Glu Gly		
145	150	155
Pro Val Thr Met Val Ser Thr Gly Cys Thr Ser Gly Leu Asp Ser Val		
165	170	175
Gly Asn Ala Val Arg Ala Ile Glu Glu Gly Ser Ala Asp Val Met Phe		
180	185	190
Ala Gly Ala Ala Asp Thr Pro Ile Thr Pro Ile Val Val Ala Cys Phe		
195	200	205
Asp Ala Ile Arg Ala Thr Thr Ala Arg Asn Asp Asp Pro Glu His Ala		
210	215	220
Ser Arg Pro Phe Asp Gly Thr Arg Asp Gly Phe Val Leu Ala Glu Gly		
225	230	235
Ala Ala Met Phe Val Leu Glu Asp Tyr Asp Ser Ala Leu Ala Arg Gly		
245	250	255

Ala Arg Ile His Ala Glu Ile Ser Gly Tyr Ala Thr Arg Cys Asn Ala  
260 265 270

Tyr His Met Thr Gly Leu Lys Ala Asp Gly Arg Glu Met Ala Glu Thr  
275 280 285

Ile Arg Val Ala Leu Asp Glu Ser Arg Thr Asp Ala Thr Asp Ile Asp  
290 295 300

Tyr Ile Asn Ala His Gly Ser Gly Thr Arg Gln Asn Asp Arg His Glu  
305 310 315 320

Thr Ala Ala Tyr Lys Arg Ala Leu Gly Glu His Ala Arg Arg Thr Pro  
325 330 335

Val Ser Ser Ile Lys Ser Met Val Gly His Ser Leu Gly Ala Ile Gly  
340 345 350

Ser Leu Glu Ile Ala Ala Cys Val Leu Ala Leu Glu His Gly Val Val  
355 360 365

Pro Pro Thr Ala Asn Leu Arg Thr Ser Asp Pro Glu Cys Asp Leu Asp  
370 375 380

Tyr Val Pro Leu Glu Ala Arg Glu Arg Lys Leu Arg Ser Val Leu Thr  
385 390 395 400

Val Gly Ser Gly Phe Gly Phe Gln Ser Ala Met Val Leu Arg Asp  
405 410 415

Ala Glu Thr Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala  
420

<210> 14

<211> 420

<212> PRT

<213> *Streptomyces cinnamonensis*

<400> 14

Met Thr Gln Arg Arg Val Ala Ile Thr Gly Ile Glu Val Leu Ala Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Gly Leu Gly Arg Lys Glu Phe Trp Gln Leu Leu Ser Glu Gly Arg  
20 25 30

Thr Ala Thr Arg Gly Ile Thr Phe Phe Asp Pro Ala Pro Phe Arg Ser  
 35 40 45

Lys Val Ala Ala Glu Ala Asp Phe Cys Gly Leu Glu Asn Gly Leu Ser  
 50                    55                    60

Pro Gln Glu Val Arg Arg Met Asp Arg Ala Ala Gln Phe Ala Val Val  
 65                    70                    75                    80

Thr Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Asp Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Ala His Pro  
85 90 95

Pro His Arg Ile Gly Val Val Val Gly Ser Ala Val Gly Ala Thr Met  
 100 105 110

Gly Leu Asp Asn Glu Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Asp Gly Gly Arg Leu Asp  
115 120 125

Leu Val Asp His Arg Tyr Ala Val Pro His Leu Tyr Asn Tyr Leu Val  
130 135 140

Pro Ser Ser Phe Ala Ala Glu Val Ala Trp Ala Val Gly Ala Glu Gly  
145 150 155 160

Pro Ser Thr Val Val Ser Thr Gly Cys Thr Ser Gly Ile Asp Ala Val  
 165                    170                    175

Gly Ile Ala Val Glu Leu Val Arg Glu Gly Ser Val Asp Val Met Val  
180 185 190

Ala Gly Ala Val Asp Ala Pro Ile Ser Pro Ile Pro Cys Val Leu Asp  
195 200 205

Ala Ile Lys Ala Thr Thr Pro Arg His Asp Ala Pro Ala Thr Ala Ser  
210 215 220

Arg Pro Phe Asp Ser Thr Arg Asn Gly Phe Val Leu Gly Glu Gly Ala  
225 230 235 240

Ala Phe Phe Val Leu Glu Glu Leu His Ser Ala Arg Arg Arg Gly Ala  
245 250 255

His Ile Tyr Ala Glu Ile Ala Gly Tyr Ala Thr Arg Ser Asn Ala Tyr  
260 265 270

His Met Thr Gly Leu Arg Asp Gly Ala Glu Met Ala Glu Ala Ile Arg  
275 280 285

Leu Ala Leu Asp Glu Ala Arg Leu Asn Pro Glu Gln Val Asp Tyr Ile  
290 295 300

Asn Ala His Gly Ser Gly Thr Lys Gln Asn Asp Arg His Glu Thr Ala  
305 310 315 320

Ala Phe Lys Lys Ala Leu Gly Glu His Ala Tyr Arg Thr Pro Val Ser  
325 330 335

Ser Ile Lys Ser Met Val Gly His Ser Leu Gly Ala Ile Gly Ser Ile  
340 345 350

Glu Ile Ala Ala Ser Ala Leu Ala Met Glu Tyr Asp Val Val Pro Pro  
355 360 365

Thr Ala Asn Leu His Thr Pro Asp Pro Glu Cys Asp Leu Asp Tyr Val  
370 375 380

Pro Leu Thr Ala Arg Asp Gln Arg Val Asp Ser Val Leu Thr Val Gly  
 385                   390                   395                   400

Ser Gly Phe Gly Gly Phe Gln Ser Ala Met Val Leu Thr Ser Ala Gln  
 405                   410                   415

Arg Ser Thr Val  
 420

<210> 15

<211> 422

<212> PRT

<213> Streptomyces venezuelae

<400> 15

Met Thr Ala Arg Arg Val Val Ile Thr Gly Ile Glu Val Leu Ala Pro  
 1                   5                   10                   15

Gly Gly Thr Gly Ser Lys Ala Phe Trp Asn Leu Leu Ser Glu Gly Arg  
 20                   25                   30

Thr Ala Thr Arg Gly Ile Thr Phe Phe Asp Pro Thr Pro Phe Arg Ser  
 35                   40                   45

Arg Val Ala Ala Glu Ile Asp Phe Asp Pro Glu Ala His Gly Leu Ser  
 50                   55                   60

Pro Gln Glu Ile Arg Arg Met Asp Arg Ala Ala Gln Phe Ala Val Val  
 65                   70                   75                   80

Ala Ala Arg Ala Val Ala Asp Ser Gly Ile Asp Leu Ala Ala His Asp  
 85                   90                   95

Pro Tyr Arg Val Gly Val Thr Val Gly Ser Ala Val Gly Ala Thr Met  
 100                  105                  110

Gly Leu Asp Glu Glu Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Asp Gly Gly Arg Leu Asp  
 115 120 125

Leu Val Asp His Ala Tyr Ala Val Pro His Leu Tyr Asp Tyr Met Val  
 130 135 140

Pro Ser Ser Phe Ser Ala Glu Val Ala Trp Ala Val Gly Ala Glu Gly  
 145 150 155 160

Pro Asn Thr Val Val Ser Thr Gly Cys Thr Ser Gly Leu Asp Ser Val  
 165 170 175

Gly Tyr Ala Arg Gly Glu Leu Ile Arg Glu Gly Ser Ala Asp Val Met  
 180 185 190

Ile Ala Gly Ser Ser Asp Ala Pro Ile Ser Pro Ile Thr Met Ala Cys  
 195 200 205

Phe Asp Ala Ile Lys Ala Thr Thr Asn Arg Tyr Asp Asp Pro Ala His  
 210 215 220

Ala Ser Arg Pro Phe Asp Gly Thr Arg Asn Gly Phe Val Leu Gly Glu  
 225 230 235 240

Gly Ala Ala Val Phe Val Leu Glu Leu Glu Ser Ala Arg Ala Arg  
 245 250 255

Gly Ala His Ile Tyr Ala Glu Ile Ala Gly Tyr Ala Thr Arg Ser Asn  
 260 265 270

Ala Tyr His Met Thr Gly Leu Arg Pro Asp Gly Ala Glu Met Ala Glu  
 275 280 285

Ala Ile Arg Val Ala Leu Asp Glu Ala Arg Met Asn Pro Thr Glu Ile  
 290 295 300

Asp Tyr Ile Asn Ala His Gly Ser Gly Thr Lys Gln Asn Asp Arg His  
 305 310 315 320

Glu Thr Ala Ala Phe Lys Lys Ser Leu Gly Asp His Ala Tyr Arg Thr  
 325                    330                    335

Pro Val Ser Ser Ile Lys Ser Met Val Gly His Ser Leu Gly Ala Ile  
 340                    345                    350

Gly Ser Ile Glu Ile Ala Ala Ser Ala Leu Ala Met Glu His Asn Val  
 355                    360                    365

Val Pro Pro Thr Gly Asn Leu His Thr Pro Asp Pro Glu Cys Asp Leu  
 370                    375                    380

Asp Tyr Val Arg Ser Cys Arg Glu Gln Leu Thr Asp Ser Val Leu Thr  
 385                    390                    395                    400

Val Gly Ser Gly Phe Gly Phe Gln Ser Ala Met Val Leu Ala Arg  
 405                    410                    415

Pro Glu Arg Lys Ile Ala  
 420

<210> 16

<211> 430

<212> PRT

<213> Streptomyces nogalater

<400> 16

Met Lys Glu Ser Ile Asn Arg Arg Val Val Ile Thr Gly Ile Gly Ile  
 1                    5                    10                    15

Val Ala Pro Asp Ala Thr Gly Val Lys Pro Phe Trp Asp Leu Leu Thr  
 20                    25                    30

Ala Gly Arg Thr Ala Thr Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Phe Asp Pro Ser Pro  
 35                    40                    45

Phe Arg Ser Arg Ile Ala Ala Glu Cys Asp Phe Asp Pro Leu Ala Glu  
 50 55 60

Gly Leu Thr Pro Gln Gln Ile Arg Arg Met Asp Arg Ala Thr Gln Phe  
 65 70 75 80

Ala Val Val Ser Ala Arg Glu Ser Leu Glu Asp Ser Gly Leu Asp Leu  
 85 90 95

Gly Ala Leu Asp Ala Ser Arg Thr Gly Val Val Val Gly Ser Ala Val  
 100 105 110

Gly Cys Thr Thr Ser Leu Glu Glu Tyr Ala Val Val Ser Asp Ser  
 115 120 125

Gly Arg Asn Trp Leu Val Asp Asp Gly Tyr Ala Val Pro His Leu Phe  
 130 135 140

Asp Tyr Phe Val Pro Ser Ser Ile Ala Ala Glu Val Ala His Asp Arg  
 145 150 155 160

Ile Gly Ala Glu Gly Pro Val Ser Leu Val Ser Thr Gly Cys Thr Ser  
 165 170 175

Gly Leu Asp Ala Val Gly Arg Ala Ala Asp Leu Ile Ala Glu Gly Ala  
 180 185 190

Ala Asp Val Met Leu Ala Gly Ala Thr Glu Ala Pro Ile Ser Pro Ile  
 195 200 205

Thr Val Ala Cys Phe Asp Ala Ile Lys Ala Thr Thr Pro Arg Asn Asp  
 210 215 220

Thr Pro Ala Glu Ala Ser Arg Pro Phe Asp Arg Thr Arg Asn Gly Phe  
 225 230 235 240

Val Leu Gly Glu Gly Ala Ala Val Phe Val Leu Glu Glu Phe Glu His  
 245 250 255

Ala Arg Arg Arg Gly Ala Leu Val Tyr Ala Glu Ile Ala Gly Phe Ala  
260 265 270

Thr Arg Cys Asn Ala Phe His Met Thr Gly Leu Arg Pro Asp Gly Arg  
275 280 285

Glu Met Ala Glu Ala Ile Gly Val Ala Leu Ala Gln Ala Gly Lys Ala  
290 295 300

Pro Ala Asp Val Asp Tyr Val Asn Ala His Gly Ser Gly Thr Arg Gln  
305 310 315 320

Asn Asp Arg His Glu Thr Ala Ala Phe Lys Arg Ser Leu Gly Asp His  
325 330 335

Ala Tyr Arg Val Pro Val Ser Ser Ile Lys Ser Met Ile Gly His Ser  
340 345 350

Leu Gly Ala Ile Gly Ser Leu Glu Ile Ala Ala Ser Val Leu Ala Ile  
355 360 365

Thr His Asp Val Val Pro Pro Thr Ala Asn Leu His Glu Pro Asp Pro  
370 375 380

Glu Cys Asp Leu Asp Tyr Val Pro Leu Arg Ala Arg Ala Cys Pro Val  
385 390 395 400

Asp Thr Val Leu Thr Val Gly Ser Gly Phe Gly Gly Phe Gln Ser Ala  
405 410 415

Met Val Leu Cys Gly Pro Gly Ser Arg Gly Arg Ser Ala Ala  
420 425 430

<210> 17

<211> 426

<212> PRT

<213> *Streptomyces glaucescens*

<400> 17

Met Thr Arg His Ala Glu Lys Arg Val Val Ile Thr Gly Ile Gly Val  
1 5 10 15

Arg Ala Pro Gly Gly Ala Gly Thr Ala Ala Phe Trp Asp Leu Leu Thr  
20 25 30

Ala Gly Arg Thr Ala Thr Arg Thr Ile Ser Leu Phe Asp Ala Ala Pro  
35 40 45

Tyr Arg Ser Arg Ile Ala Gly Glu Ile Asp Phe Asp Pro Ile Gly Glu  
 50                    55                    60

Gly Leu Ser Pro Arg Gln Ala Ser Thr Tyr Asp Arg Ala Thr Gln Leu  
65 70 75 80

Ala Val Val Cys Ala Arg Glu Ala Leu Lys Asp Ser Gly Leu Asp Pro  
85 90 95

Ala Ala Val Asn Pro Glu Arg Ile Gly Val Ser Ile Gly Thr Ala Val  
100 105 110

Gly Ser Arg Trp Leu Val Asp His Thr Leu Ala Val Glu Gln Leu Phe  
130 135 140

Gly Ala Glu Gly Pro Val Thr Val Val Ser Thr Gly Cys Thr Ser Gly  
 165 170 175

Leu Asp Ala Val Gly Tyr Gly Thr Glu Leu Ile Arg Asp Gly Arg Ala  
 180                    185                    190

Asp Val Val Val Cys Gly Ala Thr Asp Ala Pro Ile Ser Pro Ile Thr  
 195                    200                    205

Val Ala Cys Phe Asp Ala Ile Lys Ala Thr Ser Ala Asn Asn Asp Asp  
 210                    215                    220

Pro Ala His Ala Ser Arg Pro Phe Asp Arg Asn Arg Asp Gly Phe Val  
 225                    230                    235                    240

Leu Gly Glu Gly Ser Ala Val Phe Val Leu Glu Glu Leu Ser Ala Ala  
 245                    250                    255

Arg Arg Arg Gly Ala His Ala Tyr Ala Glu Val Arg Gly Phe Ala Thr  
 260                    265                    270

Arg Ser Asn Ala Phe His Met Thr Gly Leu Lys Pro Asp Gly Arg Glu  
 275                    280                    285

Met Ala Glu Ala Ile Thr Ala Ala Leu Asp Gln Ala Arg Arg Thr Gly  
 290                    295                    300

Asp Asp Leu His Tyr Ile Asn Ala His Gly Ser Gly Thr Arg Gln Asn  
 305                    310                    315                    320

Asp Arg His Glu Thr Ala Ala Phe Lys Arg Ser Leu Gly Gln Arg Ala  
 325                    330                    335

Tyr Asp Val Pro Val Ser Ser Ile Lys Ser Met Ile Gly His Ser Leu  
 340                    345                    350

Gly Ala Ile Gly Ser Leu Glu Leu Ala Ala Cys Ala Leu Ala Ile Glu  
 355                    360                    365

His Gly Val Ile Pro Pro Thr Ala Asn Tyr Glu Glu Pro Asp Pro Glu  
 370                    375                    380

Cys Asp Leu Asp Tyr Val Pro Asn Val Ala Arg Glu Gln Arg Val Asp  
 385                    390                    395                    400

Thr Val Leu Ser Val Gly Ser Gly Phe Gly Phe Gln Ser Ala Ala  
 405                    410                    415

Val Leu Ala Arg Pro Lys Glu Thr Arg Ser  
 420                    425

<210> 18

<211> 418

<212> PRT

<213> Streptomyces sp. C5

<400> 18

Met Asn Arg Arg Val Val Ile Thr Gly Met Gly Val Val Ala Pro Gly  
 1                    5                    10                    15

Ala Ile Gly Ile Lys Ser Phe Trp Glu Leu Leu Leu Ser Gly Thr Thr  
 20                    25                    30

Ala Thr Arg Ala Ile Thr Thr Phe Asp Ala Thr Pro Phe Arg Ser Arg  
 35                    40                    45

Ile Ala Ala Glu Cys Asp Phe Asp Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Leu Ser Ala  
 50                    55                    60

Glu Gln Ala Arg Arg Leu Asp Arg Ala Gly Gln Phe Ala Leu Val Ala  
 65                    70                    75                    80

Gly Gln Glu Ala Leu Thr Asp Ser Gly Leu Arg Ile Gly Glu Asp Ser  
 85                    90                    95

Ala His Arg Val Gly Val Cys Val Gly Thr Ala Val Gly Cys Thr Gln  
 100                    105                    110

Lys Leu Glu Ser Glu Tyr Val Ala Leu Ser Ala Gly Gly Ala Asn Trp  
115 120 125

Val Val Asp Pro His Arg Gly Ala Pro Glu Leu Tyr Asp Tyr Phe Val  
130 135 140

Pro Ser Ser Leu Ala Ala Glu Val Ala Trp Leu Ala Gly Ala Glu Gly  
145 150 155 160

Pro Val Asn Ile Val Ser Ala Gly Cys Thr Ser Gly Ile Asp Ser Ile  
165 170 175

Gly Tyr Ala Cys Glu Leu Ile Arg Glu Gly Thr Val Asp Val Met Leu  
180 185 190

Ala Gly Gly Val Asp Ala Pro Ile Ala Pro Ile Thr Val Ala Cys Phe  
195 200 205

Asp Ala Ile Arg Val Thr Ser Asp His Asn Asp Thr Pro Glu Thr Leu  
210 215 220

Ala Pro Phe Ser Arg Ser Arg Asn Gly Phe Val Leu Gly Glu Gly Gly  
225 230 235 240

Ala Ile Val Val Leu Glu Ala Glu Ala Ala Val Arg Arg Gly Ala  
245 250 255

Arg Ile Tyr Ala Glu Ile Gly Gly Tyr Ala Ser Arg Gly Asn Ala Tyr  
260 265 270

His Met Thr Gly Leu Arg Ala Asp Gly Ala Glu Met Ala Ala Ala Ile  
275 280 285

Thr Ala Ala Leu Asp Glu Ala Arg Arg Asp Pro Ser Asp Val Asp Tyr  
290 295 300

Val Asn Ala His Gly Thr Ala Thr Arg Gln Asn Asp Arg His Glu Thr  
305 310 315 320

Ser Ser Val Lys Ser Met Ile Gly His Ser Leu Gly Ala Ala Gly Ser  
 340                    345                    350

Leu Glu Val Ala Ala Thr Ala Leu Ala Val Glu Tyr Gly Ala Ile Pro  
355 360 365

Pro Thr Ala Asn Leu His Asp Pro Asp Pro Glu Leu Asp Leu Asp Tyr  
370 375 380

Val Pro Leu Thr Ala Arg Glu Lys Arg Val Arg His Ala Leu Thr Val  
385 390 395 400

Gly Ser Gly Phe Gly Gly Phe Gln Ser Ala Met Leu Leu Ser Arg Pro  
405 410 415

Glu Arq

<210> 19

<211> 419

<212> PRT

<213> *Streptomyces peucetius*

<400> 19

Met Asn A

1

1                    5                    10                    15

20 25 30

Ala Thr Arg Ala Ile Ser Thr Phe Asp Ala Thr Pro Phe Arg Ser Arg  
35 40 45

Ile Ala Ala Glu Cys Asp Phe Asp Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Leu Ser Ala  
 50 55 60

Glu Gln Ala Arg Arg Leu Asp Arg Ala Gly Gln Phe Ala Leu Val Ala  
 65 70 75 80

Gly Gln Glu Ala Leu Ala Asp Ser Gly Leu Arg Ile Asp Glu Asp Ser  
 85 90 95

Ala His Arg Val Gly Val Cys Val Gly Thr Ala Val Gly Cys Thr Gln  
 100 105 110

Lys Leu Glu Ser Glu Tyr Val Ala Leu Ser Ala Gly Gly Ala His Trp  
 115 120 125

Val Val Asp Pro Gly Arg Gly Ser Pro Glu Leu Tyr Asp Tyr Phe Val  
 130 135 140

Pro Ser Ser Leu Ala Ala Glu Val Ala Trp Leu Ala Gly Ala Glu Gly  
 145 150 155 160

Pro Val Asn Ile Val Ser Ala Gly Cys Thr Ser Gly Ile Asp Ser Ile  
 165 170 175

Gly Tyr Ala Cys Glu Leu Ile Arg Glu Gly Thr Val Asp Ala Met Val  
 180 185 190

Ala Gly Gly Val Asp Ala Pro Ile Ala Pro Ile Thr Val Ala Cys Phe  
 195 200 205

Asp Ala Ile Arg Ala Thr Ser Asp His Asn Asp Thr Pro Glu Thr Ala  
 210 215 220

Ser Arg Pro Phe Ser Arg Ser Arg Asn Gly Phe Val Leu Gly Glu Gly  
 225 230 235 240

Gly Ala Ile Val Val Leu Glu Ala Glu Ala Ala Val Arg Arg Gly  
 245 250 255

Ala Arg Ile Tyr Ala Glu Ile Gly Gly Tyr Ala Ser Arg Gly Asn Ala  
260 265 270

Tyr His Met Thr Gly Leu Arg Ala Asp Gly Ala Glu Met Ala Ala Ala  
275 280 285

Ile Thr Ala Ala Leu Asp Glu Ala Arg Arg Asp Pro Ser Asp Val Asp  
290 295 300

Tyr Val Asn Ala His Gly Thr Ala Thr Lys Gln Asn Asp Arg His Glu  
305 310 315 320

Thr Ser Ala Phe Lys Arg Ser Leu Gly Glu His Ala Tyr Arg Val Pro  
325 330 335

Ile Ser Ser Ile Lys Ser Met Ile Gly His Ser Leu Gly Ala Val Gly  
340 345 350

Ser Leu Glu Val Ala Ala Thr Ala Leu Ala Val Glu Tyr Gly Val Ile  
355 360 365

Pro Pro Thr Ala Asn Leu His Asp Pro Asp Pro Glu Leu Asp Leu Asp  
370 375 380

Tyr Val Pro Leu Thr Ala Arg Glu Lys Arg Val Arg His Ala Leu Thr  
385 390 395 400

Val Gly Ser Gly Phe Gly Gly Phe Gln Ser Ala Met Leu Leu Ser Arg  
405 410 415

Leu Glu Arg

&lt;210&gt; 20

&lt;211&gt; 423

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Streptomyces coelicolor

&lt;400&gt; 20

Met Thr Arg Arg Arg Val Ala Val Thr Gly Ile Gly Val Val Ala Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Gly Ile Gly Thr Pro Gln Phe Trp Arg Leu Leu Ser Glu Gly Arg  
20 25 30

Thr Ala Thr Arg Arg Ile Ser Leu Phe Asp Pro Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser  
35 40 45

Gln Ile Ala Ala Glu Cys Asp Phe Glu Pro Ser Asp His Gly Leu Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Ala Thr Ala Gln Arg Cys Asp Arg Tyr Val Gln Phe Ala Leu Val  
65 70 75 80

Ala Ala Ser Glu Ala Val Arg Asp Ala Asn Leu Asp Met Asn Arg Glu  
85 90 95

Asp Pro Trp Arg Ala Gly Ala Thr Leu Gly Thr Ala Val Gly Gly Thr  
100 105 110

Thr Arg Leu Glu His Asp Tyr Val Leu Val Ser Glu Arg Gly Ser Arg  
115 120 125

Trp Asp Val Asp Asp Arg Arg Ser Glu Pro His Leu Glu Arg Ala Phe  
130 135 140

Thr Pro Ala Thr Leu Ser Ser Ala Val Ala Glu Glu Phe Gly Val Arg  
145 150 155 160

Gly Pro Val Gln Thr Val Ser Thr Gly Cys Thr Ser Gly Leu Asp Ala  
165 170 175

Val Gly Tyr Ala Tyr His Ala Val Ala Glu Gly Arg Val Asp Val Cys  
180 185 190

Leu Ala Gly Ala Ala Asp Ser Pro Ile Ser Pro Ile Thr Met Ala Cys  
195 200 205

Phe Asp Ala Ile Lys Ala Thr Ser Pro Asn Asn Asp Asp Pro Ala His  
210 215 220

Ala Ser Arg Pro Phe Asp Ala Asp Arg Asn Gly Phe Val Met Gly Glu  
225 230 235 240

Gly Ala Ala Val Leu Val Leu Glu Asp Leu Glu His Ala Arg Ala Arg  
245 250 255

Gly Ala Asp Val Tyr Cys Glu Val Ser Gly Tyr Ala Thr Phe Gly Asn  
260 265 270

Ala Tyr His Met Thr Gly Leu Thr Lys Glu Gly Leu Glu Met Ala Arg  
275 280 285

Ala Ile Asp Thr Ala Leu Asp Met Ala Glu Leu Asp Gly Ser Ala Ile  
290 295 300

Asp Tyr Val Asn Ala His Gly Ser Gly Thr Gln Gln Asn Asp Arg His  
305 310 315 320

Glu Thr Ala Ala Val Lys Arg Ser Leu Gly Glu His Ala Tyr Ala Thr  
325 330 335

Pro Met Ser Ser Ile Lys Ser Met Val Gly His Ser Leu Gly Ala Ile  
340 345 350

Gly Ser Ile Glu Leu Ala Ala Cys Val Leu Ala Met Ala His Gln Val  
355 360 365

Val Pro Pro Thr Ala Asn Tyr Thr Thr Pro Asp Pro Glu Cys Asp Leu  
370 375 380

Asp Tyr Val Pro Arg Glu Ala Arg Glu Arg Thr Leu Arg His Val Leu  
 385                   390                   395                   400

Ser Val Gly Ser Gly Phe Gly Gly Phe Gln Ser Ala Val Val Leu Ser  
 405                   410                   415

Gly Ser Glu Gly Gly Leu Arg  
 420

<210> 21

<211> 871

<212> PRT

<213> Streptomyces caelestis

<400> 21

Met Ala Gly His Gly Asp Ala Thr Ala Gln Lys Ala Gln Asp Ala Glu  
 1                   5                   10                   15

Lys Ser Glu Asp Gly Ser Asp Ala Ile Ala Val Ile Gly Met Ser Cys  
 20                   25                   30

Arg Phe Pro Gly Ala Pro Gly Thr Ala Glu Phe Trp Gln Leu Leu Ser  
 35                   40                   45

Ser Gly Ala Asp Ala Val Val Thr Ala Ala Asp Gly Arg Arg Arg Gly  
 50                   55                   60

Thr Ile Asp Ala Pro Ala Asp Phe Asp Ala Ala Phe Phe Gly Met Ser  
 65                   70                   75                   80

Pro Arg Glu Ala Ala Ala Thr Asp Pro Gln Gln Arg Leu Val Leu Glu  
 85                   90                   95

Leu Gly Trp Glu Ala Leu Glu Asp Ala Gly Ile Val Pro Glu Ser Leu  
 100                  105                  110

Arg Gly Glu Ala Ala Ser Val Phe Val Gly Ala Met Asn Asp Asp Tyr  
115 120 125

Ala Thr Leu Leu His Arg Ala Gly Ala Pro Thr Asp Thr Tyr Thr Ala  
130 135 140

Thr Gly Leu Gln His Ser Met Ile Ala Asn Arg Leu Ser Tyr Phe Leu  
145 150 155 160

Gly Leu Arg Gly Pro Ser Leu Val Val Asp Thr Gly Gln Ser Ser Ser  
165 170 175

Leu Val Ala Val Ala Leu Ala Val Glu Ser Leu Arg Gly Gly Thr Ser  
180 185 190

Gly Ile Ala Leu Ala Gly Gly Val Asn Leu Val Leu Ala Glu Glu Gly  
195 200 205

Ser Ala Ala Met Glu Arg Val Gly Ala Leu Ser Pro Asp Gly Arg Cys  
210 215 220

His Thr Phe Asp Ala Arg Ala Asn Gly Tyr Val Arg Gly Glu Gly Gly  
225 230 235 240

Ala Ile Val Val Leu Lys Pro Leu Ala Asp Ala Leu Ala Asp Gly Asp  
245 250 255

Arg Val Tyr Cys Val Val Arg Gly Val Ala Thr Gly Asn Asp Gly Gly  
260 265 270

Gly Pro Gly Leu Thr Val Pro Asp Arg Ala Gly Gln Glu Ala Val Leu  
275 280 285

Arg Ala Ala Cys Asp Gln Ala Gly Val Arg Pro Ala Asp Val Arg Phe  
290 295 300

Val Glu Leu His Gly Thr Gly Thr Pro Ala Gly Asp Pro Val Glu Ala  
305 310 315 320

Glu Ala Leu Gly Ala Val Tyr Gly Thr Gly Arg Pro Ala Asn Glu Pro  
325 330 335

Leu Leu Val Gly Ser Val Lys Thr Asn Ile Gly His Leu Glu Gly Ala  
340 345 350

Ala Gly Ile Ala Gly Phe Val Lys Ala Ala Leu Cys Leu His Glu Arg  
355 360 365

Ala Leu Pro Ala Ser Leu Asn Phe Glu Thr Pro Asn Pro Ala Ile Pro  
370 375 380

Leu Glu Arg Leu Arg Leu Lys Val Gln Thr Ala His Ala Ala Leu Gln  
385 390 395 400

Pro Gly Thr Gly Gly Pro Leu Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Ala Phe Gly  
405 410 415

Met Gly Gly Thr Asn Cys His Val Val Leu Glu Glu Thr Pro Gly Gly  
420 425 430

Arg Gln Pro Ala Glu Thr Gly Gln Ala Asp Ala Cys Leu Phe Ser Ala  
435 440 445

Ser Pro Met Leu Leu Ser Ala Arg Ser Glu Gln Ala Leu Arg Ala  
450 455 460

Gln Ala Ala Arg Leu Arg Glu His Leu Glu Asp Ser Gly Ala Asp Pro  
465 470 475 480

Leu Asp Ile Ala Tyr Ser Leu Ala Thr Thr Arg Thr Arg Phe Glu His  
485 490 495

Arg Ala Ala Val Pro Cys Gly Asp Pro Asp Arg Leu Ser Ser Ala Leu  
500 505 510

Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Gly Gln Thr Pro Arg Gly Val Arg Ile Gly Ser  
515 520 525

Thr Asp Ala Asp Gly Arg Leu Ala Leu Leu Phe Thr Gly Gln Gly Ala  
530 535 540

Gln His Pro Gly Met Gly Gln Glu Leu Tyr Thr Thr Asp Pro His Phe  
545 550 555 560

Ala Ala Ala Leu Asp Glu Val Cys Glu Glu Leu Gln Arg Cys Gly Thr  
565 570 575

Gln Asn Leu Arg Glu Val Met Phe Thr Pro Asp Gln Pro Asp Leu Leu  
580 585 590

Asp Arg Thr Glu Tyr Thr Gln Pro Ala Leu Phe Ala Leu Gln Thr Ala  
595 600 605

Leu Tyr Arg Thr Leu Thr Ala Arg Gly Thr Gln Ala His Leu Val Leu  
610 615 620

Gly His Ser Val Gly Glu Ile Thr Ala Ala His Ile Ala Gly Val Leu  
625 630 635 640

Asp Leu Pro Asp Ala Ala Arg Leu Ile Thr Ala Arg Ala His Val Met  
645 650 655

Gly Gln Leu Pro His Gly Gly Ala Met Leu Ser Val Gln Ala Ala Glu  
660 665 670

His Asp Leu Asp Gln Leu Ala His Thr His Gly Val Glu Ile Ala Ala  
675 680 685

Val Asn Gly Pro Thr His Cys Val Leu Ser Gly Pro Arg Thr Ala Leu  
690 695 700

Glu Glu Thr Ala Gln His Leu Arg Glu Gln Asn Val Arg His Thr Trp  
705 710 715 720

Leu Lys Val Ser His Ala Phe His Ser Ala Leu Met Asp Pro Met Leu  
725 730 735

Gly Ala Phe Arg Asp Thr Leu Asn Thr Leu Asn Tyr Gln Pro Pro Thr  
 740                    745                    750

Ile Pro Leu Ile Ser Asn Leu Thr Gly Gln Ile Ala Asp Pro Asn His  
 755                    760                    765

Leu Cys Thr Pro Asp Tyr Trp Ile Asp His Ala Arg His Thr Val Arg  
 770                    775                    780

Phe Ala Asp Ala Val Gln Thr Ala His His Gln Gly Thr Thr Thr Tyr  
 785                    790                    795                    800

Leu Glu Ile Gly Pro His Pro Thr Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu His His Thr  
 805                    810                    815

Leu Asp Asn Pro Thr Thr Ile Pro Thr Leu His Arg Glu Arg Pro Glu  
 820                    825                    830

Pro Glu Thr Leu Thr Gln Ala Ile Ala Ala Val Gly Val Arg Thr Asp  
 835                    840                    845

Gly Ile Asp Trp Ala Val Leu Cys Gly Ala Ser Arg Pro Arg Arg Val  
 850                    855                    860

Glu Leu Pro Thr Tyr Ala Phe  
 865                    870

<210> 22

<211> 890

<212> PRT

<213> Streptomyces ambofaciens

<400> 22

Met Ser Gly Glu Leu Ala Ile Ser Arg Ser Asp Asp Arg Ser Asp Ala  
 1                    5                    10                    15

Val Ala Val Val Gly Met Ala Cys Arg Phe Pro Gly Ala Pro Gly Ile  
 20 25 30

Ala Glu Phe Trp Lys Leu Leu Thr Asp Gly Arg Asp Ala Ile Gly Arg  
 35 40 45

Asp Ala Asp Gly Arg Arg Gly Met Ile Glu Ala Pro Gly Asp Phe  
 50 55 60

Asp Ala Ala Phe Phe Gly Met Ser Pro Arg Glu Ala Ala Glu Thr Asp  
 65 70 75 80

Pro Gln Gln Arg Leu Met Leu Glu Leu Gly Trp Glu Ala Leu Glu Asp  
 85 90 95

Ala Gly Ile Val Pro Gly Ser Leu Arg Gly Glu Ala Val Gly Val Phe  
 100 105 110

Val Gly Ala Met His Asp Asp Tyr Ala Thr Leu Leu His Arg Ala Gly  
 115 120 125

Ala Pro Val Gly Pro His Thr Ala Thr Gly Leu Gln Arg Ala Met Leu  
 130 135 140

Ala Asn Arg Leu Ser Tyr Val Leu Gly Thr Arg Gly Pro Ser Leu Ala  
 145 150 155 160

Val Asp Thr Ala Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu Val Ala Val Ala Leu Ala Val  
 165 170 175

Glu Ser Leu Arg Ala Gly Thr Ser Arg Val Ala Val Ala Gly Gly Val  
 180 185 190

Asn Leu Val Leu Ala Asp Glu Gly Thr Ala Ala Met Glu Arg Leu Gly  
 195 200 205

Ala Leu Ser Pro Asp Gly Arg Cys His Thr Phe Asp Ala Arg Ala Asn  
 210 215 220

Gly Tyr Val Arg Gly Glu Gly Gly Ala Ala Val Val Leu Lys Pro Leu  
225 230 235 240

Ala Asp Ala Leu Ala Asp Gly Asp Pro Val Tyr Cys Val Val Arg Gly  
245 250 255

Val Ala Val Gly Asn Asp Gly Gly Pro Gly Leu Thr Ala Pro Asp  
260 265 270

Arg Glu Gly Gln Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Ala Ala Cys Ala Gln Ala Arg  
275 280 285

Val Asp Pro Ala Glu Val Arg Phe Val Glu Leu His Gly Thr Gly Thr  
290 295 300

Pro Val Gly Asp Pro Val Glu Ala His Ala Leu Gly Ala Val His Gly  
305 310 315 320

Ser Gly Arg Pro Ala Asp Asp Pro Leu Leu Val Gly Ser Val Lys Thr  
325 330 335

Asn Ile Gly His Leu Glu Gly Ala Ala Gly Ile Ala Gly Leu Val Lys  
340 345 350

Ala Ala Leu Cys Leu Arg Glu Arg Thr Leu Pro Gly Ser Leu Asn Phe  
355 360 365

Ala Thr Pro Ser Pro Ala Ile Pro Leu Asp Gln Leu Arg Leu Lys Val  
370 375 380

Gln Thr Ala Ala Ala Glu Leu Pro Leu Ala Pro Gly Gly Ala Pro Leu  
385 390 395 400

Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Ser Phe Gly Ile Gly Gly Thr Asn Cys His Val  
405 410 415

Val Leu Glu His Leu Pro Ser Arg Pro Thr Pro Ala Val Ser Val Ala  
420 425 430

Ala Ser Leu Pro Asp Val Pro Pro Leu Leu Leu Ser Ala Arg Ser Glu  
435 440 445

Gly Ala Leu Arg Ala Gln Ala Val Arg Leu Gly Glu Thr Val Glu Arg  
450 455 460

Val Gly Ala Asp Pro Arg Asp Val Ala Tyr Ser Leu Ala Ser Thr Arg  
465 470 475 480

Thr Leu Phe Glu His Arg Ala Val Val Pro Cys Gly Gly Arg Gly Glu  
485 490 495

Leu Val Ala Ala Leu Gly Gly Phe Ala Ala Gly Arg Val Ser Gly Gly  
500 505 510

Val Arg Ser Gly Arg Ala Val Pro Gly Gly Val Gly Val Leu Phe Thr  
515 520 525

Gly Gln Gly Ala Gln Trp Val Gly Met Gly Arg Gly Leu Tyr Ala Gly  
530 535 540

Gly Gly Val Phe Ala Glu Val Leu Asp Glu Val Leu Ser Met Val Gly  
545 550 555 560

Glu Val Asp Gly Arg Ser Leu Arg Asp Val Met Phe Gly Asp Val Asp  
565 570 575

Val Asp Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Asp Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly  
580 585 590

Val Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Val Gly Gly Leu Leu Gly Arg Thr Glu  
595 600 605

Phe Ala Gln Pro Ala Leu Phe Ala Leu Glu Val Ala Leu Phe Arg Ala  
610 615 620

Leu Glu Ala Arg Gly Val Glu Val Ser Val Val Leu Gly His Ser Val  
625 630 635 640

Gly Glu Val Ala Ala Ala Thr Val Ala Gly Val Leu Ser Leu Gly Asp  
645 650 655

Ala Val Arg Leu Val Val Ala Arg Gly Gly Leu Met Gly Gly Leu Pro  
660 665 670

Val Gly Gly Gly Met Trp Ser Val Gly Ala Ser Glu Ser Val Val Arg  
675 680 685

Gly Val Val Glu Gly Leu Gly Glu Trp Val Ser Val Ala Ala Val Asn  
690 695 700

Gly Pro Arg Ser Val Val Leu Ser Gly Asp Val Gly Val Leu Glu Ser  
705 710 715 720

Val Val Ala Ser Leu Met Gly Asp Gly Val Glu Tyr Arg Arg Leu Asp  
725 730 735

Val Ser His Gly Phe His Ser Val Leu Met Glu Pro Val Leu Gly Glu  
740 745 750

Phe Arg Gly Val Val Glu Ser Leu Glu Phe Gly Arg Val Arg Pro Gly  
755 760 765

Val Val Val Val Ser Gly Val Ser Gly Gly Val Val Gly Ser Gly Glu  
770 775 780

Leu Gly Asp Pro Gly Tyr Trp Val Arg His Ala Arg Glu Ala Val Arg  
785 790 795 800

Phe Ala Asp Gly Val Gly Val Val Arg Gly Leu Gly Val Gly Thr Leu  
805 810 815

Val Glu Val Gly Pro His Gly Val Leu Thr Gly Met Ala Gly Glu Cys  
820 825 830

Leu Gly Ala Gly Asp Asp Val Val Val Val Pro Ala Met Arg Arg Gly  
835 840 845

Arg Ala Glu Arg Glu Val Phe Glu Ala Ala Leu Ala Thr Val Phe Thr  
 850                    855                    860

Arg Asp Ala Gly Leu Asp Ala Thr Ala Leu His Thr Gly Ser Thr Gly  
 865                    870                    875                    880

Arg Arg Ile Asp Leu Pro Thr Thr Pro Phe  
 885                    890

<210> 23

<211> 920

<212> PRT

<213> Streptomyces cinnamonensis

<400> 23

Met Ala Ala Ser Ala Ser Ala Ser Pro Ser Gly Pro Ser Ala Gly Pro  
 1                    5                    10                    15

Asp Pro Ile Ala Val Val Gly Met Ala Cys Arg Leu Pro Gly Ala Pro  
 20                    25                    30

Asp Pro Asp Ala Phe Trp Arg Leu Leu Ser Glu Gly Arg Ser Ala Val  
 35                    40                    45

Ser Thr Ala Pro Pro Glu Arg Arg Arg Ala Asp Ser Gly Leu His Gly  
 50                    55                    60

Pro Gly Gly Tyr Leu Asp Arg Ile Asp Gly Phe Asp Ala Asp Phe Phe  
 65                    70                    75                    80

His Ile Ser Pro Arg Glu Ala Val Ala Met Asp Pro Gln Gln Arg Leu  
 85                    90                    95

Leu Leu Glu Leu Ser Trp Glu Ala Leu Glu Asp Ala Gly Ile Arg Pro  
 100                    105                    110

Pro Thr Leu Ala Arg Ser Arg Thr Gly Val Phe Val Gly Ala Phe Trp  
 115                    120                    125

Asp Asp Tyr Thr Asp Val Leu Asn Leu Arg Ala Pro Gly Ala Val Thr  
 130                    135                    140

Arg His Thr Met Thr Gly Val His Arg Ser Ile Leu Ala Asn Arg Ile  
 145                    150                    155                    160

Ser Tyr Ala Tyr His Leu Ala Gly Pro Ser Leu Thr Val Asp Thr Ala  
 165                    170                    175

Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu Val Ala Val His Leu Ala Cys Glu Ser Ile Arg  
 180                    185                    190

Ser Gly Asp Ser Asp Ile Ala Phe Ala Gly Gly Val Asn Leu Ile Cys  
 195                    200                    205

Ser Pro Arg Thr Thr Glu Leu Ala Ala Ala Arg Phe Gly Gly Leu Ser  
 210                    215                    220

Ala Ala Gly Arg Cys His Thr Phe Asp Ala Arg Ala Asp Gly Phe Val  
 225                    230                    235                    240

Arg Gly Glu Gly Gly Leu Val Val Leu Lys Pro Leu Ala Ala Ala  
 245                    250                    255

Arg Arg Asp Gly Asp Thr Val Tyr Cys Val Ile Arg Gly Ser Ala Val  
 260                    265                    270

Asn Ser Asp Gly Thr Thr Asp Gly Ile Thr Leu Pro Ser Gly Gln Ala  
 275                    280                    285

Gln Gln Asp Val Val Arg Leu Ala Cys Arg Arg Ala Arg Ile Thr Pro  
 290                    295                    300

Asp Gln Val Gln Tyr Val Glu Leu His Gly Thr Gly Thr Pro Val Gly  
 305                    310                    315                    320

Asp Pro Ile Glu Ala Ala Ala Leu Gly Ala Ala Leu Gly Gln Asp Ala  
325 330 335

Ala Arg Ala Val Pro Leu Ala Val Gly Ser Ala Lys Thr Asn Val Gly  
340 345 350

His Leu Glu Ala Ala Ala Gly Ile Val Gly Leu Leu Lys Thr Ala Leu  
355 360 365

Ser Ile His His Arg Arg Leu Ala Pro Ser Leu Asn Phe Thr Thr Pro  
370 375 380

Asn Pro Ala Ile Pro Leu Ala Asp Leu Gly Leu Thr Val Gln Gln Asp  
385 390 395 400

Leu Ala Asp Trp Pro Arg Pro Glu Gln Pro Leu Ile Ala Gly Val Ser  
405 410 415

Ser Phe Gly Met Gly Gly Thr Asn Gly His Val Val Val Ala Ala Ala  
420 425 430

Pro Asp Ser Val Ala Val Pro Glu Pro Val Gly Val Pro Glu Arg Val  
435 440 445

Glu Val Pro Glu Pro Val Val Val Ser Glu Pro Val Val Val Pro Thr  
450 455 460

Pro Trp Pro Val Ser Ala His Ser Ala Ser Ala Leu Arg Ala Gln Ala  
465 470 475 480

Gly Arg Leu Arg Thr His Leu Ala Ala His Arg Pro Thr Pro Asp Ala  
485 490 495

Ala Arg Val Gly His Ala Leu Ala Thr Thr Arg Ala Pro Leu Ala His  
500 505 510

Arg Ala Val Leu Leu Gly Gly Asp Thr Ala Glu Leu Leu Gly Ser Leu  
515 520 525

Asp Ala Leu Ala Glu Gly Ala Glu Thr Ala Ser Ile Val Arg Gly Glu  
530 535 540

Ala Tyr Thr Glu Gly Arg Thr Ala Phe Leu Phe Ser Gly Gln Gly Ala  
545 550 555 560

Gln Arg Leu Gly Met Gly Arg Glu Leu Tyr Ala Val Phe Pro Val Phe  
565 570 575

Ala Asp Ala Leu Asp Glu Ala Phe Ala Ala Leu Asp Val His Leu Asp  
580 585 590

Arg Pro Leu Arg Glu Ile Val Leu Gly Glu Thr Asp Ser Gly Gly Asn  
595 600 605

Val Ser Gly Glu Asn Val Ile Gly Glu Gly Ala Asp His Gln Ala Leu  
610 615 620

Leu Asp Gln Thr Ala Tyr Thr Gln Pro Ala Leu Phe Ala Ile Glu Thr  
625 630 635 640

Ser Leu Tyr Arg Leu Ala Ala Ser Phe Gly Leu Lys Pro Asp Tyr Val  
645 650 655

Leu Gly His Ser Val Gly Glu Ile Ala Ala Ala His Val Ala Gly Val  
660 665 670

Leu Ser Leu Pro Asp Ala Ser Ala Leu Val Ala Thr Arg Gly Arg Leu  
675 680 685

Met Gln Ala Val Arg Ala Pro Gly Ala Met Ala Ala Trp Gln Ala Thr  
690 695 700

Ala Asp Glu Ala Ala Glu Gln Leu Ala Gly His Glu Arg His Val Thr  
705 710 715 720

Val Ala Ala Val Asn Gly Pro Asp Ser Val Val Val Ser Gly Asp Arg  
725 730 735

Ala Thr Val Asp Glu Leu Thr Ala Ala Trp Arg Gly Arg Gly Arg Lys  
740 745 750

Ala His His Leu Lys Val Ser His Ala Phe His Ser Pro His Met Asp  
755 760 765

Pro Ile Leu Asp Glu Leu Arg Ala Val Ala Ala Gly Leu Thr Phe His  
770 775 780

Glu Pro Val Ile Pro Val Val Ser Asn Val Thr Gly Glu Leu Val Thr  
785 790 795 800

Ala Thr Ala Thr Gly Ser Gly Ala Gly Gln Ala Asp Pro Glu Tyr Trp  
805 810 815

Ala Arg His Ala Arg Glu Pro Val Arg Phe Leu Ser Gly Val Arg Gly  
820 825 830

Leu Cys Glu Arg Gly Val Thr Thr Phe Val Glu Leu Gly Pro Asp Ala  
835 840 845

Pro Leu Ser Ala Met Ala Arg Asp Cys Phe Pro Ala Pro Ala Asp Arg  
850 855 860

Ser Arg Pro Arg Pro Ala Ala Ile Ala Thr Cys Arg Arg Gly Arg Asp  
865 870 875 880

Glu Val Ala Thr Phe Leu Arg Ser Leu Ala Gln Ala Tyr Val Arg Gly  
885 890 895

Ala Asp Val Asp Phe Thr Arg Ala Tyr Gly Ala Thr Ala Thr Arg Arg  
900 905 910

Phe Pro Leu Pro Thr Tyr Pro Phe  
915 920

<210> 24

<211> 928

<212> PRT

<213> Streptomyces antibioticus

<400> 24

Met His Val Pro Gly Glu Glu Asn Gly His Ser Ile Ala Ile Val Gly  
1 5 10 15

Ile Ala Cys Arg Leu Pro Gly Ser Ala Thr Pro Gln Glu Phe Trp Arg  
20 25 30

Leu Leu Ala Asp Ser Ala Asp Ala Leu Asp Glu Pro Pro Ala Gly Arg  
35 40 45

Phe Pro Thr Gly Ser Leu Ser Ser Pro Pro Ala Pro Arg Gly Gly Phe  
50 55 60

Leu Asp Ser Ile Asp Thr Phe Asp Ala Asp Phe Phe Asn Ile Ser Pro  
65 70 75 80

Arg Glu Ala Gly Val Leu Asp Pro Gln Gln Arg Leu Ala Leu Glu Leu  
85 90 95

Gly Trp Glu Ala Leu Glu Asp Ala Gly Ile Val Pro Arg His Leu Arg  
100 105 110

Gly Thr Arg Thr Ser Val Phe Met Gly Ala Met Trp Asp Asp Tyr Ala  
115 120 125

His Leu Ala His Ala Arg Gly Glu Ala Ala Leu Thr Arg His Ser Leu  
130 135 140

Thr Gly Thr His Arg Gly Met Ile Ala Asn Arg Leu Ser Tyr Ala Leu  
145 150 155 160

Gly Leu Gln Gly Pro Ser Leu Thr Val Asp Thr Gly Gln Ser Ser Ser  
165 170 175

Leu Ala Ala Val His Met Ala Cys Glu Ser Leu Ala Arg Gly Glu Ser  
180 185 190

Asp Leu Ala Leu Val Gly Gly Val Asn Leu Val Leu Asp Pro Ala Gly  
195 200 205

Thr Thr Gly Val Glu Arg Phe Gly Ala Leu Ser Pro Asp Gly Arg Cys  
210 215 220

Tyr Thr Phe Asp Ser Arg Ala Asn Gly Tyr Ala Arg Gly Glu Gly Gly  
225 230 235 240

Val Val Val Val Leu Lys Pro Thr His Arg Ala Leu Ala Asp Gly Asp  
245 250 255

Thr Val Tyr Cys Glu Ile Leu Gly Ser Ala Leu Asn Asn Asp Gly Ala  
260 265 270

Thr Glu Gly Leu Thr Val Pro Ser Ala Arg Ala Gln Ala Asp Val Leu  
275 280 285

Arg Gln Ala Trp Glu Arg Ala Arg Val Ala Pro Thr Asp Val Gln Tyr  
290 295 300

Val Glu Leu His Gly Thr Gly Thr Pro Ala Gly Asp Pro Val Glu Ala  
305 310 315 320

Glu Gly Leu Gly Thr Ala Leu Gly Thr Ala Arg Pro Ala Glu Ala Pro  
325 330 335

Leu Leu Val Gly Ser Val Lys Thr Asn Ile Gly His Leu Glu Gly Ala  
340 345 350

Ala Gly Ile Ala Gly Leu Leu Lys Thr Val Leu Ser Ile Lys Asn Arg  
355 360 365

His Leu Pro Ala Ser Leu Asn Phe Thr Ser Pro Asn Pro Arg Ile Asp  
370 375 380

Leu Asp Ala Leu Arg Leu Arg Val His Thr Ala Tyr Gly Pro Trp Pro  
385                   390                   395                   400

Ser Pro Asp Arg Pro Leu Val Ala Gly Val Ser Ser Phe Gly Met Gly  
405                   410                   415

Gly Thr Asn Cys His Val Val Leu Ser Glu Leu Arg Asn Ala Gly Gly  
420                   425                   430

Asp Gly Ala Gly Lys Gly Pro Tyr Thr Gly Thr Glu Asp Arg Leu Gly  
435                   440                   445

Ala Thr Glu Ala Glu Lys Arg Pro Asp Pro Ala Thr Gly Asn Gly Pro  
450                   455                   460

Asp Pro Ala Gln Asp Thr His Arg Tyr Pro Ala Leu Ile Leu Ser Ala  
465                   470                   475                   480

Arg Ser Asp Ala Ala Leu Arg Ala Gln Ala Glu Arg Leu Arg His His  
485                   490                   495

Leu Glu His Ser Pro Gly Gln Arg Leu Arg Asp Thr Ala Tyr Ser Leu  
500                   505                   510

Ala Thr Arg Arg Gln Val Phe Glu Arg His Ala Val Val Thr Gly His  
515                   520                   525

Asp Arg Glu Asp Leu Leu Asn Gly Leu Arg Asp Leu Glu Asn Gly Leu  
530                   535                   540

Pro Ala Pro Gln Val Leu Leu Gly Arg Thr Pro Thr Pro Glu Pro Gly  
545                   550                   555                   560

Gly Leu Ala Phe Leu Phe Ser Gly Gln Gly Ser Gln Gln Pro Gly Met  
565                   570                   575

Gly Lys Arg Leu His Gln Val Phe Pro Gly Phe Arg Asp Ala Leu Asp  
580                   585                   590

Glu Val Cys Ala Glu Leu Asp Thr His Leu Gly Arg Leu Leu Gly Pro  
 595                    600                    605

Glu Ala Gly Pro Pro Leu Arg Asp Val Met Phe Ala Glu Arg Gly Thr  
 610                    615                    620

Ala His Ser Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Thr His Tyr Thr Gln Ala Ala Leu  
 625                    630                    635                    640

Phe Ala Leu Glu Thr Ala Leu Phe Arg Leu Leu Val Gln Trp Gly Leu  
 645                    650                    655

Lys Pro Asp His Leu Ala Gly His Ser Val Gly Glu Ile Ala Ala Ala  
 660                    665                    670

His Ala Ala Gly Ile Leu Asp Leu Ser Asp Ala Ala Glu Leu Val Ala  
 675                    680                    685

Thr Arg Gly Ala Leu Met Arg Ser Leu Pro Gly Gly Val Met Leu  
 690                    695                    700

Ser Val Gln Ala Pro Glu Ser Glu Val Ala Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Arg  
 705                    710                    715                    720

Glu Ala His Val Gly Leu Ala Ala Val Asn Gly Pro Asp Ala Val Val  
 725                    730                    735

Val Ser Gly Glu Arg Gly His Val Ala Ala Ile Glu Gln Ile Leu Arg  
 740                    745                    750

Asp Arg Gly Arg Lys Ser Arg Tyr Leu Arg Val Ser His Ala Phe His  
 755                    760                    765

Ser Pro Leu Met Glu Pro Val Leu Glu Glu Phe Ala Glu Ala Val Ala  
 770                    775                    780

Gly Leu Thr Phe Arg Ala Pro Thr Thr Pro Leu Val Ser Asn Leu Thr  
 785                    790                    795                    800

Gly Ala Pro Val Asp Asp Arg Thr Met Ala Thr Pro Ala Tyr Trp Val  
805 810 815

Arg His Val Arg Glu Ala Val Arg Phe Gly Asp Gly Ile Arg Ala Leu  
820 825 830

Gly Lys Leu Gly Thr Gly Ser Phe Leu Glu Val Gly Pro Asp Gly Val  
835 840 845

Leu Thr Ala Met Ala Arg Ala Cys Val Thr Ala Ala Pro Glu Pro Gly  
850 855 860

His Arg Gly Glu Gln Gly Ala Asp Ala Asp Ala His Thr Ala Leu Leu  
865 870 875 880

Leu Pro Ala Leu Arg Arg Gly Arg Asp Glu Ala Arg Ser Leu Thr Glu  
885 890 895

Ala Val Ala Arg Leu His Leu His Gly Val Pro Met Asp Trp Thr Ser  
900 905 910

Val Leu Gly Gly Asp Val Ser Arg Val Pro Leu Pro Thr Tyr Ala Phe  
915 920 925

<210> 25  
<211> 922  
<212> PRT  
<213> Streptomyces fradiae

<400> 25  
Met Ser Ser Ala Leu Arg Arg Ala Val Gln Ser Asn Cys Gly Tyr Gly  
1 5 10 15

Asp Leu Met Thr Ser Asn Thr Ala Ala Gln Asn Thr Gly Asp Gln Glu  
 20 25 30

Asp Val Asp Gly Pro Asp Ser Thr His Gly Gly Glu Ile Ala Val Val  
 35 40 45

Gly Met Ser Cys Arg Leu Pro Gly Ala Ala Gly Val Glu Glu Phe Trp  
 50 55 60

Glu Leu Leu Arg Ser Gly Arg Gly Met Pro Thr Arg Gln Asp Asp Gly  
 65 70 75 80

Thr Trp Arg Ala Ala Leu Glu Asp His Ala Gly Phe Asp Ala Gly Phe  
 85 90 95

Phe Gly Met Asn Ala Arg Gln Ala Ala Ala Thr Asp Pro Gln His Arg  
 100 105 110

Leu Met Leu Glu Leu Gly Trp Glu Ala Leu Glu Asp Ala Gly Ile Val  
 115 120 125

Pro Gly Asp Leu Thr Gly Thr Asp Thr Gly Val Phe Ala Gly Val Ala  
 130 135 140

Ser Asp Asp Tyr Ala Val Leu Thr Arg Arg Ser Ala Val Ser Ala Gly  
 145 150 155 160

Gly Tyr Thr Ala Thr Gly Leu His Arg Ala Leu Ala Ala Asn Arg Leu  
 165 170 175

Ser His Phe Leu Gly Leu Arg Gly Pro Ser Leu Val Val Asp Ser Ala  
 180 185 190

Gln Ser Ala Ser Leu Val Ala Val Gln Leu Ala Cys Glu Ser Leu Arg  
 195 200 205

Arg Gly Glu Thr Ser Leu Ala Val Ala Gly Gly Val Asn Leu Ile Leu  
 210 215 220

Thr Glu Glu Ser Thr Thr Val Met Glu Arg Met Gly Ala Leu Ser Pro  
 225                    230                    235                    240

Asp Gly Arg Cys His Thr Phe Asp Ala Arg Ala Asn Gly Tyr Val Arg  
 245                    250                    255

Gly Glu Gly Gly Ala Val Val Leu Lys Pro Leu Asp Ala Ala Leu  
 260                    265                    270

Ala Asp Gly Asp Arg Val Tyr Cys Val Ile Lys Gly Gly Ala Val Asn  
 275                    280                    285

Asn Asp Gly Gly Ala Ser Leu Thr Thr Pro Asp Arg Glu Ala Gln  
 290                    295                    300

Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gln Ala Tyr Arg Arg Ala Gly Val Ser Thr Gly  
 305                    310                    315                    320

Ala Val Arg Tyr Val Glu Leu His Gly Thr Gly Thr Arg Ala Gly Asp  
 325                    330                    335

Pro Val Glu Ala Ala Ala Leu Gly Ala Val Leu Gly Ala Gly Ala Asp  
 340                    345                    350

Ser Gly Arg Ser Thr Pro Leu Ala Val Gly Ser Val Lys Thr Asn Val  
 355                    360                    365

Gly His Leu Glu Gly Ala Ala Gly Ile Val Gly Leu Ile Lys Ala Thr  
 370                    375                    380

Leu Cys Val Arg Lys Gly Glu Leu Val Pro Ser Leu Asn Phe Ser Thr  
 385                    390                    395                    400

Pro Asn Pro Asp Ile Pro Leu Asp Asp Leu Arg Leu Arg Val Gln Thr  
 405                    410                    415

Glu Arg Gln Glu Trp Asn Glu Glu Asp Asp Arg Pro Arg Val Ala Gly  
 420                    425                    430

Val Ser Ser Phe Gly Met Gly Gly Thr Asn Val His Leu Val Ile Ala  
 435                    440                    445

Glu Ala Pro Ala Ala Ala Gly Ser Ser Gly Ala Gly Gly Ser Gly Ala  
 450                    455                    460

Gly Ser Gly Ala Gly Ile Ser Ala Val Ser Gly Val Val Pro Val Val  
 465                    470                    475                    480

Val Ser Gly Arg Ser Arg Val Val Val Arg Glu Ala Ala Gly Arg Leu  
 485                    490                    495

Ala Glu Val Val Glu Ala Gly Gly Val Gly Leu Ala Asp Val Ala Val  
 500                    505                    510

Thr Met Ala Asp Arg Ser Arg Phe Gly Tyr Arg Ala Val Val Leu Ala  
 515                    520                    525

Arg Gly Glu Ala Glu Leu Ala Gly Arg Leu Arg Ala Leu Ala Gly Gly  
 530                    535                    540

Asp Pro Asp Ala Gly Val Val Thr Gly Ala Val Leu Asp Gly Gly Val  
 545                    550                    555                    560

Val Val Gly Ala Ala Pro Gly Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly  
 565                    570                    575

Ala Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Gly Val Val Leu Val Phe Pro Gly  
 580                    585                    590

Gln Gly Thr Gln Trp Val Gly Met Gly Ala Gly Leu Leu Gly Ser Ser  
 595                    600                    605

Glu Val Phe Ala Ala Ser Met Arg Glu Cys Ala Arg Ala Leu Ser Val  
 610                    615                    620

His Val Gly Trp Asp Leu Leu Glu Val Val Ser Gly Gly Ala Gly Leu  
 625                    630                    635                    640

Glu Arg Val Asp Val Val Gln Pro Val Thr Trp Ala Val Met Val Ser  
645 650 655

Leu Ala Arg Tyr Trp Gln Ala Met Gly Val Asp Val Ala Ala Val Val  
660 665 670

Gly His Ser Gln Gly Glu Ile Ala Ala Ala Thr Val Ala Gly Ala Leu  
675 680 685

Ser Leu Glu Asp Ala Ala Ala Val Val Ala Leu Arg Ala Gly Leu Ile  
690 695 700

Gly Arg Tyr Leu Ala Gly Arg Gly Ala Met Ala Ala Val Pro Leu Pro  
705 710 715 720

Ala Gly Glu Val Glu Ala Gly Leu Ala Lys Trp Pro Gly Val Glu Val  
725 730 735

Ala Ala Val Asn Gly Pro Ala Ser Thr Val Val Ser Gly Asp Arg Arg  
740 745 750

Ala Val Ala Gly Tyr Val Ala Val Cys Gln Ala Glu Gly Val Gln Ala  
755 760 765

Arg Leu Ile Pro Val Asp Tyr Ala Ser His Ser Arg His Val Glu Asp  
770 775 780

Leu Lys Gly Glu Leu Glu Arg Val Leu Ser Gly Ile Arg Pro Arg Ser  
785 790 795 800

Pro Arg Val Pro Val Cys Ser Thr Val Ala Gly Glu Gln Pro Gly Glu  
805 810 815

Pro Val Phe Asp Ala Gly Tyr Trp Phe Arg Asn Leu Arg Asn Arg Val  
820 825 830

Glu Phe Ser Ala Val Val Gly Gly Leu Leu Glu Glu Gly His Arg Arg  
835 840 845

Phe Ile Glu Val Ser Ala His Pro Val Leu Val His Ala Ile Glu Gln  
850 855 860

Thr	Ala	Glu	Ala	Ala	Asp	Arg	Ser	Val	His	Ala	Thr	Gly	Thr	Leu	Arg
865					870					875					880

Arg Gln Asp Asp Ser Pro His Arg Leu Leu Thr Ser Thr Ala Glu Ala  
885 890 895

Trp Ala His Gly Ala Thr Leu Thr Trp Asp Pro Ala Leu Pro Pro Gly  
900 905 910

His Leu Thr Thr Leu Pro Thr Tyr Pro Phe  
915 920

<210> 26  
<211> 122  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
      Oligonucleotide

<400> 26  
ctaggccggg ccggactgg agatctgcct acgtatcctt tccagggcaa gcggttctgg 60  
ctgcagccgg accgcactag tcctcggtac gagggagatg catcgagcct gagggaccgg 120  
tt 122

<210> 27  
<211> 118  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 27  
aacccgtccc tcaggctcga tgcatctccc tcgtcacgag gactagtgcg gtccggctgc 60  
agccagaacc gttgccctg gaaaggatac gtaggcagat ctaccagtcc ggcccgac 118

<210> 28  
<211> 26  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 28  
ccatatggcc gcatccgcgt cagcgt 26

<210> 29  
<211> 31  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 29  
ggcttagcggg tcctcgtccg tgccgaggtc a 31

<210> 30  
<211> 48  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 30  
aattcacatc accatcacca tcactagtag gaggtctggc catctaga

48

<210> 31  
<211> 48  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
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Oligonucleotide

<400> 31  
agcttctaga tggccagacc tcctactagt gatggtgatg gtgatgtg

48

<210> 32  
<211> 39  
<212> DNA  
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<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 32  
tggaccgcgg ccaattgcct aggcggggccg aacccggct

39

<210> 33  
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<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 33  
cctgcaggcc atcgcgacga ccgcgaccgg ttcgcc

36

<210> 34  
<211> 27  
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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 34  
ccacatatgc atgtccccgg cgaggaa

27

<210> 35  
<211> 30  
<212> DNA  
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<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 35  
ccctgtccgg agaagaggaa ggcgaggccg

30

<210> 36  
<211> 34  
<212> DNA  
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<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 36  
ccatatgtct ggagaactcg cgatttccccg cagt

34

<210> 37  
<211> 28  
<212> DNA  
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<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 37  
ggcttagcggg tcgtcgtcgt cccggctg

28

<210> 38  
<211> 37  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 38  
tacctaggcc gggccggact ggtcgacacctg ccgggtt

37

<210> 39  
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<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 39  
atgttaaccc gtcgcgcagg ctctccgtct

30

<210> 40  
<211> 32  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 40  
atgttaaccc gtcgcgcagg tgccgagcgg ac

32

<210> 41  
<211> 30  
<212> DNA  
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<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 41  
cttcttagact atgaattccc tccgcccagc

30

<210> 42  
<211> 28  
<212> DNA  
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<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 42  
taagatcttc cgacgtacgc gttccagc

28

<210> 43  
<211> 33  
<212> DNA  
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<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 43  
atgcttagcca ctgcgccgac gaatcacccgg tgg

33

<210> 44  
<211> 34  
<212> DNA  
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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 44  
tacctgaggg accggctagc gggctgtcccg cgtg

34

<210> 45  
<211> 34  
<212> DNA  
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Oligonucleotide

<400> 45  
atgctagccg ttgtgccggc tgcgggtcg gtcc

34

<210> 46  
<211> 28  
<212> DNA  
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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 46  
cgttcctgag gtcgctggcc caggcgta

28

<210> 47  
<211> 28  
<212> DNA  
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<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 47  
cgaagcttga caccgcggcg cggcgcgg

28

<210> 48  
<211> 27  
<212> DNA  
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Oligonucleotide

<400> 48  
gcgcgccaaat tgcgtgcaca tctcgat

27

<210> 49  
<211> 37  
<212> DNA  
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<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 49  
cctgcaggcc atcgcgacga ccgcgaccgg ttcgccc

37

<210> 50  
<211> 29  
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<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 50  
gtctcaagct tcggcatcag cggcaccaa

29

<210> 51  
<211> 28  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 51  
cgtgcgatat ccctgctcg cgagcgca

28

<210> 52  
<211> 32  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 52  
gatggcctgc aggctgccccg gcgggtgtgag ca

32

<210> 53  
<211> 34  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  
Oligonucleotide

<400> 53  
gccgaagctt gagaccccccgc cccggcgccgg tcgc

34